FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR16000037

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews. We did not review the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries and certain investees information disclosed in Note 13 for the sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. The balance of related investment accounted for using equity method amounted to NT\$82,552,454 thousand and NT\$72,635,970 thousand as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The comprehensive income (including share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method and share of profit (loss) and other comprehensive income of associates) amounted to NT\$6,243,961 thousand, NT\$3,942,376 thousand, NT\$8,557,317 thousand, and NT\$4,181,402 thousand for the three-month periods and the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 were reviewed by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our conclusion expressed herein is based solely on the review reports of the other independent accountants.

Except as described in the following paragraph, our reviews were made in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review consists principally of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries, investments accounted for using equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those statements reflect total assets (including investments accounted for using equity method) of



NT\$96,602,409 thousand and NT\$93,199,606 thousand, both constituting 18% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$19,647,599 thousand and NT\$14,745,684 thousand, constituting 10% and 7% of the consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively; and total operating revenues of NT\$12,567,607 thousand, NT\$12,953,572 thousand, NT\$24,496,458 thousand, and NT\$24,414,248 thousand, constituting 15%, 14%, 16%, and 14% of the consolidated operating revenue, and comprehensive income (including share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method and share of profit (loss) and other comprehensive income of associates) amounting to NT\$1,195,611 thousand, NT\$930,776 thousand, NT\$2,422,199 thousand, and NT\$1,536,145 thousand, constituting 17%, 38%, 12%, and 24% of the total comprehensive income for the three-month periods and the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Based on our reviews and the review reports of other independent accountants, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries, investments accounted for using equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent accountants, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the "Regulation Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers", and IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

rice water house coopers, Jaiwan PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

August 5, 2016

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and review report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are reviewed, not audited)

	Assets	Notes		June 30, 2016 AMOUNT		_	December 31, 201 AMOUNT	<u>5</u>		June 30, 2015 AMOUNT	
	Current assets			<u></u>		_	711100111		-	AMOUNT	%
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	38,537,895	7	\$	34,744,139	7	\$	31,609,311	6
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)		, ,	•	•	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	·	Ψ	31,005,311	Ü
	through profit or loss - current			626,926			655,811	_		654,715	_
1125	Available-for-sale financial	6(3)					,			***************************************	
	assets - current			86,394,776	17		83,428,951	16		81,285,409	15
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		7,305,622	2		6,581,909	1		8,611,604	2
1160	Notes receivable - related	7								, ,	
	parties			7,934	-		5,235	-		4,417	_
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		15,746,213	3		14,682,304	3		18,287,667	3
1180	Accounts receivable - related	7									
	parties			6,875,893	1		6,820,320	1		8,250,117	2
1200	Other receivables	7		7,085,195	1		7,845,329	2		9,972,683	2
1210	Other receivables - related	7									
	parties			11,766,986	2		9,853,312	2		14,348,070	3
130X	Inventory	6(6) and 8		37,338,130	7		40,002,037	8		43,185,831	8
1470	Other current assets	7 and 8		7,330,071	2		6,330,056	1		8,229,421	2
11 XX	Total current assets			219,015,641	42		210,949,403	41		224,439,245	43
	Non-current assets										
1523	Available-for-sale financial	6(3) and 8									
	assets - non-current			33,161,125	6		29,476,127	6		36,561,614	7
1543	Financial assets carried at cost	6(7)									
	- non-current			23,760,309	5		3,524,297	1		3,538,472	1
1550	Investments accounted for	6(8), 7 and 8									
	under equity method			98,845,319	19		113,700,148	22		109,592,826	21
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(9), 7 and 8		138,542,626	26		144,363,759	28		142,364,342	27
1780	Intangible assets			2,511	-		3,386	-		4,481	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets			1,836,360	_		2,087,690	-		2,241,069	-
1900	Other non-current assets			8,173,196	2		8,880,620	2		8,671,000	1
15XX	Total non-current assets			304,321,446	58		302,036,027	59		302,973,804	57
IXXX	Total assets		\$	523,337,087	100	\$	512,985,430	100	\$	527,413,049	100
			_								

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 are reviewed, not audited)

				June 30, 2016			December 31, 201	5		June 30, 2015	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	_	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities										
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	26,711,042	5	\$	26,672,648	5	\$	27,417,250	5
2110	Short-term notes and bills	6(10)									
	payable			2,099,471	-		2,049,364	-		2,199,533	1
2120	Financial liabilities at fair	6(11)									
	value through profit or loss -										
	current			531	-		819	_		1,395	-
2150	Notes payable			209,935	-		200,127	-		201,045	_
2170	Accounts payable			7,877,404	2		6,936,889	1		7,041,047	1
2180	Accounts payable - related	7									
	parties			11,798,819	2		12,287,595	2		14,398,827	3
2200	Other payables	6(12)		30,860,666	6		10,310,254	2		16,828,483	3
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		8,000	-		2,346,509	1		2,763,227	1
2230	Current income tax liabilities			3,080,083	1		3,174,973	1		1,948,088	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(13)(14)									
	portion			11,355,077	2		16,179,230	3		25,682,282	5
2399	Other current liabilities			2,339,963	1		2,201,285	1		1,756,751	_
21XX	Total current liabilities			96,340,991	19		82,359,693	16	_	100,237,928	19
	Non-current liabilities									<u> </u>	
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(13)		46,500,000	9		46,500,000	9		53,000,000	10
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(14)		39,007,112	7		38,774,737	8		39,769,263	8
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			575,683	_		927,239	-		709,700	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities			9,342,175	2		11,346,228	2		11,255,011	2
25XX	Total non-current					_	, ,		_		=
	liabilities			95,424,970	18		97,548,204	19		104,733,974	20
2XXX	Total liabilities			191,765,961	37		179,907,897	35	_	204,971,902	39
	Equity attributable to owners of	•					,			20 (17/11,702	
	parent										
	Share capital	6(16)									
3110	Common stock	` ,		58,611,863	11		58,611,863	11		58,611,863	11
	Capital surplus	6(17)		,,			,,			50,011,005	11
3200	Capital surplus			8,839,492	2		8,875,002	2		8,669,120	2
	Retained earnings	6(18)		- , , -	_		0,075,002	_		0,007,120	2
3310	Legal reserve	. ,		46,663,535	9		43,905,716	9		43,905,716	8
3320	Special reserve			41,927,550	8		41,927,550	8		41,927,550	8
3350	Unappropriated retained	6(26)		12,527,000	ŭ		11,721,550			11,727,550	Ü
	earnings	,		49,298,212	9		52,528,055	10		39,491,105	7
	Other equity interest	6(19)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		32,320,033	10		57,471,105	,
3400	Other equity interest	-()		73,922,567	14		77,334,641	15		81,235,367	16
3500	Treasury stocks	6(16)	(360,572)	-	,	352,309)	-	,	333,494)	10
31XX	Equity attributable to	((10)	`—	500,512)		`—			`—	333,494)	
317131	owners of the parent			278,902,647	53		202 020 510	55		272 507 227	50
36XX	Non-controlling interest			52,668,479			282,830,518	55	_	273,507,227	52
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_				50,247,015	10	_	48,933,920	9
3XXX	Total equity			331,571,126	<u>63</u>	_	333,077,533	65	_	322,441,147	<u>61</u>
	Significant contingent liabilities	9									
	and unrecognized contract										
	commitments	11									
	Significant events after the	11									
22/22/	balance sheet date			500 000 000	,		F4.0 COT 10-		_		
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	523,337,087	100	\$	512,985,430	100	\$	527,413,049	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated August 5, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

		' '	For the three-	nonth peri	For the three-month periods ended June 30 2016		For the six-m 2016	onth perio	For the six-month periods ended June 30 2016	
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT	 	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	 %	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(20) and 7 \$	81,274,530	100 \$	90,568,175	100 \$	157,074,034	100 \$	171,477,223	100
2000	Operating costs	6(6)(15)(24)(25) and 7 (66,613,495)(82)(77,409,221)(85)(131,822,623)(84)(152,125,221)((68
5900	Net operating margin	1	14,661,035	18	13,158,954	15	25,251,411	16	19,352,002	=
	Operating expenses	6(15)(24)(25) and 7								
6100	Selling expenses)	2,090,926)(2)(2,192,963)(2)(4,228,228)(3)(4,414,622)(2)
6200	General and administrative expenses	ا	1,402,502)(2)(1,411,350)(2)(2,857,753)(2)(2,715,469)(2)
0009	Total operating expenses)	3,493,428)(4)(3,604,313)(4)(7,085,981)(5)(7,130,091)(6
0069	Operating profit	1	11,167,607	4 ₁	9,554,641	=	18,165,430		12,221,911	7
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7010	Other income	6(21) and 7	398,084		523,721	1	867,374	-	896,222	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(22) (1,073,884)(1)(371,633)	-	1,550,500)(1)(597,208)	
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(23) and 7 (492,545)(1)(598,039)(1)(995,756)(1)(1,163,429)(1)
7060	Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted 6(8)	d 6(8)								
	for under equity method	ì	6,351,315	∞ 	6,140,965	7	8,961,721	9	6,423,581	4
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses	ı	5,182,970	9	5,695,014	ا او	7,282,839	5	5,559,166	3
7900	Profit before income tax		16,350,577	20	15,249,655	17	25,448,269	16	17,781,077	10
7950	Income tax expense	6(26)	2,045,445)(2)(1,774,731)(2)(3,324,000)(2)(2,249,062)(<u>-</u>
8200	Profit for the period	-	14,305,132	18 \$	13,474,924	15 \$	22,124,269	14 \$	15,532,015	6
			(Continued)							

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts) (UNAUDITED)

				For the three-month periods ended June 30 2016	month per	iods ended			For the six-r 2016	nonth perio	For the six-month periods ended June 30 2016	
	Items	Notes	` 	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	 -	, %	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income (net) Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(19)(26)										
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		\$	1.001.100)	1)(\$		991,419)(1)(\$	2.873.385)(2)(\$	2, 221, 323)	-
8362	Unrealized gain (loss) on valuation of available-for-sale		;									
0220	financial assets Share of other community has of associates and inint		_	5,985,733)(7)(7,370	7,370,469)((8)	1,220,856) (4,580,878)	(3)
0/50	ventures accounted for under equity method		\smile	438,102)(1)(2,780	2,780,391)(3)(738,208)	` -	2,563,548)	(1)
8399	Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income			155,047	 	86	98,000	' '	320,566	ŧ	234,044	'
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss		J	7,269,888)(9)(6	11,044	,044,279)(12)(2,070,171)(1)(9,131,705)	(5)
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		60	7,035,244	0	2,430,645	.645	اري احما	20,054,098	13 \$	6,400,310	4
8610	Net income attributable to: Owners of the parent		69	13,285,183	17 \$	12,202,306	,306	14 \$	20,042,129	13 \$	13,688,851	∞ -
8620	Non-controlling interest		59	14,305,132	18 8		474,924	15	22,124,269	14 \$	15,532,015	1 6
ţ	Total comprehensive income attributable to:		6	7 750 004	•		76.45	 	16 620 055	6 -	2 110 000	
8/10 8720	Owners or the parent Non-controlling interest		<u>،</u>	217,760)		~	,077,909	ري ان ج	3,424,043	11 2	3,289,318	7 2
			↔	,24	احدا	2,430,645	,645	m	7.	 ∥	0,3	4
			P P G	Betore 1ax Affe	After 1 ax	Betore Lax	Affer 1ax	 	Before 1ax Aite	Aiter lax E	Before Lax A fi	After lax
	Basic earnings per share	6(27)										
9710	Profit for the period from continuing operations		69	2.80 \$	2.45 \$	2.61	\$ 2.31	 	4.36 \$	3.79 \$	3.04	2.66
9720	Non-controlling interests			0.27) (0.18)	0.30)	(0.22)	 2 2	0.57) (0.36)	0.45) (0.32)
9750	Profit attributable to common shareholders of the parent		4	2.53 \$	2.27	2.31	\$ 2.09	<u>چ</u>	3.79 \$	3.43 \$	2.59 \$	2.34
	Assuming shares held by subsidiary are not deemed as treasury stock:	ssury stock :								r		
	Profit for the period from continuing operations		↔	2.79 \$	2.44 \$	2.60	\$ 2.30	\$	4.34 \$	3.77 \$	3.03 \$	2.65
	Non-controlling interests			0.27) (0.17) (0.29)	(0.22)	2) (0.56) (0.35) (0.45) (0.31)
	Profit attributable to common shareholders of the parent		643	2.52 \$	2.27 \$	2.31	\$ 2.08	&÷ 0∞	3.78 \$	3.42 \$	2.58 \$	2.34

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated August 5, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

		Total equity	\$ 323,300,100	(7,033,423)	(1,081)	3.376	(228,797)	662 15,532,015	$(\frac{9,131,705}{\$322,441,147})$
		Non-controlling interest	\$ 45,869,920		,	2,817	(228,797)	662 1,843,164	1,446,154
		Total	2,622) (\$332,413) \$277,430,180	7,033,423)	(1,081)	559	•	13,688,851	\$ 273,507,227
		Treasury	(\$332,413)		(1,081)	,	•	' 1	(\$333,494)
		Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges			,	,	•		33,704
	Other Equity Interest	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	\$ 87,580,223 (\$,	,		(9,141,789) \$ 78,438,434
vners of the parent)	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	\$ 4,235,625	, ,	,	,	,		(1,469,774) \$2,765,851
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		Unappropriated retained earnings	\$ 33,888,706	(1,053,029) (7,033,423)	•	ı	•	13,688,851	\$ 39,491,105
Eq	Retained Earnings	Special reserve	\$ 41,927,550		,	(•	1 1	\$ 41,927,550
		Legal reserve	\$ 42,852.687	1,053,029	•		•		\$ 43,905,716
		Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	\$8,668,561		•	559	•		\$ 8,669,120
		Share capital - common stock	\$ 58,611,863		,	•	•	1 1	\$ 58,611,863
		Notes	6(18)	;	6 (16)	St 1s	70		
			For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 Balance at January 1, 2015 Appropriations of 2014	Legal reserve Cash dividends	Stocks of the parent company purchased by the subsidiary and recognised as treasury stock	Difference between proceeds on acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its carrying amount	Cash dividends paid by consolidated subsidiaries	Adjustment in non- controlling interest Profit for the period	Other comprehensive (10ss) income for the period Balance at June 30, 2015

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

					Eq. Refained Farmings	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	wners of the parent	t Other Fauity Interest	ļ.				
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for- sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges	Treasury	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016 Balance at January 1, 2016 Appropriations of 2015	6(18)	\$ 58.611,863	\$ 8,875,002	\$ 43,905,716	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 52,528,055	\$ 4,649,520	\$ 72,615,548	\$ 69,573	(\$352,309)	(\$352,309) \$ 282,830,518	\$ 50,247,015	\$ 333,077,533
cantings Legal reserve Cash dividends				2,757.819		(20,757,819)			. ,	, ,	- 10 514 153)		- 20 514 153)
Stocks of the parent company purchased by the subsidiary and reognised as treasury	6(16)									, 6,95	-		
Stock Difference between proceeds on acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its		•	•		•	•	•	•	,	(507 '0)	٠		
Changes in the net interest of associates recognised under the equity method			35,510)	•		, ,	, ,	, .		, ,	. 35,510)	(00,400)	(35,510)
Cash dividends paid by consolidated subsidiaries Profit for the period		. •	1 1	1 1		20,042,129	1 (1 •	1 •		20,042,129	(943,143) 2,082,140	(943,143) 22,124,269
Other comprehensive (1038) income for the period Balance at June 30, 2016		\$ 58,611,863	\$ 8,839,492	\$ 46,663,535	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 49,298,212	\$ 2,582,450 \\	(1,313,400) \$ 71,302,148	(<u>31,604</u>) \$ 37,969	(\$360,572)	(<u>3,412,074</u>) <u>\$ 278,902,647</u>	1,341,903 \$ 52,668,479	$(\frac{2.070.171}{\$ 331.571.126})$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. See review report of independent accountants dated August 5, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

(OIVAO)	DITED)	Eo.	4la a aise	_:	- 1 1 7 20
	Notes	FOI	the six-month pe	rioas	2015
	1.000	<u> </u>	2010		2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	25,448,269	\$	17,781,077
Adjustments		*	25,110,207	Ψ	17,701,077
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation	6(9)(24)		8,199,968		8,360,021
Amortization	6(24)		1,839,914		1,710,723
Reversal of bad debts expense	6(5)	(127)		2,748)
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(2)(11)(22)	`	12, ,	`	2,710)
through profit or loss	• / / / /	(1,774)	1	4,665)
Gain from price recovery	6(6)	ì	317,480)		1,536,613)
Impairment loss on financial assets	6(7)	`	207,066	`	1,550,015 /
Interest expense	6(23)		995,756		1,163,429
Interest income	6(21)	(176,774)	(222,860)
Dividend income	6(21)	Ò	5,395)		3,225)
Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for	-()	•	5,575)	`	3,223)
under the equity method		(8,961,721)	(6,423,581)
(Gain) loss on disposal and scrap of property, plant and	6(22)	•	0,701,721)	•	0,725,561)
equipment	3()	(3,432)		232,668
Gain on disposal of investments	6(22)	ì	34,951)		63,061)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	-()	•	54,551)	•	05,001)
Changes in operating assets					
Notes receivable		(723,713)		2,506,641
Notes receivable - related parties		ì	2,699)	1	1,674)
Accounts receivable		(1,063,782)	`	686,897
Accounts receivable - related parties		ì	55,573)	(1,458,034)
Other receivables		`	936,833	•	215,811
Inventories			3,051,976		7,298,876
Other current assets		(1,000,015)		3,139,574
Other non-current assets		`	363,556		515,086
Changes in operating liabilities			303,330		313,000
Notes payable			9,808	(4,522)
Accounts payable			940,515	(627,926)
Accounts payable - related parties		(488,776)	`	72,915
Other payables		(147,222)	1	824,559)
Other current liabilities		•	138,678	7	8,372)
Accrued pension liabilities		(2,021,634)	7	171,686)
Cash inflow generated from operations		`	27,127,271	`—	32,330,192
Interest received			147,049		223,160
Interest paid		(875,578)	1	
Income tax paid		(3,180,582)	(1,175,420)
Dividend received		(1,850,978		1,523,190
Net cash flows from operating activities			25,069,138		
The cash home from operating activities			25,005,130		32,901,122

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (UNAUDITED)

	•	<u>For</u>	the six-month pe	riods	ended June 30
	Notes		2016		2015
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
(Increase) decrease in other receivables - related parties		(\$	1,913,674)	\$	3,799,370
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets		(5,478,021)		4,401)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial		`	-,,	`	1,101)
assets			77,796		97,671
Acquisition of financial assets measured at cost			_	(25,130)
Cash refund from capital reduction in financial assets					,,
measured at cost			10,704		-
Acquisition of investments accounted for under the equity					
method		(85,000)	(600,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under					
equity method			8,790		-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(5,752,342)	(6,522,794)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			16,425		62,525
Acquisition of intangible assets		(243)		-
Increase in non-current assets		(1,563,832)	(1,450,042)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(14,679,397)	(4,642,801)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings			38,394	(1,769,949)
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable			50,107	(149,991)
Decrease in other payables - related parties		(2,338,509)	(52,674)
Increase in long-term borrowings			8,452,698		7,496,869
Payment of long-term borrowings		(12,393,764)	(10,370,456)
Payment of bonds payable			-	(6,000,000)
Increase in other non-current liabilities			18,506		31,083
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits		(925)		50,311
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(6,173,493)	(10,764,807)
Effect of foreign exchange translations		(422,492)	(220,123)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			3,793,756		17,273,391
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			34 <u>,744</u> ,139		14,335,920
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	38,537,895	\$_	31,609,311

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation (the "Company") was founded on March 5, 1965. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred herein as the "Group") now has eight business divisions, namely First Chemical Division, Petrochemicals Division, Third Chemical Division, Plastics Division, Textile Division, First Fiber Division and its subsidiaries, Second Fiber Division, and Engineering & Construction Division. The Group's major businesses are production and sales of petrochemical products, including PTA, PS, AN, Butadiene, SM polymer, SM, benzene, toluene, p-xylene (PX) and o-xylene (OX), as well as nylon fiber, and rayon staple fiber. The Group is also engaged in spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 5, 2016.

- 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

 None.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

	Effective Date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception (amendments to	January 1, 2016
IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	
Accounting for acquisition of interests in joint operations	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IFRS 11)	
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 1)	January 1, 2016
Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	
Agriculture: bearer plants (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	January 1, 2016
Defined benefit plans: employee contributions	July 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 19R)	
Equity method in separate financial statements (amendments to IAS 27)	January 1, 2016
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 36)	
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 39)	
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014	January 1, 2016

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating results based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28, 'Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception'

The amendments clarify the following:

- (a) If the ultimate parent of the Group's intermediate parent entity is an investment entity and measures it at fair value through profit or loss, and the intermediate parent entity also meets other criteria for exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements, it is not required to present consolidated financial statements.
- (b) If a subsidiary of an investment entity that provides the investment-related services is itself an investment entity, the investment entity parent shall measure that subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss. If that subsidiary is not itself an investment entity and whose main purpose is providing investment-related services as an extension of the operations of the investment entity parent, the investment entity parent shall consolidate that subsidiary.
- (c) If an entity that is not itself an investment entity has an interest in an associate or joint venture

that is an investment entity, the entity may choose, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to the investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiaries, or to unwind the fair value measurement and instead perform a consolidation at the level of the investment entity associate or joint venture.

- B. Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure initiative'
 - This amendment clarifies the presentation of materiality, aggregation and subtotals, the framework of financial report, and the guide for accounting disclosure.
- C. Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38, 'Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation'
 - The amendments clarify that a revenue-based method of depreciation or amortization is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset, such as other inputs and processes, selling activities and changes in sales volumes and prices.
- D. Amendments to IAS 19, "Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions"

 The amendment allows contributions that are linked to service, and do not vary with the length of employee service, to be deducted from the cost of benefits earned in the period that the service is provided. Contributions that are linked to service, and vary according to the length of employee service, must be spread over the service period using the same attribution method that is applied to the benefits.
- E. Amendments to IAS 36, 'Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets'

 The amendments remove the requirement to disclose recoverable amount when a cash generating unit (CGU) contains goodwill or indefinite lived intangible assets but there has been no impairment. When a material impairment loss has been recognised or reversed for an individual asset, including goodwill, or a CGU, it is required to disclose the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU. If the recoverable amount is fair value less costs of disposal, it is required to disclose the level of the fair value hierarchy, the valuation techniques used and key assumptions.
- F. Amendments to IAS 39, 'Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting'
 The amendments state that when the parties to a derivative being designated as a hedging
 instrument agree that one or more clearing counterparties replace their original counterparty to
 become the new counterparty to each of the parties, and the novated derivative comply with all
 of the following criteria, there would be no need to discontinue hedge accounting:
 - (a) Novation to a central counterparty must happen as a consequence of laws or regulations or the introduction of laws or regulations.
 - (b) Following the novation, a central counterparty would become the new counterparty to each of the original parties to the derivative.
 - (c) Any changes to the derivative are limited to those that are necessary to effect such a replacement of the counterparty. Such changes include changes in the collateral requirements,

rights to offset receivables and payables balances, and charges levied. However, this does not include changes to the maturity, the payment dates, or the contractual cash flows.

G. IFRIC 21, 'Levies'

This interpretation addresses the accounting for a liability to pay a levy (excluding income taxes) recognised in accordance with IAS 37, 'Provisions'. An entity recognises the liability when the obligating event occurs. The fact that an entity is economically compelled to continue operating in a future period, or prepares its financial statements under the going concern principle, does not create an obligation to pay a levy that will arise from operating in the future. The interpretation also requires that an obligation to pay a levy triggered by a minimum threshold is recognised when the threshold is reached.

H. Annual improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 cycle

(a) IFRS 8, 'Operating segments'

The standard is amended to require disclosure of judgments made by management in aggregating operating segments. This amendment also clarifies that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets is required only when segment assets is provided to chief operating decision maker regularly.

(b) IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'

When issuing IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement', the IASB removed the guidance that an entity could measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at invoice amounts without discounting, when the effect of not discounting is immaterial. The amendment clarifies the deletion was made by IASB noting that paragraph 8 of IAS 8 already permits entities not to apply accounting policies set out in accordance with IFRSs when the effect of applying them is immaterial. The IASB did not intend to change the aforementioned measurement requirements, thus, entities can still apply above standard.

(c) IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures'

The standard is amended to include, as a related party, an entity (or any member of a group of which it is a part) that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity ('the management entity').

I. Annual improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 cycle

IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'

The amendment clarifies that the exception of measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities (portfolio exception) applies to all financial assets, financial liabilities and other contracts within the scope of IFRS 9 or IAS 39.

J. Annual improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 cycle

(a) IFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: Disclosures'

The amendment provides additional guidance to determine whether the terms of an arrangement to service a financial asset which has been transferred constitute continuing involvement and thus the disclosure requirement of transferred financial assets applies. Also,

this amendment clarifies that disclosure of offsetting is not required for all interim periods.

(b) IAS 19, 'Employee benefits'

The amendment clarifies that, when determining the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important, and not the country where they arise. The assessment of whether there is a deep market in high-quality corporate bonds or not is based on corporate bonds in that currency, and not corporate bonds in a particular country. Similarly, where there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds in that currency, government bonds in the relevant currency should be used.

(c) IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting'

The amendment clarifies what is meant by the reference in the standard to "information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report". The amendment further amends IAS 34 to require a cross-reference from the interim financial statements to the location of that information.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017:

	Effective Date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions (amendments to IFRS 2)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint	To be determined by
venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 15)	
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (amendments to IAS 12)	January 1, 2017

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating results based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortised cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.
- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognise 12-month expected credit losses ('ECL') or lifetime ECL (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment, interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance).
- (c) The amended general hedge accounting requirements align hedge accounting more closely with an entity's risk management strategy. Risk components of non-financial items and a group of items can be designated as hedged items. The standard relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness, removing the 80-125% bright line, and introduces the concept of 'rebalancing'; while its risk management objective remains unchanged, an entity shall rebalance the hedged item or the hedging instrument for the purpose of maintaining the hedge ratio.
- B. Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'
 - The amendments resolve a current inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28. The gain or loss resulting from a transaction that involves sales or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint ventures is recognized either in full or partially depending on the nature of the assets sold or contributed:
 - (a) If sales or contributions of assets constitute a 'business', the full gain or loss is recognized;
 - (b) If sales or contributions of assets do not constitute a 'business', the partial gain or loss is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.
- C. IFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers"
 - IFRS 15, "Revenue from contracts with customers" replaces IAS 11, "Construction Contracts", IAS 18, "Revenue" and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity

expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

- Step 1: Identify contracts with customer
- Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s)
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price.
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

D. Amendments to IFRS 15, clarifications to 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation (the promise to transfer goods or services to a customer) in a contract; determine whether a company is a principal (the provider of goods or services) or an agent (responsible for arranging for the goods or services to be provided); and determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognised at a point in time or over time. In addition to the clarifications, the amendments include two additional reliefs to reduce cost and complexity for a company when it first applies the new Standard.

E. IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognise a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

F. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

G. Amendments to IAS 12, 'Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses'

These amendments clarify the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses related to debt instruments measured at fair value, and they clarify several of the general principles underlying the accounting for deferred tax assets. The amendments clarify that a deductible temporary difference exists whenever an asset is measured at fair value and that fair value is below the asset's tax base. When an entity assesses whether taxable profits will be available against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference, it considers a deductible temporary difference in combination with all of its other deductible temporary differences unless there are tax law restrictions, and the tax deduction resulting from temporary differences is excluded from estimated future taxable profits. The amendments are effective from January 1, 2017.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standards 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus unrecognized past service cost and unrecognized actuarial losses, and less unrecognized actuarial gains and present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-

- controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business		Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	Description
The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Spinning, dyeing printing and finishing, and manufacturing synthetic fibre and rug and carpet	100.00	100.00	100.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note I)
The Company	FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Investing	100.00	100.00	100.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
The Company	FCFC International Limited (Cayman)	Investing	100.00	-	-	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note I)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Cogeneration power generation business	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Manufacturing Acetone and Synthetic Phenolic	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Investing	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)

Name of	Name of	Main business		Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	Description
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Polystyrene	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of PTA	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Manufacturing and sale of cleaner and cosmetics	88.59	88.59	88.59	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note I)
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Removal and disposal of waste	51.00	51.00	51.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 88.59% of voting rights owned company - Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. (Note 1)
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. holds more than 50% of voting rights (Note 1)

Name of	Name of	Main business		Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	Description
Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Corp. Ltd.	Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	Importing, exporting and wholesale of health food	100.00	100.00		Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Corp. Ltd. (Note 1)
The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Spinning	86.40	86.40	86.40	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note l)
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Wholesale and retail of petrochemical and plastic raw materials	50.00	50.00	50.00	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Chemistry, international trade of petrochemistry	50.00	50.00	50.00	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa BP Chemicals Corp. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp.	Production and marketing of textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton, hydropower	42.50	42.50	42.50	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Industries Corp. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)

Name of	Name of	Main business				
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	Description
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of Polyamine fabric, Polyester fabric, cotton fabric, blended fabric and tire cord fabric	37.40	37.40	37.40	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Taffeta Co. Ltd as a subsidiary.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton, hydropower	100.00	100.00	100.00	The Company and Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. hold more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Assembly, testing, model processing and research and development of various integrated circuits	65.68	65.68	65.68	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Production of cotton lun, Terylene greige cloth, coloured cloth and textured processing yarn products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Assembly, testing, model processing and research and development of various integrated circuits	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)

Name of	Name of	Main business	<u>.</u>	Ownership (%)	_	
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	Description
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Nylon and Polyamine fabric	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Sale of hi-tech performance fabric of 3XDRY, Nanosphere, Keprotec, Dynatec, Spirit and Reflex	43.00	43.00	43.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. has substantial control and thus regards Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Import and export, entrepot trade, merchandise export processing, warehousing and design and drawing of black and white and colour graphs	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffèta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of nylon and polyester filament products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of processing fabric of nylon filament knitted cloth, weaving and dyeing as well as post processing of knitted fabric	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd.	Assets Management		- .	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)

Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet

the definition of significant subsidiary.

- Note 2:Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. was dissolved since the Company merged with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. Please refer to Note 6(8)E for the details.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$52,668,479, \$50,247,015 and \$48,933,920, respectively. The information on non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

		June 30,	2016		December 3	1, 2015	
Name of	Principal place		Ownership			Ownership	
subsidiary	of business	Amount	(%)		Amount	(%)	Description
Formosa				_			
Taffeta							
Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	\$ 34,023,593	37.40	\$	33,188,742	37.40	(Note)
		_	Non-control	ling	interest		
			_		June 30,	2015	
Name of	Principal place					Ownership	
subsidiary	of business				Amount	(%)	Description
Formosa							
Taffeta							
Co., Ltd.	Taiwan			\$	33,447,572	37.40	(Note)

Note: As the Company holds more than half of the seats in the Board and hence has substantial control, the company is included in the consolidated financial statements.

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.							
		June 30, 2016				June 30, 2015		
Current assets	\$	23,428,651	\$	22,927,207	\$	22,825,179		
Non-current assets		59,958,837		57,127,848		56,652,285		
Current liabilities		12,247,696		10,609,001		13,019,830		
Non-current liabilities		13,296,064	_	13,377,324		12,289,639		
Total net assets	\$	57,843,728	<u>\$</u>	56,068,730	\$	54,167,995		

Statements of comprehensive income

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.				
		-month period ended June 30, 2016	Three	-month period ended June 30, 2015	
Revenue	\$	10,363,144	\$	11,596,003	
Profit before income tax		695,529		996,382	
Income tax expense	(186,816)	(227,343)	
Profit for the period		508,713		769,039	
Other comprehensive income				,	
(loss), net of tax	(1,958,428)		3,296,633	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(<u>\$</u>	1,449,715)	<u>\$</u>	4,065,672	
Comprehensive income attributable					
to non-controlling interest	\$	72,365	<u>\$</u>	71,276	
		Formosa Taff	eta Co.,	Ltd.	
	Six-mo	onth period ended June	Six-mo	onth period ended June	
		30, 2016		30, 2015	
Revenue	\$	20,792,739	\$	22,625,929	
Profit before income tax		1,645,652		1,777,062	
Income tax expense	(406,785)	(392,069)	
Profit for the period		1,238,867		1,384,993	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		2,860,331		3,142,171	
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	4,099,198	\$	4,527,164	
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	189,564	\$	178,761	
	Ψ	102,304	φ	1/0,/01	

Statements of cash flows

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.					
		Six-month period ended June 30, 2016	Six-month period ended June 30, 2015			
Net cash provided by (used in)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
operating activities	\$	2,733,402	\$	2,087,646		
Net cash provided by (used in)						
investing activities	(1,702,063)	(795,607)		
Net cash provided by (used in)						
financing activities	(434,315)		345,244		
Effect of exchange rates on cash						
and cash equivalents	_	30,205	_	16,955		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash						
equivalents	_	627,229	_	1,654,238		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	_	5,640,597	_	3,796,868		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of		,				
period	<u>\$</u>	6,267,826	<u>\$</u>	5,451,106		

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial

(d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or jointly controlled entity, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or jointly controlled entity after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former jointly controlled entity, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a)Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d)Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading or financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial assets held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial assets that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:
 - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
 - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
 - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in profit or loss. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

(8) Available-for-sale financial assets

- A. Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, available-for-sale financial assets are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

(9) Loans and receivables

Accounts receivable are loans and receivables originated by the entity. They are created by the

entity by selling goods or providing services to customers in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. However, short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.
- B. The criteria that the Group uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:
 - (a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
 - (b) A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
 - (c) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;
 - (d) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
 - (e) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (f) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;
 - (g) Information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technology, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and indicates that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered;
 - (h) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- C. When the Group assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment and an impairment loss has occurred, accounting for impairment is made as follows according to the category of financial assets:
 - (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognized in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an

event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognized previously. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(b) Financial assets measured at cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market return rate of similar financial asset, and is recognized in profit or loss. Impairment loss recognized for this category shall not be reversed subsequently. Impairment loss is recognized by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (less any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss, and is reclassified from 'other comprehensive income' to 'profit or loss'. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an investment in a debt instrument increases, and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, then such impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss of an investment in an equity instrument recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling

expenses.

(13) Investments accounted for using equity method /associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 per cent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are

reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Land improvements $3 \sim 15$ yearsBuildings $10 \sim 60$ yearsMachinery and equipment $5 \sim 15$ yearsTransportation equipment $3 \sim 15$ yearsOther equipment $2 \sim 15$ years

(15) Intangible assets

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances

or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading or financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:

- (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
- (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.

(20) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(21) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(22) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Any changes in the fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

(23) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit net obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- ii.Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as other equity.
- iii.Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- C. Employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal obligation or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(24) Income tax

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or

- loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual ffective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(25) Treasury shares

Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(26) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(27) Revenue recognition

- A. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account corporate tax, returns, rebates and discounts for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied.
- B. The Group offers customers price discounts. The Group estimates such discounts based on historical experience. Provisions for such liabilities are recorded when the sales are recognized. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

(28) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. The information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Financial assets—impairment of equity investments

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 39 to determine whether a financial asset-equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an equity investment is less than its cost and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of tangible assets

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgement and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilised and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of the Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

B. Realisability of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Assessment of the realisability of deferred tax assets involves critical accounting judgements and estimates of the management, including the assumptions of expected future sales revenue growth rate and profit rate, available tax credits, tax planning, etc. Any variations in global economic environment, industrial environment, and laws and regulations might cause material adjustments to deferred tax assets.

C. Calculation of net defined benefit liabilities

When calculating the present value of defined pension obligations, the Group must apply judgements and estimates to determine the actuarial assumptions on balance sheet date, including discount rates and future salary growth rate. Any changes in these assumptions could significantly impact the carrying amount of defined pension obligations.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Ju	me 30, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015	J	une 30, 2015
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	299,771	\$	67,624	\$	65,182
Checking accounts and demand deposits		9,710,806		7,306,317		14,245,872
Cash equivalents						
Time deposits		23,566,848		20,408,861		12,667,168
Bonds repurchased and commercial paper		4,960,470		6,961,337		4,631,089
	\$	38,537,895	\$	34,744,139	\$	31,609,311

- A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at balance sheet date is the carrying amount of all cash and cash equivalents.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items		June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		June 30, 2015	
Current items:							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Beneficiary certificate	\$	619,504	\$	649,854	\$	649,854	
Non-hedging derivatives		268		12		687	
		619,772		649,866		650,541	
Valuation adjustments of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		7,154		5,945		4,174	
at an intermedia profession	\$	626,926	\$	655,811	\$	654,715	

A. The Group recognized gain (loss) on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounting to \$275, (\$354), \$1,486 and \$2,015 for the three-month periods and the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transaction and contract information are as follows:

	June 3	0, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Derivative	Contract Amount (Notional Principal)		Contract Amount (Notional Principal)		
Instruments	(in thousands)	Contract Period	(in thousands)	Contract Period	
Current items: Forward exchange contracts:					
CHB	USD 2,000	2016.06~2016.07	USD 2,000	2015.12~2016.02	
			June 3	30, 2015	
			Contract Amount (Notional		
Derivative			Principal)		
Instruments	_		(in thousands)	Contract Period	
Current items:					
Forward exchange contracts:					
CHB			USD 4,000	2015.07~2015.08	
Taipei Fubon			JPY 79,110	2015.04~2015.08	
Cross currency swap					
contract					
ANZ			USD 100,000	2012.12~2015.12	

(a) Cross currency swap

The Group entered into long-term foreign exchange contracts with financial institutions to hedge cash flow risk of the floating-rate and exchange rate liability positions. However, these long-term foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(b) Forward exchange contracts

The Group entered into forward exchange contracts to buy USD and JPY to hedge exchange rate risk of Sixth naphtha cracker project from syndicated long-term borrowings. However, these forward exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(3) Available-for-sale financial assets

		June 30, 2016	De	ecember 31, 2015		June 30, 2015
Current items:						
Listed (TSE and OTC)						
stocks	\$	25,793,601	\$	25,866,696	\$	23,553,080
Unlisted stocks		825,839		825,839		825,839
Fund		4,903,800		-		-
Valuation adjustments of						
available-for-sale financial						
assets		57,163,239		59,028,119		59,198,193
		88,686,479		85,720,654		83,577,112
Less: Accumulated						
impairment	(_	2,291,703)	(2,291,703)	(_	2,291,703)
	<u>\$</u>	86,394,776	\$	83,428,951	<u>\$</u>	81,285,409
Non-current items:						
Listed (TSE and OTC)						
stocks	\$	9,418,267	\$	8,859,919	\$	11,109,919
Valuation adjustments of						
available-for-sale financial						
assets		26,355,943		23,229,293		28,064,780
		35,774,210		32,089,212		39,174,699
Less: Accumulated	,	0 (10 00 %)	,	a (10 00 a)	,	
impairment	<u> </u>	2,613,085)	`	2,613,085)	`-	2,613,085)
	<u>\$</u>	33,161,125	\$	29,476,127	\$	36,561,614

- A. The Company has sold Nan Ya Technology Corporation's shares of 1,069 thousand shares in open market in January 2015 for use as operating capital. Accordingly, the Company has recognised gain on disposal of investments of \$62,357 (recorded as other gains and losses).
- B. The Company participated in private placement of Nan Ya Technology Corp. in November 2011 amd 2012. As of December 31, 2015, the lock-up period of the equity investment in the private placement has expired. The Company has reclassified financial assets non-current amounting to \$2,250,000 as current in accordance with the Company's intention.
- C. The Group purchased the Mega Private US Dollar Money Market Funds in January, March and May 2016. The trading unit was 2,500,000 units, 4,994,157 units and 7,483,835 units and the trading amount was USD 25 million, USD 50 million and USD 75 million, respectively.
- D. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, available-for-sale financial assets pledged to banks are described in Note 8.

(4) Notes receivable, net

		June 30, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015		June 30, 2015
Notes receivable	\$	7,305,622	\$	6,581,909	\$	8,613,570
Less: allowance for bad debts					(_	1,966)
	\$	7,305,622	\$	6,581,909	\$	8,611,604
(5) Accounts receivable, net						
		June 30, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 20 <u>15</u>	_	June 30, 2015
Accounts receivable	\$	16,025,102	\$	14,962,656	\$	18,585,289
Less: allowance for bad debts	(278,889)	(280,352)	(_	297,622)
	ď	15,746,213	\$	14,682,304	Φ	18,287,667

- A. The credit quality of the Group's accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired qualify the industrial characteristics, operating scale and profit situation of the counterparty.
- B. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Jun	e 30, 2016	Decem	ber 31, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2015
Up to 30 days	\$	303,184	\$	470,200	\$	351,817
31 to 90 days		82,413		66,622		42,969
91 to 180 days		6,292		16,494		13,670
Over 181 days		5,401		5,781		7,416
	\$	397,290	\$	559,097	\$	415,872

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

C. Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

_	Six-month	period ended June 30, 2016	
7	Individual provision	Group provision	т

	Individ	dual provision	Grou	up provision		Total
At January 1	\$	156,022	\$	124,330	\$	280,352
Write-off			(127)	(127)
Effect of exchange rate		<u>-</u>	(1,336)	(1,336)
At June 30	\$	156,022	\$	122,867	<u>\$</u>	278,889

Six-month period ended June 30, 2015

	Individ	lual provision	Grou	ıp provision		Total
At January 1	\$	156,022	\$	145,290	\$	301,312
Reversal of impairment		_	(2,748)	(2,748)
Effect of exchange rate			(942)	(942)
At June 30	\$	156,022	\$	141,600	\$	297,622

D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

				June 30, 2016		
		Cost		Allowance for valuation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	11,807,922	(\$	92,081)	\$	11,715,841
Materials		5,541,483	(4,694)		5,536,789
Work in process		6,278,723	(26,255)		6,252,468
Finished goods		14,078,579	(418,649)		13,659,930
Other inventory		173,102	_			173,102
	<u>\$</u>	37,879,809	(<u>\$</u>	541,679)	<u>\$</u>	37,338,130
			D	December 31, 2015		
				Allowance for		
		Cost	_	valuation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	12,541,924	(\$	263,384)	\$	12,278,540
Materials		6,205,173	(3,151)		6,202,022
Work in process		6,708,556	(46,129)		6,662,427
Finished goods		15,220,829	(547,849)		14,672,980
Other inventory		186,068	_			186,068
	\$	40,862,550	(\$_	860,513)	<u>\$</u>	40,002,037
				June 30, 2015		
				Allowance for		
		Cost	_	valuation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	13,012,572	(\$	104,877)	\$	12,907,695
Materials		6,468,822	(4,019)		6,464,803
Work in process		7,702,806	(10,971)		7,691,835
Finished goods		16,477,477	(531,271)		15,946,206
· Other inventory		175,292	_	_		175,292
	\$	43,836,969	(\$	651,138)	\$	43,185,831

Expense and loss incurred on inventories for the three-month periods and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30							
		2016		2015				
Cost of inventories sold	\$	66,449,765	\$	77,426,827				
Gain on inventory valuation (Note)	(67,867)	(96,244)				
Idle capacity		254,097		102,342				
Others	(22,500)	(23,704)				
	\$	66,613,495	\$	77,409,221				

	For the six-month periods ended June 30							
Cost of inventories sold		2016		2015				
	\$	131,755,402	\$	153,423,351				
Gain on inventory valuation (Note)	(317,480)	(1,536,613)				
Idle capacity		395,437		283,108				
Others	(10,736)	(44,625)				
	<u>\$</u>	131,822,623	\$	152,125,221				

Note: The gain from price recovery for the three-month periods and the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 resulted from the disposal of inventory which were previously provided with allowance.

(7) Financial assets measured at cost

Items	Jur	ne 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015		
Non-current items:						
Mai Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	\$	539,260	\$ 539,260	\$ 539,260		
Formosa Plastic Corp. U.S.A		818,316	818,316	818,316		
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.		1,800	1,800	1,800		
Taiwan Aerospace Corp.		10,702	10,702	10,701		
Yi-Jih Development Corp.		3,000	3,000	3,000		
Chinese Television System Corp.		38,419	38,419	38,419		
Formosa Automobile Corp.		1,750	1,750	1,750		
Formosa Development Corp.		90,010	90,010	90,010		
Formosa Technologies Corp.		16,058	16,058	16,856		
Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.		15,000	15,000	15,000		
Formosa Ocean Group Marine Investment Corp.		856,948	856,948	856,948		
Guangyuan Investment Corp.		50,000	50,000	50,000		
Taiwan Leader Biotech Corp.		21,033	21,033	21,033		
Toa Resin Corp., Ltd.		3,000	3,000	3,000		
Shin Yun Natural Gas Corp.		3,100	3,100	3,100		
Wk Technology Fund IV Ltd.		23,813	34,517	47,897		
Syntronix Corporation		4,417	4,417	4,417		
United Performance Materials Corp.		8,400	8,400	8,400		
Association of R.O.C. in Xiamen		146	156	154		
Nan Ya Photonics Inc.		294,583	294,583	294,583		
United Biopharma, Inc.		635,828	635,828	635,828		
Formosa Lithium Iron Oxide Corp.		53,000	53,000	53,000		
Mega Growth Venture Capital Co.,Ltd.		25,000	25,000	25,000		
Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited		20,453,792				
		23,967,375	3,524,297	3,538,472		
Less: Accumulated Impairment	(207,066)	<u> </u>			
	<u>\$</u>	23,760,309	\$ 3,524,297	\$ 3,538,472		

A. According to the Group's intention, the investment in above stocks should be classified as available-for-sale financial assets. However, as these stocks are not traded in active market, and

- no sufficient industry information of companies similar to the Group's financial information can be obtained, the fair value of the investment in stocks cannot be measured reliably. Accordingly, the Group classified those stocks as 'financial assets measured at cost'.
- B. Value of the stocks mentioned above was impaired, accordingly, the Group recognised impairment loss of \$207,066, \$0, \$207,066, \$0 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- C. As of June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015, and June 30, 2015, no financial assets measured at cost held by the Group were pledged to others.

(8) Investments accounted for using equity method

	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015
7,905,850	\$ 8,353,099	\$ 8,129,416
77,313	81,090	77,621
757,096	733,803	723,576
72,034,035	64,138,149	61,991,052
10,518,419	11,324,458	10,644,918
1,929	1,861	2,230
255,455	261,493	264,376
237,292	219,427	203,392
259,008	261,178	264,743
-	5,400,384	5,102,376
360,237	369,090	368,081
285,700	549,701	821,756
4,230,439	4,387,101	4,348,254
275,069	154,121	59,968
-	15,754,440	15,080,525
93,881	10,661	12,837
92,843	91,844	94,112
613,585	632,313	600,000
818,952	951,527	803,593
28 216	24.409	
		\$ 109,592,826
	77,313 757,096 72,034,035 10,518,419 1,929 255,455 237,292 259,008 360,237 285,700 4,230,439 275,069 93,881 92,843 613,585 818,952 28,216	77,313 81,090 757,096 733,803 72,034,035 64,138,149 10,518,419 11,324,458 1,929 1,861 255,455 261,493 237,292 219,427 259,008 261,178 - 5,400,384 360,237 369,090 285,700 549,701 4,230,439 4,387,101 275,069 154,121 - 15,754,440 93,881 10,661 92,843 91,844 613,585 632,313 818,952 951,527 28,216 24,408

A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associate that is material to the Group is as follows:

		Sharehole	ding ratio		
	Principal place	June 30,	December	Nature of	Method of
Company name	of business	2016	31, 2015	relationship	measurement
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	24.15%	24.15%	Investments accounted for using equity method	Equity method

	_	Shareholding ratio		
	Principal place of		Nature of	Method of
Company name	business	_June 30,	relationship	measurement
Formosa	Taiwan	24.38%	Investments	Equity method
Petrochemical			accounted	
Corp.			for using	
			equity	
			method	

(b) The summarised financial information of the associate that is material to the Group is as below:

Balance sheet

	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.										
		June 30, 2016 December 31, 2015				June 30, 2015					
Current assets	\$	265,461,324	\$	230,637,376	\$	237,673,584					
Non-current assets		181,648,315		194,830,098		199,720,372					
Current liabilities	(100,612,572)	(58,763,026) ((71,106,527)					
Non-current liabilities	(84,054,327)	(_	99,980,734) ((_	118,418,976)					
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	262,442,740	<u>\$</u>	266,723,714	<u>\$</u>	247,868,453					
Share in associate's net assets	\$	63,371,115	\$	64,413,777	\$	60,430,329					
Dividends receivable		9,202,077		-		1,974,380					
Unrealised profit from sale of upstream											
transations eliminations	(428,437)	(156,532)	(293,471)					
Net differences in share catiptal	(_	110,720)	(_	119,096)	(_	120,186)					
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	72,034,035	<u>\$</u>	64,138,149	<u>\$</u>	61,991,052					

Statement of comprehensive income

	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.									
	Thre	ee-month period	Thre	ee-month period						
	ende	d June 30, 2016	ended June 30, 2015							
Revenue	\$	140,951,994	\$	183,975,641						
Profit for the period from			-							
continuing operations		25,833,989		24,691,850						
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(1,718,721)	(10,260,199)						
Total comprehensive income	\$	24,115,268	\$	14,431,651						

	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.								
	Six-m	onth period ended	Six-m	onth period ended					
	J	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015					
Revenue	\$	265,423,672	\$	339,010,197					
Profit for the period from				. .					
continuing operations		36,281,649		25,814,777					
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(2,458,784)	(9,490,481)					
Total comprehensive income	\$	33,822,865	\$	16,324,296					

(c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$26,811,284, \$49,561,999 and \$47,601,774, respectively.

		e-month period I June 30, 2016		nonth period une 30, 2015
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$	1,926,964	\$	748,406
Other comprehensive loss-net of tax	(102,250)	(611,419)
Total comprehensive income	\$	1,824,714	\$	136,987
		onth period ended one 30, 2016		h period ended 30, 2015
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$	2,755,680	\$	1,137,834
Other comprehensive loss-net of tax	(644,585)	(909,684)
Total comprehensive income	\$	2,111,095	\$	228,150

(d)The fair value of the Group's associates which have quoted market price was as follows:

	Ju	ine 30, 2016	De	cember 31, 2015	_	June 30, 2015
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	<u>\$</u>	201,319,983	<u>\$</u>	181,303,024	\$	159,111,786

- B. Except for the financial statements of Formosa Petrochemical Corp. and Mai Liao Power Corp. which were reviewed by the Company's appointed independent accountants, the financial statements of other investees accounted for using equity method for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were not reviewed.
- C. In response to Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation's planning of shareholding, the Group has signed an agreement for the transfer of capital contribution with Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited in September 2014, whereby the Group will transfer all its capital contribution of US\$689,955 thousand in Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation as investment in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. The Group has conducted restructuring in June, 2015, transferring 14.75% of equity in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited to Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Limited as capital contribution. After reorganization, the Group now indirectly holds 19.71% of voting rights of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation through direct ownership in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. Although the shareholding ratio is less than 20%, as the Group still has significant influence over Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp., the Group accounts for Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp. using equity method. In August, 2015, Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited received cash from a capital increase. Since Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd., the Group's subsidiary, and Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp., the Group's associate, did not subscribe to the capital increase proportionately, the Group's overall ownership percentage decreased from 19.71% to 16.5%. Accordingly, capital surplus was recognized. In January 2016, the Group has transferred all its share capital of Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp. as investment in FCFC International Limited (Cayman). After reorganisation, the Group's subsidiaries, FCFC International Limited (Cayman) and Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Co., Ltd. collectively hold 15.28% of share capital of Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. As the Group has no significant influence over the subsidiaries in management decisions, the Group discontinued accounting the subsidiary using the equity method when the Group loses significant influence and reclassified the investment as financial assets at cost.
- D. In order to improve technical value and integrate related resources of biomedical industry and further develop the Group toward the high-end medical domain, the Group acquired 150 million shares of UBI Pharma Inc. at NT\$4 per share. As of June 30, 2016, the shareholding ratio is 19.83%.
- E. In order to effectively utilise Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.'s residential land of 9,206 square metres, the Group adjusted the investment structure in March 2015 by reducing capital of Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. and splitting the above land for establishing Changshu

Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd., whose 100% share ownership is held by Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. The above capital reduction, land division and establishment of a new company were completed in the first quarter of 2015. Furthermore, Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. merged with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. in July 2015, with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. as the surviving company. Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. holds 40.78% equity interest in Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd.

F. As of June 30, 2016 and 2015, equity investments pledged to banks are described in Note 8.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

	_	nd and land	_	Buildings		Machinery d equipment		ransportation	pi ec	nstruction in rogress and quipment to e inspected	_	Total
At January 1, 2016	<u>.</u>											
Cost Accumulated	\$	8,776,614	\$	44,661,550	\$	288,265,584	\$	14,794,731	\$	21,798,947	\$	378,297,426
depreciation and impairment	(171,256)	<u></u>	21,484,545)	(199,945,206)	(_	12,332,660)	_			233,933,667)
·	\$	8,605,358	\$	23,177,005	\$	88,320,378	\$	2,462,071	\$	21,798,947	\$	144,363,759
2016 Opening net						·	_				•	<u> </u>
book amount	\$	8,605,358	\$	23,177,005	\$	88,320,378	\$	2,462,071	\$	21,798,947	\$	144,363,759
Additions		-		14,465		169,019		70,143		4,618,876		4,872,503
Disposals		-	(2,333)	(5,725)	(4,935)		-	(12,993)
Reclassifications		465		691,971		9,445,476		124,389	(10,332,889)	(70,588)
Depreciation charge	(162)	(728,724)	(7,207,872)	(263,210)		-	(8,199,968)
Net exchange difference	(114)	(_	451,285)	(_	1,670,402)	(_	22,425)	_	265,861)	_	2,410,087)
Closing net book amount	\$	8,605,547	\$	22,701,099	<u>\$</u>	89,050,874	<u>\$</u>	2,366,033	\$	15,819,073	\$	138,542,626
At June 30, 2016												
Cost	\$	8,776,317	\$	44,706,532	\$	294,078,824	\$	14,733,966	\$	15,819,073	\$	378,114,712
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(170,770)	(_	22,005,433)	(_	205,027,950)	(_	12,367,933)			(_	239,572,086)
•	\$	8,605,547	\$	22,701,099	\$	89,050,874	\$	2,366,033	\$	15,819,073	\$	138,542,626
	Ψ	0,000,047	Ψ.	22,701,077	-	32,020,077	-	2,500,055	Ψ_	10,017,017	<u>~</u> _	130,312,020

									Co	nstruction in		
									pı	rogress and		
	Lan	d and land				Machinery	Tra	ansportation	ec	quipment to		
	im	provements		Buildings		d equipment		d equipment	b	e inspected		Total
At January 1, 2015						<u> </u>		- 1 - F		p	_	
Cost Accumulated	\$	8,799,458	\$	43,700,939	\$	272,058,606	\$	14,539,475	\$	26,847,662	\$	365,946,140
depreciation and impairment		171,186)	(_	20,176,718)	(_	188,508,070)	_	12,114,702)			(220,970,676)
	\$	8,628,272	\$	23,524,221	\$	83,550,536	\$	2,424,773	\$	26,847,662	\$	144,975,464
2015 Opening net												
book amount	\$	8,628,272	\$	23,524,221	\$	83,550,536	\$	2,424,773	\$	26,847,662	\$	144,975,464
Additions		14,802		1,646		163,175		142,138		7,339,176		7,660,937
Disposals		-	(102)	(290,004)	(5,087)		_	(295,193)
Reclassifications		268		1,100,256		13,727,017		84,711	(14,738,190)		174,062
Depreciation charge Net exchange	(164)) (721,729)	(7,362,548)	(275,580)		-	(8,360,021)
difference	(61	(_	354,969)	(906,579)	(8,450)	(520,848)	(_	1,790,907)
Closing net book amount	\$	8,643,117	<u>\$</u>	23,549,323	<u>\$</u>	88,881,597	\$	2,362,505	\$	18,927,800	<u>\$</u>	142,364,342
At June 30, 2015 Cost	\$	8,814,181	\$	44,299,668	\$	282,806,531	\$	14,600,278	\$	18,927,800	\$	369,448,458
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		171,064	(_	20,750,345)	(_	193,924,934)	_	12,237,773)		_	(_	227,084,116)
	\$	8,643,117	\$	23,549,323	\$	88,881,597	\$	2,362,505	\$	18,927,800	\$	142,364,342

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

	For	he three-month p	erio	ds ended June 30,	
		2016	2015		
Amount capitalized	<u>\$</u>	39,018	\$	27,740	
Interest rate	1.	1.11%~2.06%			

		For the six-month pe	erio	ls ended June 30,
		2016	2015	
Amount capitalized	<u>\$</u>	90,405	\$	114,563
Interest rate		1.11%~2.06%		0.77%~5.76%

- B. Under regulations, land may only be owned by individuals. Thus, the Group has already obtained ownership of the agricultural land for future plant expansion which was acquired by the Group under the name of a third party, and has pledged the full amount to the Company. As of June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, the pledged amount was \$824,537, \$624,637 and \$624,720, respectively.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(10) Short-term loans and short-term notes and bills payable

Type of loans		June 30, 2016	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	\$	5,145	0.36%~1.53%	None
Secured loans		3,282,526	1.43%	Note 8
Unsecured loans		23,423,371	0.69%~4.60%	None
Total short-term loans	\$	26,711,042		
Short-term notes and				
bills payable	\$	2,100,000	0.50%~0.90%	None
Short-term notes and	,	~~~\		
bills payable discount	(529)		
Net short-term notes	\$	2,099,471		
and bills payable	Φ	2,099,471		
Type of loans	De	cember 31, 2015	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	\$	6,791	1.20%~1.45%	None
Secured loans		3,201,165	1.39%~2.24%	Note 8
Unsecured loans	_	23,464,692	0.62%~4.60%	None
Total short-term loans	\$	26,672,648		
Short-term notes and				
bills payable	\$	2,050,000	0.60%~0.85%	None
Short-term notes and		,		
bills payable discount	(636)		
Net short-term notes				
and bills payable	\$	2,049,364		
Type of loans		June 30, 2015	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	 \$	23,752	1.03%	None
Secured loans	Ψ	•	1.48%~2.21%	Note 8
Unsecured loans		2,978,855		
	<u>—</u>	24,414,643	0.68%~2.21%	None
Total short-term loans	\$	27,417,250		
Short-term notes and				
bills payable	\$	2,200,000	1.00%	None
Short-term notes and	,	467)		
bills payable discount		467)		
Net short-term notes	¢	2 100 522		
and bills payable	\$	2,199,533		

(11) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Items	June	30, 2016	Decemb	per 31, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Current items:						
Non-hedging derivatives	\$	531	\$	819	\$	1,395

- A. The Group recognized net (loss) gain on valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss amounting to \$640, (\$1,076), \$288 and \$2,650 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transaction and contract information are as follows:

		June 3	0, 2016		December 31, 2015			
	Contrac	t Amount		Contrac	t Amount			
Derivative Financial	(Notional	l Principal)		(Notiona	l Principal)			
Liabilities	(In thousa	ınd dollars)	Contract Period	(In thousa	ınd dollars)	Contract Period		
Current items:								
Forward foreign exchange contracts CHB		_	_	USD	5,000	2015.11~2016.02		
Taipei Fubon	JPY	103,020	2016.06~2016.07	JPY	270,180	2015.12~2016.03		
				Contrac	June 3	0, 2015		
Derivative Financial				(Notiona	l Principal)			
Liabilities				(In thousa	and dollars)	Contract Period		
Current items:								
Forward foreign exchange contracts								
CHB				USD	5,000	2015.07~2015.08		
Taipei Fubon				USD	12,560	2015.05~2015.08		
Taipei Fubon				ЉĀ	128,000	2015.04~2015.09		

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to buy USD and JPY to hedge exchange rate risk of selling prices. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(12) Other payables

		June 30, 2016	Dec	ember 31, 2015		June 30, 2015
Dividend payable	\$	22,448,716	\$	1,469,218	\$	8,095,502
Wages payable		2,101,497		2,564,434		2,113,884
Accrued interest payable		731,830		605,761		816,239
Payables for construction project		606,088		1,485,927		2,400,523
Utilities payable		427,801		157,085		141,679
Freight payable		201,150		215,097		339,506
Others		4,343,584		3,812,732		2,921,150
	<u>\$</u>	30,860,666	\$	10,310,254	\$	16,828,483
(13) Bonds payable						
		June 30, 2016	Dec	cember 31, 2015		June 30, 2015
Bonds payable						
Domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	\$	53,000,000	\$	56,000,000	\$	60,000,000
Less: current portion	(_	6,500,000)	(9,500,000)	(_	7,000,000)

46,500,000 \$

46,500,000 \$

53,000,000

The terms of nonconvertible corporate bonds were as follows:

	Issuance	Maturity	Yield	Issued principal				
Description	date	date	<u>rate (%)</u>	amount	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	Note
2010 Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2010.7.29	2014.7.29~ 2015.7.29	1.52	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
2011 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2011.06.10	2015.6.10~ 2016.6.10	1.44	6,000,000	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2011.10.31	2015.10.31~ 2016.10.31	1.38	4,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%

	Issuance	Maturity	Yield	Issued principal				
_Description	date	date	гаte (%)	amount	June 30, 2016	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	June 30, 2015	Note
2012 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2012.7.26	2016.7.26~ 2017.7.26	1.29	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2012.7.26	2018.7.26~ 2019.7.26	1.40	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2012.12.7	2016.12.7~ 2017.12.7	1.23	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2012.12.7	2018.12.7~ 2019.12.7	1.36	3,900,000	3,900,000	3,900,000	3,900,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - C	2012.12.7	2021.12.7~ 2022.12.7	1.51	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Third issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2013.1.22	2019.1.22~ 2020.1.22	1.34	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Third issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2013.1.22	2022.1.22~ 2023.1.22	1.50	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%

Description	Issuance date	Maturity date	Yield	Issued principal amount	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	20 2015	New
2013 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2013.7.8	2017.7.8~ 2018.7.8	1.24	\$ 4,500,000		\$ 4,500,000	June 30, 2015 \$ 4,500,000	Note Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2013.7.8	2019.7.8~ 2020.7.8	1.38	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - C	2013.7.8	2022.7.8~ 2023.7.8	1.52	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2014.1.17	2025.1.17 ~ 20261.17	2.03	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
2014 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds-A	2014.7.4	2023.7.4 ~ 2024.7.4	1.81	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate								Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
bonds-B	2014.7.4	2028.7.4 ~ 2029.7.4	2.03	4,600,000	4,600,000 53,000,000	4,600,000	4,600,000 60,000,000	
Less: Current port	ion of bonds p	payable			(<u>6,500,000</u> <u>\$ 46,500,000</u>		\$ 53,000,000	

(14) Long-term bank loans and notes payable

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2016
Long-term bank loans				
Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2016 ~ Mar. 29, 2019, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.00%~1.05%	None	\$ 3,000,000
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.05%~1.12%	n	171,429
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015~Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two-year extension	LIBOR+1.25% (if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower)	Ħ	3,067,531
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014~Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred and ten million payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017 with a two-year extension	2.09%~2.18%	11	6,135,063
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.80% 3 months	17	1,840,302

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2016
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	The interest rate is 1.3% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the third year is 6.598%, and the interest accrual period is from December to March)	None	\$ 925,072
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.75% 3 months	11	2,227,734
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	The interest rate is 1.75% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the second year is 6.0173%, and the interest accrual period is from October to January)	11	584,256
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014~Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after three years; interest payable quarterly	LIBOR+1.4% 3 months	11	2,582,880
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan.1, 2016~Jan.1, 2019, principal payable quarterly after 27 months	LIBOR+1.1% 3 months	п	624,666
Hua Nan Bank	Mar. 15, 2016 ~ Mar. 15, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.15%	11	1,500,000
Sino Pac Bank	May. 16, 2016 ~ May. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.22%	11	300,000

	20110 Wing			
	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2016
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.10%	None	\$ 500,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2015 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.06%		1,500,000
First Commercial Bank	May. 16, 2016 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.11%	11	500,000
Mizuho Corporate Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.08%	Ħ	900,000
E. Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	11	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	11	500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.06%	11	500,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jan. 11, 2016 -Jan. 11, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.07%	(I	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 2, 2015 ~ Dec. 1, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	п	200,000
HSBC	Dec. 21, 2015 ~ Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.15%	Π	1,500,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	Jun	e 30, 2016
Secured loans					<u> </u>
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.63%	Land	\$	12,100,000
Hua Nan Bank China Trust Bank ANZ	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.6%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co,. Ltd.		605,413
Non-financial sector borrowings					
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable annually	0.86%~1.01%	None		
					97,843
					43,862,189
Less: Current portion	n of long-term loans			(4,855,077)
				\$	39,007,112

T. 01	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	<u>December 31, 2015</u>
Long-term bank loans Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2013 ~ Mar. 29, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.11%~1.15%	None	\$ 4,000,000
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015~Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two-year extension	LIBOR+1.25% (if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower)	17	2,119,239
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014~Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred and ten million, payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017 with a two-year extension	1.77%~2.08%	"	6,270,058
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014~Oct. 21, 2017, principal payable semi-annually after three years; interest payable quarterly	LIBOR+1.4% 3 months	u	2,645,280

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan.1, 2016~Jan.1, 2019, principal payable quarterly after 27 months	LIBOR+1.10% 3 months	None	\$ 639,757
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.18%~1.20%	tt.	228,571
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jan. 31, 2011 ~ Jan. 29, 2016, principal payable semi-annually	0.85%~1.30%	н	509,217
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.80% 3 months	II	2,513,016
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	The interest rate is 1.3% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the third year is	и	967,497
		6.598%, and the interest accrual period is from December to March)		
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.75% 3 months	11	2,281,554
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	The interest rate is 1.75% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the second year is		
·		6.0173%, and the interest accrual period is from October to January)	II	611,051

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Hua Nan Bank	Jan. 15, 2015 ~ Jan. 15, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.26%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Dec. 21, 2015 - Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.34%	и	1,500,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2015 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.13%	11	1,500,000
Mizuho Corporate Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.13%	11	900,000
E. Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.26%	17	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	11	500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.12%	н	500,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jan. 11, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	IT	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 2, 2015 ~ Dec. 1, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.27%	11	200,000
HSBC	Dec. 21, 2015 ~ Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.20%	11	900,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.17%	u	500,000

	Donowing				
	period/repayment	Interest			
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	Decen	nber 31, 2015
Secured loans					
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semiannually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.63%~1.65%	Land	\$	12,100,000
Hua Nan Bank China Trust Bank ANZ	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.6%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co,. Ltd.		483,364
Non-financial sector borrowings					
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable annually	1.07%	None		
	payaore annuany				85,363
					45,453,967
Less: Current portio	n of long-term loans			(6,679,230)
				\$	38,774,737

	period/repayment	Interest			
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	_ <u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2015
Long-term bank loans					
Unsecured loans					
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2013 ~ Mar. 29, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.14%~1.15%	None	\$	4,000,000
ANZ Bank	Dec. 28, 2012 ~ Dec. 28, 2015, payable at maturity date; interest payable quarterly	1.22%~1.25%	II.		2,905,000
Taiwan Bank	Aug. 10, 2012 ~ Nov. 13, 2017, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.45%~1.47%	11		1,500,000
Taiwan Bank	Aug. 14, 2013 ~ Jun. 5, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.31%	11		2,000,000
China Development Industrial Bank	Sep. 17, 2013 ~ Jan. 22, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.37%~1.44%	п		700,000

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2015
E. Sun Bank	Jun. 27, 2013 ~ Jun. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.4%-1.49%	None	\$ 400,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Aug. 20, 2013 ~ Aug. 20, 2015, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.40%	п	1,000,000
Far Eastern International Bank	Feb. 7, 2012 ~ Jan. 7, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.27%~1.36%	II	950,000
Union Bank of Taiwan	Nov. 7, 2012 ~ Oct. 7, 2017, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.28%	11	950,000
Jih Sun Bank	Jul. 19, 2013 ~ Oct. 6, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.35%	11	200,000

	noriod/renerment	Tutawaat		
Type of loans	period/repayment term	Interest	Callataral	True 20, 2015
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Dec. 27, 2013 ~ Jun. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	rate range 1.46%~1.48%	<u>Collateral</u> None	June 30, 2015 \$ 200,000
Taiwan	Dec. 27, 2013 ~ Jun. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.37%	11	100,000
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi- annually	1.19%~1.20%	н	285,714
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Aug. 14, 2013 ~ Aug. 14, 2015, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.23%	Ħ	300,000
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Aug. 27, 2014 ~ Aug. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.23%~1.37%	11	1,000,000
Yuanta Commercial Bank		1.30%	11	150,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jan. 31, 2011 ~ Jan. 29, 2016, principal payable semiannually	0.85%~0.9%	11	956,956
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.36%~1.58%	п	2,951,650

Type of loans	period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	June 30,	2015
Taiwan Cooperative Bank		3.95%~5.76%	None	\$	965,601
	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	1.36%~1.5%	11	2	2,143,830
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	5.71%~5.91%	n		609,853
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	1.66%~1.68%	u	2	2,485,600
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014 ~ Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million, principal payable semi-annually after Mar. 16, 2017; oversea: one hundred ten million, payable semi-annually after Mar. 16, 2017 with two years extension	domestic:LIBOR+ 1.55% oversea: LIBOR+1.45% and TAIFX+0.4% higher	n	2	4,286,909

Type of loans	period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2015
Hua Nan Bank	Jan. 15, 2014 ~ Jan. 15, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.28%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jul. 21, 2014 ~ Jul. 21, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.35%	U	1,200,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2013 ~ Sep. 16, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.27%	n	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 9, 2014 ~ Dec. 9, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.32%	11	200,000
HSBC	Dec. 23, 2014 ~ Dec. 23, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.23%	11	1,500,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Aug. 20, 2013 ~ Aug. 20, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.31%~1.32%	11	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2014 ~ Sep. 25, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.34%	n	500,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jan. 11, 2015 ~ Jan. 11, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.29%	11	1,500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 ~ Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.27%	11	500,000

Borrowing

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term_	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2015
Secured loans				
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.65%~1.67%	Land	\$ 12,100,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Aug. 31, 2006 ~ Aug. 31, 2016, principal payable semi-annually	1.55%~1.57%	Machinery and equipment acquired for the Sixth naphtha cracker project	3,053,070
Taipei Fubon Bank	Mar. 26, 2014 ~ Mar. 26, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable	1.4%~1.45%	Land and factories	2,700,000
Hua Nan Bank	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.6%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co,. Ltd.	461,002
Taiwan Business Bank	Apr. 15, 2006 ~ Jan. 15, 2021, principal payable in equal quarterly amortizations	1.74%	Land	4,715
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan. 18, 2007 ~ Dec. 18, 2021, principal payable in equal monthly	1.82%	Factories and buildings	42,255
Taiwan Business Bank	Apr. 15, 2006 ~ Jan. 15, 2021, principal payable quarterly	1.56%	Land	38,180

	Borrowing				
Type of loans	period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	Jı	ıne 30, 2015
Taiwan Business Bank	Apr. 15, 2006 ~ Jan. 15, 2016, principal payable quarterly	1.56%	Land	\$	6,420
Non-financial sector borrowings					
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable	1.03%~1.07%	Equipment		
	annually				104,790
					58,451,545
Less: Current portion	n of long-term loans			(18,682,282)
				\$	39,769,263

- A. The collaterals for long-term bank loans are described in Note 8.
- B. In order to finance the construction of the Sixth Naphtha four expansion plan and the related factories, the Group obtained a syndicated loan with Bank of Communications as the lead bank. Due to the expansion of the six Naphtha Cracker project, the Group re-entered into the long-term loan agreement with the banks on May 15, 2006. The details were as follows:
 - (a)Total credit line: \$16,636,000
 - (b)Interest rate: 90-day secondary market in Taiwan issued commercial paper rate plus the average price of 0.60% interest per annum
 - (c)Period: 7~10 years
 - (d)Collateral: Property, plant and equipment acquired from the proceeds of the loan were pledged as collateral.

The Group is required to meet certain financial covenants, namely liability ratio (liabilities/net equity) of less than 150% and current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) of above 120% at the end of each year. In the event the Group fails to meet the required covenants, a capital increase has to be completed by June of the following year.

The Group repaid the loan on December 31, 2015.

- C. The Group has signed contracts for syndicated loans with Mega Bank and others on November 14, 2013 to finance plant construction for Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp. Information as follows:
 - (a)Total credit line: \$12,100,000
 - (b)Interest rate: Based on the agreement with the banks
 - (c)Period: 7 years
 - (d)Collateral: Land in Six Naphtha Cracking Plant, Mailiao Township, Yunlin County

The Group is required to meet certain financial covenants, namely liability ratio (liabilities/net equity) of less than 150% and current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) of above 100% at the end of each year. In the event the Group fails to meet the required covenants, a capital increase has to be completed by June of the following year.

D. Formosa Industries Corp.'s long-term borrowing from banks is for the plant construction. The borrowing is guaranteed by Nan Ya Plastics Corp.'s drawn note of \$5,620,571.

(15) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee.
 - (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$79,101 \$94,763, \$158,166 and \$181,461 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
 - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2017 are \$367,686.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The Company's mainland subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was all 14%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
 - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$67,842, \$81,281,

\$152,699 and \$169,931, respectively.

(16) Capital stock

- A. As of June 30, 2016, the Company's authorized and paid-in capital was \$58,611,863, and total issued stocks was 5,861,186 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. Changes in the treasury stocks for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 are set forth below:

		For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016					
Reason for		Beginning			Ending		
reacquisition	Subsidiary	shares	Additions	Disposal	shares		
Parent company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified from	Formosa Taffeta Co.	11,219,610	-	-	11,219,610		
long-term investment to treasury stock	Formosa Advanced	7,037,000	279,000	. <u> </u>	7,316,000		
		18,256,610	279,000		18,535,610		
		For the	six-month perio	d ended June 30	, 2015		
Reason for		Beginning			Ending		
reacquisition	_ Subsidiary	shares	Additions	Disposal	shares		
Parent company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified from long-term investment to treasury	Formosa Taffeta Co.	11,219,610	-	-	11,219,610		
stock	Formosa Advanced						
	Technologies Co.	5,582,000	70,000	-	5,652,000		
		16,801,610	70,000	<u> </u>	16,871,610		

- E. The market value of treasury stocks was \$81 and \$74.2 (in dollars) per share at June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- D. The above treasury stocks of the parent company were purchased by subsidiaries.

(17) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Group has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

		_	For the six-m	onth period ended June 3	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016							
	Share premium	Conversion premium of corporate bonds	Treasury share transactions	Effect from net stockholding of associates recognised using equity method	Difference between stock price and book value for disposal of subsidiaries		Others					
At January 1, 2016	\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 138,407	\$ 298,338	\$ 9,447	\$	204,224					
Effect from disposal of net stockholding of associates recognised under the equity method				(35,510)			_					
At June 30, 2016	\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 138,407	\$ 262,828	\$ 9,447	\$	204,224					
		117.00	For the six-m	onth period ended June 3	0, 2015							
		Conversion		Effect from net	Difference between							
		premium of	Treasury	stockholding of	stock price and book							
	Share	corporate	share	associates recognised	value for disposal of							
	premium	bonds	transactions	using equity method	subsidiaries		Others					
At January 1, 2015	\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 131,706	\$ 98,598	\$ 9,447	\$	204,224					
Difference between acquisition or disposal price and book value of subsidiaries'												

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

10,006

204,224

98,598 \$

(18) Retained earnings

At June 30, 2015

A. Under the Group's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The remaining balance is to be set aside as special reserve if necessary; and distributed to shareholders as interest on capital. The remaining balance for current year, after allocating for interest on capital, shall be accumulated with remaining balance of previous year. Bonus distributed shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders.

\$ 2,710,554 \$ 5,514,032 \$ 131,706 \$

The special reserve includes:

- (a) Reserve for a special purpose;
- (b)Investment income recognized under equity method and deferred income tax assets arising from unused investment tax credits which are deemed unrealized and transferred to special reserve. Such investment income and deferred income tax assets are reclassified to unappropriated earnings only when they are realized;
- (c)Net unrealized gains from financial instruments transactions. The special reserve for unrealized gains from financial instruments is reduced when the accumulated value of the unrealized gains also decreases; and

- (d)Other special reserves as stipulated by other laws.
 - The board of directors of the Company has approved the amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company on December 24, 2015, and the amended articles will be resolved in the shareholders' meeting in 2016.
- B. The Group is in the mature stage and the profit is stable. The Board of Directors shall establish the cash dividend or stock dividend percentage. At least 50% of the distributable earnings after deducting the legal reserve, directors' and supervisors' remuneration, employee bonus and special reserves shall be distributed to stockholders. The Group would prefer cash dividend. If the Group requires funds for significant investments or needs to improve its financial structure, part of the dividend will be in the form of stocks which shall not exceed 50% of the total dividends.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Group's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Group shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. The appropriations of 2015 and 2014 earnings had been resolved at the stockholders' meeting on June 7, 2016 and June 16, 2015, respectively. Details are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,								
	 201	5			2014				
	Amount		Dividends per share (in dollars)		Amount	pe	vidends r share dollars)		
Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	\$ 2,757,819 - 20,514,153 23,271,972	\$	3.50	\$ <u>\$</u>	1,053,029 7,033,423 8,086,452	\$	1.20		

Information about the appropriation of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Group as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

F. Information relating to employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration is summarized in Note 6 (25).

(19) Other equity items

	_Hedg	ing reserve		Available-for-sale investment				Currency translation		Total
At January 1, 2016	\$	69,573	\$	72,615,548	\$	4,649,520	\$	77,334,641		
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:		,		,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
-Group		-	(818,562)		-	(818,562)		
-Associates		_	(494,838)		-	(494,838)		
Cash flow hedges:							•	•		
-Associates	(31,604)		-		-	(31,604)		
Currency translation differences:	•	- 1,00						31,001)		
-Group		-		-	(2,175,870)	(2,175,870)		
-Tax of parent Group		_		-		320,566		320,566		
-Associates				-	(211,766)	(211,766)		
At June 30, 2016	\$	37,969	\$	71,302,148	\$	2,582,450	\$	73,922,567		
	_ He	dging reserve		vailable-for-sale investment	e 	Currency translation	- <u>-</u>	Total		
At January 1, 2015	(\$	2,62	2) \$	87,580,22	3 \$	4,235,62	5 \$	91,813,226		
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:										
-Group			- (6,726,94	0)		- (6,726,940)		
-Associates			- (2,414,84	9)		- (2,414,849)		
Cash flow hedges:			·		•		`	, , ,		
-Associates		33,70	4		-		-	33,704		
Currency translation		,						77,77		
differences:										
–Group			_		- (1,521,41	5) (1,521,415)		
-Tax of parent Group			-		-	234,04		234,044		
Associates			_		- (182,40		182,403)		
At June 30, 2015	\$	31,08	2 \$	78,438,43	_ `_ <u>4 </u>	2,765,85		81,235,367		

(20) Operating revenue

· /	_For	the three-month j	period	s ended June 30,
		2016	_	2015
Sales revenue	\$	81,097,149	\$	90,299,360
Service revenue		107,076		158,766
Other operating revenue		70,305		110,049
	\$	81,274,530	\$	90,568,175
	Fo	r the six-month p	eriods	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		2016		2015
Sales revenue	\$	156,669,409	\$	170,996,152
Service revenue		245,528		306,544
Other operating revenue		159,097		174,527
	<u>\$</u>	157,074,034	\$	171,477,223
(21) Other income				
	For	the three-month	period	
		2016		2015
Rental revenue Interest income:	\$	35,391	\$	116,336
Interest income from bank deposits		58,029		50,244
Interest from current account with others		31,024		57,428
Other interest income		2,329		13,556
		91,382		121,228
Dividend income		5,395		319
Other revenue		265,916		285,838
	<u>\$</u>	398,084	<u>\$</u>	523,721
]	For the six-month	perio	ds ended June 30,
		2016		2015
Rental revenue	\$	70,495	\$	233,974
Interest income:				
Interest income from bank deposits		106,554		81,384
Interest from current account with others		64,085		117,529
Other interest income		6,135		23,947
		176,774		222,860
Dividend income		5,395	-	3,225
Other revenue		614,710		436,163
	\$	867,374	\$	896,222

(22) Other gains and losses

Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss S 275 S 354 Net gain (loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss G 640 1,076 Net currency exchange loss 790,497 56,578 Gain on disposal of investments 23,135 147		For t	he three-month p	eriod	s ended June 30,
through profit or loss Net gain (loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net currency exchange loss Gain on disposal of investments Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Cher losses Retarroll for loss Other losses Retarroll financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net currency exchange loss Net currency exchange loss (1,139,633) (20,277, Gain on disposal of investments Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (207,066) Other losses (21,39,633) (20,277, Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (207,066) Other losses (243,958) (5151,989, (3,1,550,500) (\$597,208, (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans S28,7628 S32,205 Corporate bonds Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount Clerent account with others 2,202 18,430 Current interest expenses 12,245 11,400 S31,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets (39,018) (27,740			2016		2015
Net gain (loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (790,497) (56,578) (30 in on disposal of investments 23,135 147	Net gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
through profit or loss Net currency exchange loss Gain on disposal of investments Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment through profit or loss Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on disposal of investments Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (1,139,633) (280,277) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (221,050) Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (2243,958) (151,989) (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 Cate (207,066) (207,066) Cate (207	Q 1	\$	275	(\$	354)
Net currency exchange loss		•			
Gain on disposal of investments 23,135 147 Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (11,635) (231,094) Impairment loss (207,066) (38,736) (32,678) Other losses 88,736) (32,678) For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 1,486 \$ 2,015 Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 288 2,650 Net currency exchange loss (1,139,633) (280,277) Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 63,061 Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 3,432 (232,668) Impairment loss (207,066) Other losses (243,958) (151,989) (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 (243,958) (244,159) 250,793 Current account with others 2,202	- -			(1,076)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (11,635) (231,094) Impairment loss		(790,497)	(56,578)
Cquipment (-		23,135		147
Impairment loss					
Other losses (\$8,736) 82,678) For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2016 2015 Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss \$1,486 \$2,015 Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 288 2,650 Net currency exchange loss (\$1,139,633) 280,277 2650 Net currency exchange loss (\$1,139,633) 280,277 2670 Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 63,061 63		((231,094)
Section Sect		(,		-
For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2015	Other losses	(88,736)	(82,678)
2016 2015		(\$	1,073,884)	<u>(\$</u>	371,633)
2016 2015					
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss \$ 1,486 \$ 2,015		For		eriods	
through profit or loss Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Net currency exchange loss Net currency exchange loss (1,139,633) (280,277) Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 63,061 Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (207,066) Other losses (243,958) (151,989) (\$1,550,500) (\$597,208) (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 Corporate bonds Current account with others Discount Discount Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 1531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets (238, 288 2,650 (1,139,633) (280,277) (230,688) (231,150,630) (30,688) (232,668) (232,668) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (233,432) (232,68) (2	Not gain an financial agests at fair value		2010		
Net gain on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 288 2,650 Net currency exchange loss (1,139,633) (280,277) Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 63,061 Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss (207,066) - Other losses (243,958) (151,989) (\$ 1,550,500) (\$ 597,208) (23) Finance costs	•	•	1 196	•	2.015
through profit or loss 288 2,650 Net currency exchange loss (1,139,633) (280,277) Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 63,061 Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 3,432 (232,668) 232,668) Impairment loss (207,066) - Other losses (243,958) 151,989 (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans \$ 287,628 \$ 332,205 Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018 27,740	- -	Φ	1,400	φ	2,013
Net currency exchange loss (1,139,633) (280,277) Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 (33,061) Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 3,432 (232,668) Impairment loss (207,066) (5-243,958) - Other losses (243,958) (151,989) (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans \$ 287,628 (332,205) Corporate bonds 214,159 (250,793) Current account with others 2,202 (18,430) Discount 15,329 (12,951) Other interest expenses 12,245 (11,400) Christiatisation of qualifying assets 39,018 (27,740)			288		2 650
Gain on disposal of investments 34,951 63,061 Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 3,432 (232,668) Impairment loss (207,066) - Other losses (243,958) (151,989) (\$ 1,550,500) (\$ 597,208) For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans \$ 287,628 \$ 332,205 Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018 (27,740)	~ ·	(. (•
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 3,432 (232,668) Impairment loss (207,066)	·	(•	
Sample S	•		31,531		05,001
Impairment loss			3,432	(232,668)
Other losses (243,958) (151,989) (23) Finance costs For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans \$ 287,628 \$ 332,205 Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018 (27,740)		(207.066)	i	_
(\$ 1,550,500) \$ 597,208 For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans \$ 287,628 \$ 332,205 Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018 27,740	-	(,		151.989)
		(\$			597,208)
	(23) Finance costs				
2016 2015 Interest expense: Bank loans \$ 287,628 \$ 332,205 Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets (39,018) (27,740)		For t	he three-month	period	is ended June 30,
Bank loans \$ 287,628 \$ 332,205 Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018) (27,740				•——	
Corporate bonds 214,159 250,793 Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018) (27,740	Interest expense:				
Current account with others 2,202 18,430 Discount 15,329 12,951 Other interest expenses 12,245 11,400 531,563 625,779 Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 39,018) 27,740	Bank loans	\$	287,628	\$	332,205
$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Discount} & 15,329 & 12,951 \\ \text{Other interest expenses} & 12,245 & 11,400 \\ & & 531,563 & 625,779 \\ \text{Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets} & (& 39,018) & (& 27,740) \\ \end{array}$	Corporate bonds		214,159		250,793
Other interest expenses $12,245$ $11,400$ Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets $531,563$ $625,779$ Less: capitalisation of $27,740$	Current account with others		2,202		18,430
Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 531,563 625,779 1 27,740 27,740	Discount		15,329		12,951
Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets 531,563 625,779 1 27,740 27,740	Other interest expenses	_	12,245		11,400
Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets (39,018) (27,740	-				625,779
	Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets	(_	39,018	(_	27,740)
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	492,545	\$	

	For	the six-month p	eriods e	nded June 30,
		2016		2015
Interest expense:				
Bank loans	\$	596,243	\$	692,178
Corporate bonds		431,041		501,783
Current account with others		5,161		36,931
Discount		28,927		24,776
Other interest expenses		24,789		22,324
		1,086,161		1,277,992
Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets	(90,405)		114,563)
Finance costs	\$	995,756	\$	1,163,429
(24) Expenses by nature				
	For	the three-month	periods	
		2016		2015
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	•		•	
equipment	\$	4,093,564	\$	4,219,036
Employee benefit expense		3,648,647		3,621,844
Amortisation		945,423		877,239
	\$	8,687,634	<u>\$</u>	8,718,119
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	For	the six-month p	eriods e	2015
equipment	\$	8,199,968	\$	8,360,021
Employee benefit expense		7,355,734		7,269,751
Amortisation		1,839,914		1,710,723
	\$	17,395,616	\$	17,340,495
(25) Employee benefit expense				
	For	the three-month	periods	ended June 30,
		2016		2015
Wages and salaries	\$	3,131,074	\$	3,066,671
Labor and health insurance fees		233,999		242,601
Pension costs		146,943		176,044
Other personnel expenses		136,631		136,528
-	\$	3,648,647	\$	3,621,844

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,						
		2016		2015			
Wages and salaries	\$	6,295,587	\$	6,187,858			
Labor and health insurance fees		471,193		464,451			
Pension costs		310,865		351,392			
Other personnel expenses		278,089		266,050			
	\$	7,355,734	\$	7,269,751			

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, after distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees that accounts for 0.1%-1% of the total distributed amount.

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, when distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees and pay remuneration to the directors and supervisors. However, in accordance with the Company Act amended on May 20, 2015, a company shall distribute employee remuneration, based on the current year's profit condition, in a fixed amount or a proportion of profits. If a company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be channeled to cover losses. Aforementioned employee remuneration could be paid by cash or stocks. Specifics of the compensation are to be determined in a board meeting that registers two-thirds of directors in attendance, and the resolution must receive support from half of participating members. The resolution should be reported to the shareholders during the shareholders' meeting. Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive aforementioned stock or cash may be specified in the Articles of Incorporation.

The board of directors of the Company has approved the amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company on December 24, 2015. In accordance with the amended articles, a ratio of profit before income tax of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation. The ratio shall not be lower than 0.05% and shall not be higher than 0.5% for employees' compensation. The amended articles will be resolved in the shareholders' meeting in 2016.

B.For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, employees' remuneration (bonuses) was accrued at \$18,231, \$28,933, \$22,141 and \$32,323, respectively. The aforementioned amount was recognized in salary expenses.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, the employees' compensation was estimated and accrued based on approximately 0.1% of the retained earnings.

The expenses recognised for the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 were accrued based on the net income and the percentage as prescribed by the Company's Articles of Incorporation, taking into account other factors such as legal reserve, special reserve and shareholders' dividends.

Employees' compensation for 2015 as resolved by the Board of Directors was in agreement with the amount of \$30,193 recognised in the profit or loss for 2015. Employees' compensation of 2015

has not been distributed.

Information about the appropriations of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(26) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a)Components of income tax expense:

Origination and reversal of temporary

differences

Total deferred tax

Income tax expense

For t	he three-month j	periods	ended June 30,
	2016		2015
\$	1,506,061	\$	1,369,436
	390,244		328,095
(159,246)		5,869
	1,737,059		1,703,400
	12,168		3,869
			,
	296,218		67,462
	308,386		71,331
\$	2,045,445	\$	1,774,731
For	the six-month pe	eriods e	nded June 30,
	2016		2015
\$	2,862,140	\$	1,633,246
	390,244		328,095
(159,246)		5,869
	3,093,138		1,967,210
	13,677		5,533
	\$	\$ 1,506,061 390,244 (159,246) 1,737,059 12,168 296,218 308,386 \$ 2,045,445 For the six-month per 2016 \$ 2,862,140 390,244 (159,246) 3,093,138	\$ 1,506,061 \$ 390,244 (159,246)

217,185

230,862

3,324,000 \$

276,319

281,852

2,249,062

⁽b) The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

		For the thre	e-month per	riods en	ded June 30,
		2016	•		2015
Currency translation differences		\$	155,047 \$	<u> </u>	98,000
		For the six	-month peri	iods end	ed June 30,
		2016	<u> </u>		2015
Currency translation differences		\$	320,566 \$	<u> </u>	234,044
B.Unappropriated retained earnings:					,
	June 30, 2	016 <u>Dece</u>	ember 31, 20	<u> </u>	June 30, 2015
Earnings generated in and before 1997	\$ 6,19	8,462 \$	6,198,4	162 \$	6,198,462
Earnings generated in and after 1998	43,09	9,750	46,329,5	593	33,292,643
	\$ 49,29	8,212 \$	52,528,0	<u>)55 \$</u>	39,491,105
C.Information about balance of the imput	ation credit ac	count is as fo	llows:		
-	June 30, 201	6 Decem	ber 31, 201:	<u>5</u> <u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2015
Balance of the imputation credit account	\$ 4,850,	075 \$	2,397,550	<u> </u>	2,741,726
	2015 (H	Estimate)		2014 (Actual)
Creditable tax rate	12.7	76%		11.6	0%

(27) Earnings per share

A. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the earnings per share is calculated as follows:

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2016							
			Weighted average					
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per shar	Э	
	Ame	ount	outstanding		(in do	llars)		
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bef	ore tax	_ After	tax	
Basic earnings per share								
Consolidated net income	\$ 16,350,577	\$ 14,305,132		\$	2.80	\$	2.45	
Net income of non- controlling interest	(1,580,355)	(1,019,949)		(0.27)	(0.18)	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 14,770,222	\$ 13,285,183	5,842,651	\$	2.53	<u>\$</u>	2.27	
		For the the	hree-month period ended	June 3	0, 2015			
			Weighted average					
			number of					
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per shar	е	
	Am	ount	outstanding		(in de	ollars)		
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bef	ore tax_	Afte	r tax	
Basic earnings per share								
Consolidated net income	\$ 15,249,655	\$ 13,474,924		\$	2.61	\$	2.31	
Net income of non- controlling interest	(1,735,963)	(1,272,618)		(0.30)		0.22)	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	<u>\$ 13,513,692</u>	<u>\$ 12,202,306</u>	5,844,315	\$	2.31	\$	2.09	

		For the si	x-month period ended Jur	ie 30, 2	016		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per sha	ıre
	Ame	ount	outstanding		(in de	ollars)	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bef	ore tax	Aft	er tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 25,448,269	\$ 22,124,269		\$	4.36	\$	3.79
Net income of non- controlling interest	(3,307,490)	(2,082,140)			0.57)	(0.36)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 22,140,779	\$ 20,042,129	5,842,651	\$	3.79	\$	3.43
		For the	six-month period ended J	une 30,	2015		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per sha	are
	Ame	ount_	outstanding		-	ollars)	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bef	ore tax	Afi	ter tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 17,781,077	\$ 15,532,015		\$	3.04	\$	2.66
Net income of non- controlling interest	(2,652,257)	(1,843,164)		(0.45)	(0.32)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 15,128,820	\$ 13,688,851	5,844,315	\$	2.59	\$	2.34

- B. Employees' bonus could be distributed in the form of stock. Since there is no significant impact when calculating diluted earnings per share, basic earnings per share equals diluted earnings per share.
- C. If stocks of the parent company held by subsidiaries are not treated as treasury stocks, the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

		For the thr	ee-month period ended Ju	ine 30, 20	16		
			Weighted average number of				
	Amount		ordinary shares outstanding	E	per share ollars)	;	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Before tax		After	tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 16,350,577 \$	14,305,132		\$	2.79	\$	2.44
Net income of non- controlling interest	(1,580,355) (1,019,949)		(0.27)	(0.17)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	<u>\$ 14,770,222</u>	3 13,285,183	5,861,186	\$	2.52	\$	2.27

		For the th	ree-month period ended Ju	ne 30,	2015		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	-	re
	-	ount	outstanding			ollars)	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bef	ore tax	Afte	r tax
Basic earnings per share Consolidated net income	\$ 15,249,655	\$ 13,474,924		\$	2.60	\$	2.30
Net income of non- controlling interest Profit attributable to ordinary	(1,735,963)	(1,272,618)		(0.29)	(0.22)
shareholders of the parent	<u>\$ 13,513,692</u>	\$ 12,202,306	5,861,186	\$	2.31	\$	2.08
		For the si	x-month period ended Jun	e 30, 2	<u>0</u> 16		
			Weighted average				. .
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per shar	·e
	Amo	ount	outstanding	(in dollars)		llars)_	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Befo	ore tax	Afte	r tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 25,448,269	\$ 22,124,269		\$	4.34	\$	3.77
Net income of non- controlling interest	(3,307,490)	(2,082,140)		(0.56)	(0.35)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 22,140,779	\$ 20,042,129	5,861,186	\$	3.78	\$	3.43
		For the s	ix-month period ended Jun	ie 30, 2	015		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per shar	re
	-	ount	outstanding			ollars)	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bef	ore tax	Afte	er tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 17,781,077	\$ 15,532,015		\$	3.03	\$	2.65
Net income of non- controlling interest	(2,652,257)	(1,843,164)		_	0.45)	(_	0.31)
Profit attributable to ordinary	\$ 15,128,820	\$ 13,688,851	5,861,186	\$	2.58	\$	
shareholders of the parent	φ 13,120,020	<u> </u>	3,001,100	Ψ		•	2.34

(28) Non-cash transaction

1. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the six-month periods ended June				
		2016		2015	
Purchase of fixed assets Add: opening balance of payable on	\$	4,872,503	\$	7,660,937	
equipment Less: ending balance of payable on		1,485,927		1,262,380	
equipment	(606,088) (2,400,523)	
Cash paid during the period	\$	5,752,342	\$	6,522,794	
2. Financing activities with no cash flow effects					
	F	or the six-month p	eriods	ended June 30,	
		2016		2015	
Dividends payable	\$	22,448,716	\$	8,095,502	
7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS					
(1) Significant related party transactions					
A.Sales of goods:					
	For	the three-month p	eriods	ended June 30,	
		2016		2015	
Sales of goods:	•	-			
Associates	\$	4,515,368	\$	7,383,340	
 Other related parties 		12,731,550		13,323,780	
	<u>\$</u>	17,246,918	\$	20,707,120	
	Fo	r the six-month pe	eriods e	nded Tune 30	
		2016		2015	
Sales of goods:				2013	
- Associates	\$	8,845,540	\$	12,910,960	
 Other related parties 		23,140,531		23,840,048	
^	\$	31,986,071	\$	36,751,008	
	_				

The Group sells goods to related parties. Except for terms to certain related parties which are longer, prices are in agreement with prices to third parties.

B.Purchases of goods:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,				
		2016	2015		
Purchases of goods:				-	
Associates	\$	29,984,584	\$	39,913,526	
 Other related parties 		4,444,718		5,812,327	
	\$	34,429,302	\$	45,725,853	
	For	r the six-month pe	eriods e	nded June 30,	
		2016	2015		
Purchases of goods:					
Associates	\$	57,975,602	\$	73,639,312	
 Other related parties 		8,423,592		11,815,443	
	\$	66,399,194	\$	85,454,755	

The payment terms for related parties are within 30~60 days of purchase. The purchase prices and terms for related parties are the same with non-related parties.

C. Receivables from related parties:

	June 30, 2016		<u>December 31, 2015</u>		June 30, 2015	
Receivables from related parties:						-
- Associates	\$	1,879,975	\$	1,969,793	\$	2,392,371
 Other related parties 		5,003,852		4,855,762		5,862,163
		6,883,827		6,825,555		8,254,534
Other receivables:						
 Other related parties 		691,595		2,140,695		4,531,553
	\$	7,575,422	\$	8,966,250	\$	12,786,087

Receivables from related parties are mainly from sales of goods and receivables for payments on behalf of others for construction design services. Receivables for sales are due 30~120 days from the sales; receivables for payments on behalf of others for construction design services are due 270 days from the services rendered. The receivables do not bear interest and no collaterals were pledged. No provision was accrued for receivables from related party.

D. Payables to related parties:

	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		June 30, 2015	
Payables to related parties:						
Associates	\$	9,851,259	\$	10,101,907	\$	11,548,911
 Other related parties 		1,947,560		2,185,688		2,849,916
_	\$	11,798,819	\$	12,287,595	\$	14,398,827

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due 30~60 days after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

E. Expansion and repair project

(a)Expansion and repair project:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,						
	2016		2015				
Expansion and repair works of factory sites							
- Associates	\$	68,063	\$	55,798			
 Other related parties 		25,064		6,836			
	\$	93,127	\$	62,634			
	For t	he six-month pe	eriods end	ded June 30,			
		2016		2015			
Expansion and repair works of factory sites							
- Associates	\$	225,391	\$	125,681			
 Other related parties 		30,567		29,493			
	\$	255,958	\$	155,174			

(b) Ending balance of payables for expansion and repair project:

	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		June 30, 2015	
Payables to related parties:						
Associates	\$	10,010	\$	923	\$	8,298
 Other related parties 	****	11,977		306		8,163
	\$	21,987	\$	1,229	\$	16,461

The Group contracted the expansion and repair works of the factory sites to related parties. The payment terms are in accordance with the industry practice with payment due within a month after inspection.

F. Financing

(a) Loans to related parties:

(i)Ending balance of accounts receivable - related parties

	Ju	June 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		me 30, 2015
Associates	\$	3,725,500	\$	1,060,000	\$	3,610,000
Other related parties		8,041,486		8,793,312		10,738,070
	\$	11,766,986	\$	9,853,312	\$	14,348,070

(ii)Interest income

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,				
		2016		2015	
Associates	\$	1,644	\$	17,585	
Other related parties		29,356		39,833	
	\$	31,000	\$	57,418	

	For the	For the six-month periods ended J				
		2016		2015		
Associates	\$	3,349	\$	36,156		
Other related parties		60,712		81,252		
	\$	64,061	\$	117,408		

The loan terms to related parties are in accordance with the contract's repayment schedule after the loan is made; interest was collected at 1.43%~1.50% and 0.75%~1.63% per annum for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

(b) Loans from related parties:

(i)Ending balance of payables to related parties

	June 30, 2016		Dece	mber 31, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Associates	\$	8,000	\$	34,700	\$	100,200
Other related parties				2,311,809		2,663,027
	\$	8,000	\$	2,346,509	\$	2,763,227

(ii)Interest expense

	For the three-month periods ended June 30					
		2016		2015		
Associates	\$	199	\$	349		
Other related parties		46		11,186		
	\$	245	\$	11,535		
	For the	six-month pe	eriods end	led June 30,		
		2016		2015		
Associates	\$	403	\$	753		
Other related parties		2,597		36,067		
	\$	3,000	\$	36,820		

The loan terms from associates are in accordance with the contract's repayment schedule after the loan is made; interest is paid at a rate of 1.43%~3.92% and 1.63%~3.92% for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

G. Receivables for payment on behalf of others

	Jun	June 30, 2016		nber 31, 2015	June 30, 2015	
Other related parties	\$	312,659	\$	414,418	\$	111,527

The amount for equipment for resale that the Company paid on behalf of associates is recorded as other current assets.

H.Operating expenses

	For the three-month periods ended June 30					
	2016		2015			
Transportation charges						
Other related parties	\$	353,927	\$	349,639		
	For the	ne six-month pe	riods en	ded June 30,		
		2016		2015		
Transportation charges				=====		
Other related parties	\$	817,829	\$	804,693		
I.Rental revenue						
	For the	e three-month p	eriods e	nded June 30,		
		2016		2015		
Associates	\$	8,233	\$	8,959		
Other related parties		16,267		23,568		
	\$	24,500	\$	32,527		
	For the	ne six-month pe	riods en	ded June 30,		
		2016		2015		
Associates	\$	16,820	\$	19,609		
Other related parties		44,541		47,137		
	\$	61,361	\$	66,746		

The rental price charged to related parties are determined considering the local rental prices and payments, and are collected monthly.

J.Property transactions:

(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

	For the	e three-month p	eriods en	ided June 30,
		2016		2015
Purchase of property, plant and equipment				_
Associates	\$	42,724	\$	24,731
 Other related parties 				
	\$	42,724	\$	24,731
	<u>* </u>	· · ·	. 1	
	For th	ne six-month pe	eriods end	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	For th	ne six-month pe	eriods en	ded June 30,
Purchase of property, plant and equipment — Associates	For th	ne six-month pe	eriods end	ded June 30,
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ne six-month pe		ded June 30, 2015

(b) Acquisition of financial assets

								nth period
			Number of	, N	ame of the	_ en		30, 2016_ isition
		Items	shares		securities		-	istuon ost
 Associates 	Investme	nts accounted		00 Formosa				<u> </u>
71550014105		equity method	0,000,0	Corp.	Consu action	\$		85,000
	·	• •		•		<u>w</u>		<u> 02,000</u>
								onth period
						_ei	nded Jun	e 30, 2015
			Number of		ame of the		Acqu	isition
		Items	shares		securities		C	ost
 Associates 	Investme	nts accounted		- Formosa C	Group Investment			
	for using	equity method		Corp. (Car	yman) (Note)	<u>\$</u>	 .	15,080,156
							Six-mo	onth period ended
							Ju	ne 30, 2016
				Number of	Name of the	;		Acquisition
		Items	<u>s</u>	shares	securities			cost
- Associates		Investments ac for using equit		8,500,000	Formosa Construction Con	rp.	\$	85,000
Other related	parties	Financial asset measured at co	_	508,236,725	Formosa Ha Tinl (Cayman) Limite (Note)			16,084,840
 Other related 	parties	Available-for-		15,297,204	Nan Ya Technol	ogy		
		financial asset	ts		Corp.			558,348
							<u>\$</u>	16,728,188

					onth period ended one 30, 2015
	Items	Number of shares	Name of the securities		Acquisition cost
Associates	Investments accounted	-	Formosa Group	\$	15,080,156
	for using equity method		Investment Corp.		
			(Cayman)		
- Other related parties	Investments accounted for using equity method	150,000,000	UBI Asia		600,000
				<u>\$</u>	15,680,156

(c) Disposal of financial asset

Three-month period ended June 30, 2016: None.

				Three-month period	ended June 30, 2015
		Number of	Name of the	Disposal	Gain (loss) on
	Items	shares	securities	proceeds	disposal
- Associates			\$ 15,080,156	<u>\$</u>	
				Six-month period e	nded June 30, 2016
		Number of	Name of the	Disposal	Gain (loss) on
	Items	shares	securities	proceeds	disposal
- Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	508,249,225	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman) (Note)	\$ 16,085,211	<u> </u>
				Six-month period of	ended June 30, 2015
		Number of	Name of the	Disposal	Gain (loss) on
	Items	shares	securities	proceeds	disposal
- Associates	Investments accounted for using equity	-	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited (Note)	. 15.000.155	٥
	method			<u>\$ 15,080,156</u>	\$ -

Note: Details of the Group's acquisition of financial assets are provided in Note 6(8)C.

K. Details of affiliates endorsed/guaranteed for the Group's borrowings are provided in Note 6(14).

(2) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended.					
		2016		2015		
Salaries	\$	14,636	\$	10,371		
Post-employment benefits		459		340		
	\$	15,095	\$	10,711		
	For th	e six-month pe	eriods en	ded June 30,		
	<u></u>	2016		2015		
Salaries	\$	63,885	\$	45,617		
Post-employment benefits		911		759		
	\$	64,796	\$	46,376		

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

							
Pledged assets	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Dec	cember 31, 2015	J	une 30, 2015	Purpose
Long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method Property, plant and equipment	\$	12,084,120 7,247,238	\$	12,335,333 8,136,794	\$	12,286,034 9,301,140	Collateral for bank loans Collateral for bank loans
Inventory		21,264		26,798		40,287	Limited transfer for land tax reassessment and collateral
	\$	19,352,622	<u>\$</u>	20,498,925	<u>\$</u>	21,627,461	

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u> <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

The details of commitments and contingencies as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

- (1) Capital expenditures of property, plant and equipment that were contracted but not yet paid amounted to \$5,104,484 thousand, RMB298,951 thousand and VND509,830,857 thousand.
- (2)The outstanding letters of credit for major raw materials and equipment purchases amounted to USD41,942 thousand, EUR711 thousand, JPY1,532,790 thousand and CHF458 thousand.
- (3)The Group's investee under the equity method—Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp. (Ningbo) signed a syndicated loan contract with a consortium including Taiwan Cooperative Bank, for USD130 million and RMB300 million for operational needs in 2013. According to the requirement of the consortium, the Group has to offer a promissory note in accordance with its ownership percentage of 33.33% and has to manage the necessary funds to fulfill the repayment obligations when needed.
- (4)Formosa Resource Australia Pty Ltd., an investee company of the Group's investee—Formosa Resource Corp. accounted for under the equity method, needs to sign a loan with ANZ Bank for

US\$600 million for capital to invest in mineral resources. Under the loan agreement, the Group has to offer a promissory note in accordance with its ownership percentage of 25% and has to support the debtor to repay the above loan within necessary limits.

- (5)In response to capital expenditure and equipment needs in Son Duong Port & Integrated Steel Mill Complex of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation in Vietnam, the Group's investee—Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited plans to obtain credit lines for 1–5 years duration with various banks. Complying with the aforementioned borrowing needs, the Group plans to provide guarantee proportionately to shareholding ratio and the Group is liable for the borrowing company's 25% debt.
- (6) In response to capital expenditure and equipment needs in Son Duong Port & Integrated Steel Mill Complex of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation in Vietnam, Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited issued 10-year overseas corporate bonds with the ceiling of issuing amount of USD1 billion on April 14, 2015. Complying with the aforementioned overseas corporate bonds, the Group plans to provide guarantee proportionately to shareholding ratio and the Group guarantees to pay for 25% of obligation arising from the overseas corporate bonds; moreover, the Group cannot pledge additional assets in subsequent financing activities in the global capital market.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt.

The gearing ratios at June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and June 31, 2015 were as follows:

	Jī	une 30, 2016	Dec	ember 31, 2015	June 30, 2015		
Total borrowings	\$	125,672,702	\$	130,175,979	\$	148,068,328	
Less: cash and cash	,						
equivalents	(38,537,895)	(34,744,139)	(31,609,311)	
Net debt		87,134,807		95,431,840		116,459,017	
Total equity		331,571,126		333,077,533		322,441,147	
Total capital	\$	418,705,933	\$	428,509,373	\$	438,900,164	
Gearing ratio		21%		22%		27%	

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

Except those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties)), are approximate to their fair values. Because the interest rates of the long-term loans (including portion maturing within one year or one operating cycle, whichever is longer) are close to the market interest rate, thus the carrying amount is a reasonable basis for the estimation of fair value. The fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value is provided in Note 12(3).

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures (see Notes 6(2) and 6(11)).
- (b)Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Company treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Company treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a)Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities.

- ii. Management has set up a policy to manage its foreign exchange risk against its functional currency. The Group hedges its entire foreign exchange risk exposure. To manage its foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities, the Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts.
- iii. The Group hedges recognized assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies or highly expectable transactions by utilising forward exchange contracts and trading forward exchanges and cross currency swap contracts amongst other derivative financial instruments in order to lower the risk from changes in fair value resulting from fluctuations in the exchange rate. The Group also monitors the changes in the exchange rate and sets stop loss points to lower the risk from exchange rate.
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, VND and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	June 30, 2016							
	Fo	oreign Currency						
	Amo	unt (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (NTD)				
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	\$	432,016	32.29	\$ 13,949,797				
JPY: NTD		301,993	0.27	81,538				
Non-monetary items								
RMB: NTD	\$	6,321,653	4.87	\$ 30,786,450				
USD: NTD		494,283	32.29	15,960,398				
VND: NTD		7,870,685,317	0.0014	11,018,959				
JPY: NTD		181,602	0.27	49,033				
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	\$	62,132	32.29	\$ 2,006,242				
JPY: NTD		496,401	0.27	134,028				
USD: RMB		717,510	32.29	23,168,398				
USD: VND		285,000	32.29	9,202,650				

	December 31, 2015							
	F	oreign Currency						
	Amo	unt (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Bo	ok Value (NTD)			
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	\$	871,835	33.07	\$	28,831,583			
JPY: NTD		318,804	0.27		86,077			
Non-monetary items								
RMB: NTD	\$	6,306,613	5.09	\$	32,100,660			
USD: NTD		788,851	33.07		26,087,303			
VND: NTD		7,447,384,445	0.0015		11,171,077			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	\$	45,662	33.07	\$	1,510,042			
JPY: NTD		421,337	0.27		113,761			
USD: RMB		626,237	33.07		20,709,658			
USD: VND		253,300	33.07		8,376,631			
			June 30, 2015					
	Fo	reign Currency	·					
		unt (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate		Book Value (NTD)			
Financial assets					-			
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	\$	10,923,688	31.	07	\$ 339,398,986			
JPY: NTD		381,881	0.	.25	95,470			
Non-monetary items								
RMB: NTD	\$	7,094,421	5.	.08	\$ 36,054,642			
USD: NTD		694,111	31.	.07	21,566,029			
VND: NTD		7,282,743,884	0.00	14	10,370,627			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	\$	152,562	31	.07	\$ 4,740,101			
JPY: NTD		551,434	0	.25	137,859			
USD: RMB		940,230	31	.07	29,212,946			
USD: VND		138,000	31	.07	4,287,660			

v.Total exchange loss, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-

month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted \$790,497, \$56,578, \$1,139,633 and \$280,277, respectively.

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2016							
	Sensitivity analysis							
	Degree of variation		Effect on ofit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income				
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	139,498	\$	-			
JPY: NTD	1%		815		-			
Non-monetary items								
RMB: NTD	1%	\$	-	\$	307,865			
USD: NTD	1%		-		159,604			
VND: NTD	1%		-		110,190			
USD: NTD	1%		-		490			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	20,062	\$	-			
JPY: NTD	1%		1,340		-			
USD: RMB	1%		231,684		-			
USD: VND	1%		92,027		-			

	Six-month	period	ended	June	30.	2015
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	Sensitivity analysis							
	Degree of variation		Effect on	Effect on other comprehensive income				
Financial assets					 			
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	3,393,990	\$	-			
JPY: NTD	1%		955		-			
Non-monetary items								
RMB: NTD	1%	\$	-	\$	360,546			
USD: NTD	1%		-		215,660			
VND: NTD	1%		_		103,706			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	47,401	\$	-			
JPY: NTD	1%		1,379		-			
USD: RMB	1%		292,129		-			
USD: VND	1%		42,877		-			

Price risk

- i. The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, components of equity for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 would have increased/decreased by \$1,171,124 and \$1,152,076, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as available-for-sale.

Interest rate risk

i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016

and 2015, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in the NTD and USD. ii.At June 30, 2016 and 2015, if interest rates on denominated borrowings had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 would have been \$364,056 and \$485,148 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

(b)Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The Group utilises certain credit enhancement instruments (such as sales revenue or guarantees received in advance) at appropriate times to lower the credit risk from specific customers. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the board of directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties are accepted.

ii.No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

(c)Liquidity risk

i.Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Company treasury. Company treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.

ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, loans to related parties, time deposits and cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.

iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or

gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

		Between 1	Between 3	
June 30, 2016	Less than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 26,711,042	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Short-term notes and bills payable	2,099,471	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	209,935	-	-	~
Accounts payable (including related parties)	19,676,223	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	30,868,666	-	-	-
Bonds payable	6,500,000	6,750,000	14,650,000	2,510,000
Long-term borrowings	4,855,077	15,103,329	23,580,885	322,898
Bong term bono wingo	.,,	,,,	==,==,===	,
Long torm somewings	,,,,,,,,,,	Between 1	Between 3	,
December 31, 2015	Less than 1 year	• •	,	Over 5 years
		Between 1 and 2 years	Between 3	ŕ
December 31, 2015	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
December 31, 2015 Short-term borrowings	Less than 1 year \$ 26,672,648	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
December 31, 2015 Short-term borrowings Short-term bills payable Notes payable (including related	Less than 1 year \$ 26,672,648 2,049,364	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
December 31, 2015 Short-term borrowings Short-term bills payable Notes payable (including related parties) Accounts payable (including related	Less than 1 year \$ 26,672,648 2,049,364 200,127	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years
December 31, 2015 Short-term borrowings Short-term bills payable Notes payable (including related parties) Accounts payable (including related parties) Other payables (including related	Less than 1 year \$ 26,672,648 2,049,364 200,127 19,224,484	Between 1 and 2 years \$ -	Between 3 and 5 years	Over 5 years

		Between 1	Between 3	
June 30, 2015	Less than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 27,417,250 \$	- \$	-	\$ -
Short-term bills payable	2,199,533	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	201,045	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	21,439,874	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	19,591,710	-	-	-
Bonds payable	7,000,000	6,500,000	20,050,000	26,450,000
Long-term borrowings	18,682,282	15,423,256	16,010,419	8,335,588
Derivative financial lia	abilities:			
		Between 1	Between 3	
June 30, 2016	Less than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 531	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		Between 1	Between 3	
<u>December 31, 2015</u>	Less than 1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 819	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
June 30, 2015 Forward exchange contracts	Less than 1 year \$ 1,395		Between 3 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years \$

iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value estimation

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(2)A.
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
 - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.
- C. The following table presents the Group's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at June 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015:

June 30, 2016		Level 1	 Level 2	•	Level 3		Total
Assets:							
Recurring fair value measurement							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Forward exchange contracts	\$	-	\$ 268	\$		-	\$ 268
Beneficiary certificate Available-for-sale financial assets		626,658	-			-	626,658
Equity securities Fund	1	12,260,699	2,443,498 4,851,704			-	114,704,197 4,851,704
	\$ 1	12,887,357	\$ 7,295,470	\$		_	\$ 120,182,827
Liabilities:						_	
Recurring fair value measurement Financial liabilities							
at fair value through							
profit or loss							
Forward exchange contracts	\$		\$ 531	\$		_	\$ 531

<u>December 31, 2015</u>	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total
Assets:						
Recurring fair value measurement						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Forward exchange	\$ -	· \$	12	\$ -	\$	12
contracts				•	•	~~
Beneficiary certificate	655,799	ı	-	-		655,799
Available-for-sale financial assets						
Equity securities	110,333,479 \$ 110,989,278		2,571,599 2,571,611	\$ -	\$	112,905,078 113,560,889
Liabilities:			•			
Recurring fair value						
<u>measurement</u>						
Financial liabilities						
at fair value through						
profit or loss						
Forward exchange contracts	\$	<u> </u>	819	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	819

June 30, 2015	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets:							, <u> </u>
Recurring fair value							
measurement							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$	687	\$	-	\$	687
Beneficiary certificate	654,028		_		_		654,028
Available-for-sale							,
financial assets							
Equity securities	115,207,570		2,639,453				117,847,023
	\$ 115,861,598	\$	2,640,140	\$		\$	118,501,738
Liabilities:							
Recurring fair value							
<u>measurement</u>							
Financial liabilities							
at fair value through							
profit or loss							
Forward exchange	•	Φ.	4.0-0	^		•	
contracts	\$	\$	1,359	\$	-	\$	1,359

D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

(a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

Market quoted price Listed shares Open-end fund
Closing price Net asset value

- (b) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- (c) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- (d) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted

- by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate. Structured interest derivative instruments are measured by using appropriate option pricing models (i.e. Black-Scholes model) or other valuation methods, such as Monte Carlo simulation.
- (e) The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- (f) The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
 - H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
 - I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Notes 6(2), and (11); 12(2) and (3).
 - J. Significant intragroup transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.
- (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A.Basic information: Please refer to table 9.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units and provide different products and services. Strategic business units are separately managed because each unit needs different techniques and marketing strategies. The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

1st Petrochemical Div: responsible for production of benzene, p-xylene and o-xylene.

2nd Petrochemical Div: responsible for production of styrene, synthetic phenolic and acetone.

3rd Petrochemical Div and Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Limited Co.: responsible for production of purified terephthalic acid.

Plastics Division, Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.: responsible for production of ABS resin, polypropylene and PS.

Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.: responsible for production of blended fabric, spun fabric, cross-woven fabric, polyamine and polyester fabric, epidemic fabric, designer sportswear fabric, high-tech and function fabric, tire cord fabric, pure cotton yarn, blended yarn, various functional yarn, fireproof fabric, anti-static cloth and industrial fabric, and operation of petrol stations to sell petroleum, diesel fuel, kerosene and small package of petroleum products and provide car wash services.

Formosa Advanced Technologies Co.: responsible for IC packaging, testing and production of memory module.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Group has not yet amortised tax expenses or non-recurring gains and losses to reportable segments. Furthermore, not all reportable segments' profit or loss include significant non-cash items besides depreciation and amortisation. Reporting amount and reports for operating decision-maker are the same.

The Group's operating segment profit or loss is measured based on operating income before tax for performance assessment basis. The Group considers the sale and transfer among segments as transactions with third parties and measured at market price.

(3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

(2) IIIIOIIIIatioii about segrikiit piolit oi 1035, assets aint naviiitus	neut prout or ross, as:	sets and nabilities			For the six-mo	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016	1 June 30, 2016				
				3rd							
			Pet	Petrochemical	Plastics Division,						
			•	Div and	Formosa ABS		Formosa				
	1st	2nd	_	Formosa	Plastics	Formosa	Advanced				
	Petrochemical Div	Petrochemical Div		Chemical Industries	Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS	Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Technologies Co., Ltd.	Other divisions	Reconciliation and offset	ų į	Total
External revenue	\$ 19,046,155	\$ 21,345,319	€⁄9	25,858,224	\$ 44,913,839	\$ 11,607,584	\$ 4,286,054	\$ 30,016,859	€9	69	157,074,034
Internal revenue	32,708,305	16,674,748		1,162,305	5,817,585	1,017,047		6,969,502	(64,349,492)	92)	1
Total revenue	\$ 51,754,460	\$ 38,020,067	€9	27,020,529	\$ 50,731,424	\$ 12,624,631	\$ 4,286,054	\$ 36,986,361	(\$ 64,349,492)	92) \$	157,074,034
(2,2), 2,000, 100,000,00	7 577 0A7	0 1516 100	۶	123 104)	4 173 156	T 1 274 577	082 089 380	\$ 12.288.022	(\$\tag{\pi} 1.837.420)	\$ (2)	25 448 260
segment pront (loss)	1+7,41,0,4	4,010,407	9	143,104)		9	9				207,044,77
Total assets of segments	\$ 36,247,683	\$ 35,894,706	\$?	35,540,100	\$ 47,070,678	\$ 73,734,879	\$ 11,377,579	\$ 382,009,550	(\$ 98,538,088)	↔	523,337,087
		ļ			For the six-mo	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015			•	
				3rd							
			Petr	Petrochemical	Plastics Division,						
			ĭ	Div and	Formosa ABS		Formosa				
	184	2nd	Ľί	Formosa	Plastics	Formosa	Advanced				
	Petrochemical	Petrochemical	บี	Chemical	Co., Ltd.	Taffeta	Technologies		Reconciliation	Ē	
	Div	Div	П	Industries	and Formosa PS	Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	Other divisions	and offset]	Total
External revenue	\$ 25,217,425	\$ 20,924,410	€÷)	28,068,726	\$ 48,993,883	\$ 14,110,611	\$ 4,407,425	\$ 29,754,743	69	5 /3	171,477,223
Internal revenue	38,738,408	17,175,825		1,020,871	5,702,350	403,526	1	8,198,987	(71,239,967)	57)	1
Total revenue	\$ 63,955,833	\$ 38,100,235	69	29,089,597	\$ 54,696,233	\$ 14,514,137	\$ 4,407,425	\$ 37,953,730	(\$ 71,239,967)	6-5	171,477,223
Segment profit (loss)		\$ 2,947,649 (8		\$ 3,911,941	\$ 1,204,694	\$ 512,316	\$ 9,940,346	(\$ 1,712,649)	\$ (6)	17,678,335
Total assets of segments	3	\$ 19,773,672	· \$		\$ 49,685,986	\$ 70,542,326	\$ 10,902,962	\$ 380,086,747	(\$ 82,346,067)	69	527,413,049

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the income statement.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Loans to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Table 1

Footnote		1			
	í	23	ន	S S	
Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 7)	139,451,3	139,451,323	139,451,323	111,561,059	
Allowance Limit on loans for granted to doubtful Collateral a single party accounts from Value (Note 7)	\$ - \$ 69,725,662 \$ 139,451,323	69,725,662	69,725,662	55,780,529	
eral Value	, ,	1	•	•	
Collateral Item Valu	,				
Allowance for doubtful – accounts	s	•	1		
Reason for short-term financing (Note 6)	,	,	1	Additional	operating capital
Amount of transactions Nature of with the loan borrower (Note 4) (Note 5)	2	2	7		
Nature of loan (Note 4)	-		-		
Interest	1.43-1.50	1.43-1.50	1.43-1.50	1.43-1.50	
Actual amount	· ·	•	,		
Maximum outstanding balance during the six-month Is a period ended Balance at June slated June 30, 2016 30, 2016 metry (Note 3) (Note 8)	S 5,000,000	800,000	000 000 \$	000 009	
Maximum outstanding balance during General the six-month ledger Is a period ended Balance at Jun account related June 30, 2016 30, 2016 Note 2) narty (Note 3) (Note 8)	2,000,000	800,008	7 000 000	000 009	
Is a related and remark	Ϋ́α	ន្ត	8	3 8	3
General ledger account	Other	receivables- related parties Other		receivables- related parties	receivables- related parties
Portrouter	0 The Formosa Plastics Other Yes S 7,000,000 S 5,000,000 \$	Corp. Formosa	Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Corp.	Formology Corp.
الموازانه	The	Company Corp.	Company	Company	Сотрапу
No.	0	c	• •	> c	>

Table 1, Page 2

						Footnote				•								ı								ı			
			Ceiling on	total loans	granted	(Note 7) F	111,561,059			111,561,059				111,561,059			100000	1,962,381			17 007 100	12,002,170			12 882 108	12,002,170			
			Limit on loans	granted to	a single party	(Note 7)	\$ 55,780,529 \$			55,780,529				55,780,529				/84,952			070 031 3	2,124,019			\$ 152.870	2,125,013			
				اسطواداادي		Item Value	S .			1								1								1			
			Allowance	for	doubtful -	accounts	•			•				•				•											
			Reason	for short-term	financing	(Note 6)	Additional	operating capital		Additional	operating capital			Additional	operating capital			Additional	operating capital			Additional	operating capital		A 443451	Additional	operating capital		
		Amount of	transactions	with the	borrower	(Note 5)	-			П				_			,	-				-			•	-			
				Nature of	loan	(Note 4)	2			7				7				7			(7			ć	7			
					Interest	rate	1,43-1.50			20,000 1.43-1.50				- 1.43-1.47				1.43-1.50				3,057,606 3.05-3.92				3.03-3.92			
					Actual amount	drawn down	S 50,000			20,000				1				15,000			,	3,057,606				467,405			
				Salance at June	30, 2016	(Note 8)	\$ 50,000 \$			311,000				•				15,000				3,057,606				467,405			
Maximum	outstanding	balance during	the six-month	period ended Balance at June	June 30, 2016	(Note 3)	S 780,000 S			336,000				3,630,000				15,000				3,114,692				820,144			
				Is a	related	party	Yes			Yes				Yes				Yes				Ϋ́ε				Yes			
			General	ledger	account	(Note 2)	r Other	receivables-	related	Other	receivables-	related	parties	Other	receivables-	related	parties	Other	receivables-	related	parties	Receivables) from related	party		Receivables	from related	party	
						Воттожег	Mai-Liao Harbor Other	Administration receivables-	Согр.	Formosa Ha	Tinh Steel	Corporation-TW related	•	Formosa Ha	Tinh (Cayman)	Limited		Hong Jing	Biomedical Resources Corp. receivables-			Formosa ABS	Plastics (Ningbo) from related	Co., Ltd.		Formosa Phenol Receivables	(Ningbo)	Limited Co.	
						(Note 1) Creditor	The	Company		The	Company			The	Company			Fоrmosa	Biomedical	Technology	Corp.	Formosa	Power	(Ningbo)	Co., Ltd.	Formosa	Power	(Ningbo)	Co., Ltd.
					No.	(Note 1)	0			0	•			0				-				7				2.			

	Maximum			
	outstanding			
	balance during			
	the six-month			
Is a	period ended	Balance at June		
related	June 30, 2016	30, 2016	Actual amount	Inter
party	(Note 3)	(Note 8)	drawn down	ra

Footnote

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

party

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(Note 1)

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'

Note 2: Name of account in which the loans are recognised including but not limited to accounts receivables-related parties, other receivables-related parties and, current account with stockholders, prepayments, and temporary payments, etc.

Note 3: Maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Note 4: The nature of loans:

(1) Related to business transactions is "1".

(2) Short-term financing is "2".

Note 5: Amount of business transactions with the borrower:

(1) No business transactions is "1".

(2) Business transactions amount is provided in Note 13 (1) G.

Note 6: Provided that loans to others are for necessary short-term financing by nature, shall specifically note necessary reasons for the loans and purposes of the borrowers, for example, repayment of loans, acquisition of equipment, and financing for oper Note 7: The calculation of line of credit:

The limit on loans granted by the Company to a single party, related party and party with business transactions shall not be more than 25% of the Company's net assets, and limit to others is 20% of the Company's net assets.

The ceiling on loans granted by the Company to others shall not be more than 50% of the Company's net assets, and ceiling on loans granted a short-term financing borrower with no business transactions shall not be more than 40% of the Company's net assets.

The limit on loans granted by a subsidiary to a single party, related party and party with business transactions shall not be more than 50% of the subsidiary's net assets, and limit to others is 40% of the subsidiary's net assets. The ceiling on loans granted by a subsidiary to others shall not be more than 100% of the Company's net assets, and ceiling on loans granted a short-term financing borrower with no business transactions shall not

be more than 40% of the Company's net assets.

Note 8: The amount was resolved by the Board of Directors.

							2													
							Footnote	ı		•	•		•		•		ı			•
	Provision of	endorsements		the party in	Mainland	China	(Note 5)	z		z	z		¥		z		>	z	:	z
	Provision of	endorsements/ endorsements/ endorsements/	guarantees by guarantees by	subsidiary to	parent	company	(Note 5)	z		z	z		z		z		z	z	:	z
	Provision of	endorsements/	guarantees by	parent	соппрапу to	subsidiary	(Note 5)	۲		z	z		¥		٨		>	>	•	z
		Ceiling on	total amount of	endorsements/	guarantees	provided	(Note 3)	362,573,441		362,573,441	362,573,441		70,963,322		70,963,322		70,963,322	70 963 377		70,963,322
Ratio of	accumulated	endorsement/	guarantee amount tol	to net asset value er	of the endorser/	guarantor	company	2.02 \$		14.37	4.63		3.55		2.96		4.73	7.06	3	7.96
		Amount of	endorsements g	, t	guarantees	secured with	collateral	٠		•			•		•		•	•		,
			Ĭ			Actual amount	drawn down	5,621,267		40,074,998	7,750,965		758,463		154,334		593,215	2 336 400	north costs	1,909,610
			Outstanding	endorsement	guarantee	le le	30, 2016	5,621,267		40,074,998	12,918,274		1,936,500		1,613,750		2,582,000	4 347 443	7	4,345,667
	Maximum	outstanding	endorsement	guarantee	amount as of June	30, 2016 a	(Note 4)	\$ 5,858,751 \$		43,450,563	13,055,916		2,341,500		1,672,500		2,676,000	31 505 4	C1 1,000,4	4,391,447
		Limit on	endorsements/	guarantees	endorser/ provided for a single	party	(Note 3)	15,506,316		181,286,721	181,286,721		35,481,661		35,481,661		35,481,661	177 181 34	100,100,00	35,481,661
	0.0	nteed	Relationship	with the	endorser/ p	guarantor	(Note 2)	1 \$		9	9		2		7		ю	ć	٠,	ø
	Party being	endorsed/guaranteed					Company name	Formosa Industries	Corp., Vietnam	Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited	Formosa Ha Tinh	(Cayman) Limited	Formosa Taffeta Formosa Taffeta	(Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Formosa Taffeta	franchis (manage)	Formosa Taffeta Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. (Chaneshu) Co., Ltd.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Formosa tarrera Formosa tatreta Co., Ltd. (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Formosa Ha Tinh Co., Ltd. (Cayman) Co.,Ltd.
						Endorser/	guarantor	The Company		The Company	The Company		Formosa Taffeta	Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta	· ·	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.		Formosa namera Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.
					Number	(Note	=	0		0	0		-		_		-		-	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

⁽¹⁾The Company is '0'.
(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
(3)The inconserguarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
(3)The endorser/guarantor parent company and its subsidiaries jointly own more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
(4)The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
(5)Mutual guarantee of the trade as required by the construction contract.

⁽G)Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guarantees companys in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: In accordance with Company's procedures of endorsements and guarantees, limit on the Company's total guarantee amount is 130% of the Company's net assets, the limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is the is 50% of the aforement oned total amount. For companies having business relationship with the Company and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, the limit on endorsements to a single party is the higher value of purchasing or selling.

Note 4: Year-to-date maximum ouistanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting pariod.
Note 5: Yr represents cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company, to subsidiary, provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, or provision to the party in Mainland China.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

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	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General		As of June 30, 2016	0, 2016		
Securities held by	(Note 1)	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
The Company	Stocks Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	486,978,692 \$	37,886,942	7.65 \$	37,886,942	•
The Company	Stocks_Asia Pacific Investment Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	63,621,500	2,111,598	14.97	2,111,598	
The Company	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp. The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	413,327,750	25,212,993	5.21	25,212,993	1
The Company	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	364,815,409	14,373,727	13.27	14,373,727	•
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Union Chemical Corp.	•	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	14,936,190	261,383	3.47	261,383	
The Company	Mega Private US Dollar Money Market Funds	ı	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	14,977,992	4,851,704	•	4,851,704	
The Company	Stocks_Mai-Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	39,562,740	539,260	17.98	539,260	•
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastic Corp. U.S.A	Stocks_Formosa Plastic Corp. The Company's chairman is the U.S.A issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	666'8	818,316	2.92	818,316	ı
The Company	Stocks_Central Leasing Corp.	1	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	1,778,611	•	1.07	•	ı
The Company	Stocks_Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.	ı	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	13,203,785	1,800	2.00	1,800	ı
The Company	Stocks_Taiwan Aerospace Corp.	•	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	1,070,151	10,702	0.79	10,702	•
The Company	Stocks_Yi-Jih Development Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's chairman	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	300,000	3,000	1.51	3,000	ı
The Company	Stocks_Chinese Television System Corp.		Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,376,202	38,419	1.41	38,419	,

	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General		As of June 30, 2016	30, 2016		
Securities held by	(Note 1)	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ovenership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Corp., Ltd.		Available-for-sale financial assets - current	32 \$		· ·	•	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	640	50	•	20	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp. Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	482,194	29,414	0.01	29,414	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Hwa Ya Technologies Corp.	•	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	2,712,345	080'89	0.04	68,080	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Asia Pacific Investment Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	10,000,000	331,900	2.35	331,900	•
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	15,421,010	607,588	0.56	607,588	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	365,267,576	31,960,913	3.83	31,960,913	•
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Syntronix Corporation	•	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	174,441	3,236	0.45	3,236	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Toa Resin Corp., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. is the issuer's corporate director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	14,400	3,000	10.00	3,000	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Shin Yun Natural Gas Corp.	•	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	568,105	3,100	1.20	3,100	ı
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Wk Technology Fund IV Ltd.	•	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	4,281,686	23,813	3.17	23,813	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stooks_Nan Ya Optical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman and the issuer's chairman are within second degree of kinship	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	19,066,860	58,344	9.53	58,344	ı
Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	171,008,736	5,317,865	3.85	5,317,865	ı
Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. is Formosa Development Co., Ltd. 's parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	2,563,228	79,588	0.15	79,588	ī
Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Association of R.O.C. in Xiamen	•	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent		146	0.11	146	ı

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	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General		As of June 30, 2016	10, 2016		
Securities held by	(Note 1)	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	74,388 \$	5,787	69 1	5,787	ı
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plasties Corp. Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	312,512	19,063	•	19,063	•
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	Stocks Formosa Chemicals & Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Fibre Corp. Ltd.'s ultimate parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	7,316,000	592,596	0.12	592,596	
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	15,041,215	592,625	0.55	592,625	
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Optical Corp.	Stocks_Nan Ya Optical Corp. Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman and the issuer's chairman are within second degree of kinship	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	9,533,430	29,173	4.77	29,173	
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Syntronix Corporation	,	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	59,945	1,181	0.15	1,181	1
Formosa Advanced Technologics Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates_Jih Sun Money Market Fund	1	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	25,512,583	373,736	•	373,736	,
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates_Mega Diamond Moncy Market Fund		Finanoial assets at fair value through profit or loss - ourrent	20,396,748	252,922	1	252,922	•

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities, as defined in IAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

Note 2: The column is left blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: The Company's stocks held by the subsidiaries—Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. anf Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.—are deemed as treasury stocks. Details are provided in Note 6 (16).

Note 4: Not a limited liability company and thus, not applicable.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Table 4

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Expressed in thousands of NTD

1e 30, 2016	**************************************	Amount	4,903,800	16,084,840	•	16,084,840	607,588	592,625
Balance as at June 30, 2016	Number of	•	14,977,992 S	50,000	,	508,236,725	15,421,010	15,041,215
	Gain (loss) on	disposal	, sa	1	•	•		•
sal 3.)		Book value	es	•	16,085,211	•	1	•
Disposal (Note 3)	:	Selling price		•	16,085,211	•	•	•
	Number of	shares	,	1	508,249,225	ı	•	ı
tion 23)		Amount	4,903,800	16,084,840	,	16,084,840	53,675	504,673
Addition (Note 3)	Number of	shares	14,977,992 \$	20,000	,	508,236,725	1,470,546	13,826,658
ce as at 1, 2016		Amount	' '*	•	16,085,211	•	637,536	55,505
Balance January 1	Number of	shares	1	•	508,249,225	ı	13,950,464	1,214,557
Relationship	the investor	(Note 2)	t	,	í	•	•	ı
	J	(Note 2)	Mage International Security Corp.	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	•	
	General	ledger account	Available-for- sale financial assets - current	Investments accounted for under equity method	Investments accounted for under equity method	Financial assets measured at cost	Available-for- sale financial assets - noncurrent	Available-for- sale financial assets - noncurrent
	Marketable securities	(Note 1)	Mage International Private Money Market funds	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Formosa Group Investments Investment accounted fo Corp. (Cayman) under equity method	Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	Nan Ya Technology CorpStocks	Nan Ya Technology CorpStocks
		Investor	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co, Ltd.

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative secunities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital level shall be replaced by 10% of equity

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20% of paid-in capital level shall be replaced by 10% of equity
attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Table 5

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

Footnote Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable Notes/accounts receivable (payable) Percentage of Transaction

			Purchases		total p	total purchases						receivable	Footnote
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	(sales)		Amount (s	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price Credit term	Credit	term	Balance	(payable)	(Note 1)
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairnan is the counterparty's director	Sales	(S)	976,458) (≘	30 days	∞	ı	↔	206,921	7	1
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	\smile	13,329,414) (12)	30 days	•	1		2,535,314	4	
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	J) (009'906	<u>.</u>	60 days	•	1		Notes receivable 77,689	18	
											Accounts receivable 348,278	7	,
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	J	8,039,365) (9	30 days	ı	•		1,672,777	6	•
The Company	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	\smile	3,798,306) (€	90 days	•	•		1,874,240	10	1
The Company	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	\smile	7,220,336) (£	90 days	,	1		2,990,749	16	
The Company	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	$\overline{}$	3,110,756) (3	90 days	1	•		1,908,264	2	ı
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Subsidiary	Sales	\smile	1,659,230) (8	30 days	1	1		400,283	6	1
The Company	PFG Fiber Glass Corporation	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	$\overline{}$	194,850)	•	30 days	i	1		39,494	•	1
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Subsidiary	Sales	\smile	5,146,686) (জ	30 days	ı	•		1,083,713	Φ	,
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company	Sales	<u> </u>	(15,887)	1	30 days	1	1		•	(,
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		2,632,101	м	30 days	•	1	J	484,829) (93	
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		3,137,141	4	30 days	1	•	J	595,490) (4	1

Table 5, Page 1

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

Notes/accounts receivable (payable)

													Percentage of		
					Pero	Percentage of						_	total notes/accounts		
			Purchases		total	total purchases							receivable	Foot	Footnote
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	(sales)		Amount ((sales)	Credit term	Unit price		Credit term	Balance		(payable)	(Note 1)	te 1)
The Company	Form osa Petrochemical Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases	S	51,931,296	65	30 days	S	ı.	৩		9,015,857) ((23)	_	
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	The Company	Parent company	Sales	$\overline{}$	356,482) (25)	30 days					88,964	70	•	
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	BP Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	\smile	103,230) ((1)	90 days after delivery		•			22,976	2	•	i
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Form osa Petrochemical Corp.	Form osa Petrochemical Corp. is Form osa BP Chemicals Corp.'s ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	\smile	151,033) (10)	30 days		1	ı		47,071	01	•	
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Forn osa Petrochemical Corp.	Form osa Petrochemical Corp. is Form osa BP Chemicals Corp.'s ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases		583,196	56	45 days		1			166,390) ((27)	•	
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	$\overline{}$	423,062) (12)	30 days		1	ţ		79,934	13	(
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	$\overline{}$	679,540) (19)	30 days					143,944	23	•	
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Same parent company	Sales	\smile	404,973) (11)	30 days		,	1		78,166	12	1	
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Lid	Form osa Acrylio Esters (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman, is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	$\overline{}$	346,156) (10)	30 days		ı			56,972	o,	•	
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formoss Polypropylene (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman, is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	$\overline{}$	355,683) (<u>6</u>	30 days		ı	•		67,427	=	•	
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Litd.	Formosa Plastics (Ningbo) Co, Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	\smile	329,738) (6	30 days		ı	,		57,962	Q.	'	

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

					Transaction			party transactions	actions	Notes/accounts receivable (payable)	ceivable (payable)	~	
					Tetroporter								
											Pe	Percentage of	
												total	
					Per	Percentage of					поп	notes/accounts	1
Durchgearfeallar	Compensativ	Relationship with the counternarty	Purchases (sales)		tota. Amount	total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price (Credit term	Balance	<u> </u>	receivable (payable)	(Note 1)
I dichasa/sener	Man W. Planter Office A.	The second secon	Sular	ٔ ا ا	(32.0	8	30 dans		,		52157	«	•
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	nan 18 Plashes (nungoo) Corp.	ine utunate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the	Sales	2	1616,612	6		ı	•		i i	i	
		counterparty's ultimate parent company (Nan Ya Corp.)											
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Super Absorbent Polymer (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Affiliated company 1.	Sales	\smile	318,410) (6	30 days	,			53,886	σ,	ı
Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent	Sales	J	217,451) ((2	90 days				48,925	00	•
		company (Nan Ya Corp.)											
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Form osa Plastics Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		747,773	0,	90 days	,	•		287,545) (10)	1
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Form osa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is the ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases		314,875	4	90 days	•			54,791) (2)	•
Formosa Industries Corp.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Accounts Form osa Industries Corp., Vietnam as an investee using equity method	Purchases		1,078,680	12	30 days	,			455,941) (29)	
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	The Company	Parent company	Sales	J	362,837) (ડ	30 days	ı	1		42,317	7	•
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Europe Plc	Idemitsu Chemicals Europe Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Pic Potrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	J	122,943) (3	30 days after closing date	•	•		10,357	64	•
Formosa Idenitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Taiwan Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Taiwan Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Corp. using equity method	Sales	J	190,035) (e	30 days after closing date	,	•		•	ı	1
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Accounts Form osa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	J	304,690) (€	30 days after closing date	•	•		103,428	16	ı
Formosa Idem itsu Petrochem ical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	$\overline{}$	312,881) ((5)	30 days after closing date	•	ı		57,916	6	•

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

Notes/accounts receivable (payable)

					A A Little was a way a									
												£	,	
												5	total	
					Dercen	Dercentage of						note	notes/accounts	
			Purchases		total pu	total purchases						2	receivable	Footnate
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	(sales)	*	Amount (sa	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price (Credit term	ц	Вајапсе	0	(payable)	(Note 1)
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Form osa Petrochemical Corp.	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	ω	758,825	17	90 days	ı	•	જ		220,055) (25)	•
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the director of the counterparty's parent company	Sales	<u> </u>	2,185,489) (39)	30 days		i			344,515	28	•
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	\smile	241,591) (6	60 days after monthly billings	•	ı			41,927	71	•
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	J	189,922) (3	120 days	•	ı			33,511	2	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Yugen Co., Ltd.	The chairman is the firstdegree relative of the Company's managing director	Sales	J	166,349)	-	120 days	ı	,			87,636	4	•
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Form osa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairmanr is the counterparty's director	Purchases		4,383,117	46	15 days	1	ı	J		393,200) (27)	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Form osa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairmanr is the counterparty's director	Purchases		332,301	4	15 days	,	i	J		65,774) (₹	1
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Forn osa Plastics Corp.	Fornosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairmanr is the counterparty's director	Purchases		163,375	74	15 days		•	J		153,985)	-	
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	\cup	2,873,265) ((6)	60 days	1				1,002,097	61	•
Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Fornosa Taffeta (Changshu Co., Ltd.	Form osa Taffeta (Changshu) Form osa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. Ltd. Ltd.'s parent company is Affiliated company with Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Sales	J	185,207) (21)	60 days	•	,			159,933	94	
Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Formosa Industries Corp. Co., Ltd.	Form osa Industries Corp.	Formosa Industries Corp. is the parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases		103,176	13	60 days	•	•	J		20,542) (15)	1
Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd.	 Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.'s parent company is Affiliated company with Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd. 	Sales	J	194,529) (12)	60 days	•	•			80,600	=	

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

vable (payable)	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable Footnote	(payable) (Note 1)	25,723) (5) -	16,308) (3) -	39,745 14 -
Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Balance			
		se Credit term	· ·	· ·	
`. 		it term Unit pric	days	60 days	60 days after monthly billings
E	Percentage of total purchases	(sales) Credit term Unit price Credit term	17 60 days	6	14) 60 de mo bil
Transaction	e, g	Amount	\$ 267,176	143,074	108,439) (
	Purchases	(sales)	Purchases	Purchases	Sales (
		Relationship with the counterparty (sales)	Formosa Industries Corp. is the parent Purchases company's investee accounted for using equity method	Ultimate parent company	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Jiaxing Guangyue Costume Jiaxing Guangyue Costume Co., Lid. Co., Lid. Is the parent company's investee accounted for using equity method
		Counterparty	Form osa Industries Corp.	The Company	Jiaxing Guangyue Costume Co., Ltd.
		Purchaser/seller	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Formosa Industries Corp. Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) The Company Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.

Note 1: The disclosing way is on revenue side and relative transactions are no longer disclosed.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Table 6

			,				-	Amount collected	:
		Relationship	Balance as at June 30, 2016	, 2016		Overdue receivables	cervables	subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	(Note 1)	İ	Tumover rate	Am ount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	S	206,921	11.51 \$	(ı	\$ 206,921	, s
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director		2,535,314	11.10	•	•	2,535,314	•
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Notes receivable Accounts receivable	77,689	4.22	,	•	6,197	
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investees accounted for using equity method		1,672,777	9.23	•	•	1,672,777	
The Company	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary		1,874,240	5.05	•		824,301	
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp.	Subsidiary		400,283	7,62	•	•	335,071	,
The Company	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary		1,908,264	4.29	1	•	749,034	•
The Company	Form osa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Accounts receivable Other receivables	2,990,749 639,515	4.58	1		753	•
The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Other receivables	565,169	•	•		661	•
The Company	Form osa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Subsidiary		1,083,713	10.08	ı	•	1,083,713	
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.		Same parent company		103,428	8.43	1	1	68,565	•
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company		143,944	9.19	•	ı	143,944	ı
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp. Co.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's parent company		344,515	12.12	•	•	344,515	,
Formosa Taifeta (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taifeta (Zhongshan) Co., Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Affiliated Lid.	Affiliated company		159,933	2.97	•	•	45,549	
Formosa Advanced Technologies Nan Ya Technology Corp. Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director		1,002,097	5.51	ı	1	502,087	•

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties...

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 7

	rating		5	т
	Percentage of consolidated total operating	revenues or total assets (Note 3)		
Transaction		Transaction terms	7,220,336) In regular terms	3,146,686) In regular terms
T	Ī	Amount	7,220,336)	5,146,686)
			S	J
	i	General ledger account	Sales revenue	Sales revenue
	Relationship	(Note 2)	1	-
		Counterparty	Formosa Chemicals	Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. Formosa Idemitsu
		Company name	The Company	The Company
	Number	(Note 1)	0 1	0

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'. Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on (2)Subsidiary to parent company. (3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts. Note 4: If the transaction amount in this sheet reaches 3% of consolidated operating income or total assets, it is considered material.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries Information on investees (Excluding those in Mainland China)
For the six-month period ended June 39, 2016

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 8

Footnote 9,458) 69,259) 3,778) 403,308 699,555 75,702 23,293 17,865 504,413 recognised by the Company 8,489,685 89 7,621 747,331 Investment income (loss) for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016 6,786) (S 218,432) (11,334) (of the investee for the sixmonth period ended June 1,078,363 988,69 75,702 1,492,339 36,279,878 2,804,458 206 25,404 71,461 1,186,855 Net profit (loss) 30, 2016 142,160 (\$ 7,905,850 (77,313 (757,096 72,034,035 10,518,419 1,929 255,455 20,675,051 30,400,443 2,020,955 237,292 9,212,273 Book value Shares held as at June 30, 2016 S 86.40 37.40 33.33 33,33 24.15 24.94 100.00 30.00 50.00 32.91 33.00 25.00 42.50 Ownership (%) Number of shares 18,467,619 84,000 33,000 4,472,169 4,213,395 7,658,750 630,022,431 651,706,181 498,842,000 12,448,800 60,000,000 2,300,799,801 85,188 719,003 17,255 50,000 33,320 December 31, 2015 25,842,468 18,443,886 3, 299,999 5,985,531 225,034 2,497,721 8,435,801 Balance as at Initial investment amount S 85,188 719,003 299,999 33,320 17,255 50,000 Balance as at June 25,842,468 18,443,886 340 225,034 2,497,721 5,985,531 8,435,801 30, 2016 petrochemical and staple fibre, cotton Main business Textile, polyester Transportation Transportation Wholesale and Transportation activities Management Investments generation Machinery plastic raw generation Spinning Chemistry Electricity Electricity Spinning materials retail of Location Formosa Industries Vietnam Taiwan Taiwan Taiwan Taiwan Cayman Taiwan Tah Shin Spinning Taiwan Taiwan Taiwan Taiwan Islands Таімап The Company Su Hua Transport Taiwan Formosa Idemitsu Formosa Fairway FCFC Investment Park Management Formosa Plastics Hwa Ya Science Formosa Taffeta Formosa Heavy Mai-Liao Power Corp. (Cayman) (Note 1) Industries Corp. Fransport Corp. Consulting Co, Investee Petrochemical Petrochemical Corporation Corporation Chia-Nan Enterprise Formosa 3o., Ltd. Corp. Согр. Corp. Ľťď. The Company Investor

					Initial investment	tment amount	Shares !	Shares held as at June 30, 2016	2016	Net profit (loss)	Investment income (loss)	
											recognised by the Company	
	Investee		Main business	Bal	Balance as at June	Balance as at				month period ended June	for the six-month period	
Investor	(Note 1)	Location	activities		30, 2016	December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	30, 2016	ended June 30, 2016	Footnote
The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Taiwan	Chemistry, international of petrochemistry	c _A	1,201,500	\$ 1,201,500	120,150,000	20.00	s 1,263,137 ((\$ 121,367) (\$	(776,9977)	(
The Company	Formosa Environmental Technology Co.	Taiwan	Disposals of wastes and sewage		417,145	417,145	41,714,475	24.34	259,008 (8,915) (2,170)	
The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sale of cosmetics		1,566,879	1,566,879	147,556,136	88.59	1,735,715	56,773	50,295	•
The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Taiwan	Yarn spinning mills, finishing of textiles and carpet manufacturing		300,000	300,000	30,000,000	100.00	212,192	2,809	2,803	
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Taiwan Rubber Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of synthetic rubber		400,000	400,000	40,000,000	33.33	360,237 (26,562) (8,853)	t
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Limited Co.	Hong Kon	Formosa Synthetic Hong Kong Manufacturing of Rubber (Hong synthetic rubber Kong) Limited Co.		874,680	874,680	1	33.33	285,700 (792,084) (264,002)	
The Company	Formosa Resources Taiwan Corporation	Taiwan	Mining industry and its trading, wholesale of chemical material and international trading		4,162,500	4,162,500	416,250,000	25.00	4,230,439 (224,624) (56,156)	·
The Company	Formosa Group Coro. (Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Investments		377	377	•	25.00	275,069	507,386	126,847	
The Company	č .	Taiwan	Development and sale of rebuilt housing, buildings and plants under urban redevelopment		100,000	15,000	10,000,000	33.33	93,881 (5,338) (1,779)	•
The Company	FCFC International Cayman (Cayman) Limited Islands	Cayman Islands	Investments		16,084,840	•	50,000	100.00	15,444,673	•	ı	•
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Konį	Hong Kong Investments		14,391,099	14,391,099	•	100.00	17,896,677 (816,227) (816,227)	•
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Beyoung International Corp.	Taiwan	International trading		90,000	90,00	360,000	30.00	92,843	3,330	666	

		Footnote	,		1	1	1	1	· C
me (loss)	e Company th period	¦	2,622)	12,005)	3,238	615	297,094	51,019	139,725
Investment income (loss)	of the investee for the six- recognised by the Company month period ended June for the six-month period	ended June 30, 2016	G						
t (loss)	e for the six- rended June	916	5,141) (\$	59,873) (3,238	615	452,336	52,415	138,860
Net profit (loss)	of the investee for the six- month period ended June	30, 2016	s)	J					
5		Book value	299,176 (\$	613,585	22,861	188,191	6,284,755	1,042,876	1,749,408
30, 2016		ļ	\$ 00	g	8	9	88	0	00
Shares held as at June 30, 2016		Ownership (9	51.00	19.83	100.00	100.00	65.68	100.00	100.00
Shares 1		Number of shares Ownership (%)	19,289,016	28,040,922	•	16,100,000	290,464,472	•	•
,		i							
Initial investment amount	Balance as at	December 31, 2015	252,969	000,000	29,610	114,912	3,773,440	1,356,862	1,709,221
l investme	June		252,969 S	591,210	29,610	114,912	3,773,440	1,356,862	1,709,221
Initia	Balance as at June	30, 2016	22	50	7	11	3,77	1,35	1,70
,	ı		S	la I		u u	ing gui	ics ile	rs r
	Main business	activities	Recycle of spent catalyst	Bio/pharmaceutical firm	Investments	1. Handling urban land consolidation 2. Development, rent and sale of industrial plants, residences and building	IC assembly, testing and modules	Hong Kong Sale of spun fabrics and filament textile	Production, processing, further processing various yam and cotton cloth, dyeing and finishing clothes, curtains, towels, bed covers and carpets
		Location	Taiwan	Taiwan	Samoa	Taiwan	I Taiwan	Hong Kong	Vietnam
	Investee	(Note 1)	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Ubi Pharma Inc.	Formosa Biomedical Technology (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Taiwan Technologies Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd
		Investor	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.

		Initial in	Initial investment amount	Shares	Shares held as at June 30, 2016	016	Net profit (loss)	Investment income (loss)	
	Main business	Balance as at June	le Balance as at				of the investee for the six- month period ended June	recognised by the Company for the six-month period	
Location	activities	30, 2016	December 31, 2015	Number of shares Ownership (%)	Ownership (%)	Book value	30, 2016	ended June 30, 2016	Footnote
	Processing and production of ready-to-wear, processing and trading of cotton cloth, and import and export of the aforementioned products	\$ 213,771	s 51	18,595,352		8 818,952	80,264	14,166	ı
ao	Hong Kong Trading of textiles	2,958			43.00	13,152	10,074	4,346	
	Production, processing and sale of various dyeing and finishing textiles and yarn	2,590,434	34 2,590,434	•	100.00	2,426,548	91,560	92,366	•
തെല്ലാത	Synthetic fiber, spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing and electricity generation	1,987,122	1,987,122		10.00	2,259,446	1,186,855	114,964	•
Д	Investments	5,090,180	5,090,180	171,	100.00	5,318,209	ı	•	,
≌ ¤	IC assembly, testing and modules	21,119	21,119	469,500	0.11	22,751	452,336	480	ı

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas investee information.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Information on investments in Mainland China For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Table 9

ated It nent e	sof	June 30, 2016 Footnote	- 2		ſ	7		,	- 3		- 2	r	7		,	1
Accumulated amount (loss) recognised Book value of of investment by the Company investments in income for the six-month. Mainland China remitted back to	30. Taiwan as of		~			861			331		559	90	198		909	
Book value of investments in Mainland China	as of June 30.		s			12,882,198			3) 7,455,331		1,293,559		1) 2,004,198			550°C07 (7
Ownership Investment income held by (loss) recognised the by the Company for the six-month	neriod ended Inne	30, 2016	\$ 58,541			891,929			718,388)		148,119)	0	8,201)		264.00	204,002)
	(direct or	indirect)	i		;	100			001		100		001			ુ જ
Net income of investee for the	period ended	June 30, 2016	\$ 58,541			891,929			718,388)		148,119)	ć	8,261)		60000	194,084)
Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	walilanu Cilina 26 of Ime 30		14.			4,051,414			7,975,900		1,732,458 (•	•			8/4,580 (
•	Domitted basis	4	١,			1			•		•		•			t
Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016	D consist of to	Kemined to Asimilar bar Mainland China to Taiwan	S			•			•		•		,			•
	Maintand China	as of January 1,	147			4,051,414			7,975,900		1,732,458		•		!	874,680
	Investment	(Note 1)	2 . 4			2 · 4			2 · 4		2 · 4		2 · 4			2、4
		Doid in conital	5.618.707			4,834,511			7,975,900		1,732,458		4,453,788			2,912,368
		2	Sale of	itrile	Styrene (ABS)) Cogeneration	power	generation business	Production and	market of PTA	Sale of	Polystyrene	Production and	sale of phenolacetone and	acetone	Production and sale of synthetic rubber
		inland	Formosa ABS Plastics	(Ningbo) Co., Ltd.		Formosa Power (Ningbo) Cogeneration	Co., Ltd.		Formosa Chemicals	Industries (Ningbo) Co., market of PTA	Formosa PS (Ningbo)	Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol	(Ningbo) Limited Co.		Fornosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.

	Footnote	7	ro.	ক	'n
Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taivan as of	i	, ee	•	•	•
Book value of investments in Mainland China ras of Time 30	2016		1,670,320	8,253	957,660
Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six-month	30, 2016	3,238	20,241	368	48,533
Ownership held by the Company	-	100	100	100	100
Net income of investee for the six-month	June 30, 2016	\$ 3,238	20,241	368	48,533
	2016	29,610	1,402,085	15,273	1,334,739
, .,	to Taiwan	s .	•		,
Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six-month period ended June 30, 2016	ᇜ	1	1	•	•
	as of January 1, 2016 N	s 29,610 §	1,402,085	15,273	1,334,739
Investment	(Note 1)	2、4	-	-	2 · 4
	Paid-in capital	29,610	1,402,085	15,273	1,302,019
	Main business activities Pa	Investments \$	Production and sale of polyester and polyamide fabrics	Import and export, entrepot trade, merchandise exhibition, export processing, warehousing and design and drawing of black and white and colour graphs.	Weaving and dyeing as well as post dressing of high-grade loomage face fabric
	Investee in Mainland Mai China a	Formosa Biomedical Inves Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Production and Shan) Co., Ltd. sale of polyester and polyamide fabrics	Xiamen Xiangyu Import a Pomosa Import & export, c Export Trading Co., Ltd. trade, merchan exhibitic export processi warehou warehou and desi and desi and desi and desi	Formosa Taffeta Weavi (Changshu) Co., Ltd. dyeing as pos of high

				밁			
				Footn	9		
Accumulated amount	of investment income	remitted back to	Taiwan as of	June 30, 2016 Footnote	· •		
	Book value of investments in	Sainland China	as of June 30,	2016	5,043 \$ 28,216		
Ownership Investment income	Net income of held by (loss) recognised Book value of investee for the by the Company investments in	for the six-month Mainland China remitted back to	Remitted to Remitted back as of June 30, period ended (direct or period ended June as of June 30, Taiwan as of	June 30, 2016 indirect) 30, 2016			
Ownership In		Company	(direct or p	indirect)	41 S		
_	let income of vestee for the	six-month	period ended	une 30, 2016	12,365		
Accumulated amount	of remittance Net income of held by from Taiwan to investee for the	Mainland China six-month Company	s of June 30,	2016 Ji	S		
•		016 — ™	d back as	wan	S		
tremitted from Tair Mainland China/	Amount remuted back Taiwan for the six-mont	June 30, 2	Remitte	to Tai	S		
Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/	Amount remuted back to Taiwan for the six-month	- 1		Mainland China to Taiwan	· •		
Accumulated amount of	remittance from Taiwan to	Mainland China	as of January 1,	2016	•		
	£	Investment	method	te 1)	2 . 4 \$		
		Inves	met	ON)	2		
				activities Paid-in capital (Note 1)	\$ 70,788		
			SS	ഫ്	s		
			Main busine	activities	Building and	selling real	estate
			Investee in Mainland Main business	China	Changshu Yu Yuan	Development Co., Ltd. selling real	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories.

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3) Others

(4) Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the Company's investee - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman).

Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co. were investee companies in Mainland China through the Company's investee - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman). After share structure adjustment in 2008 and 2014, the parent company of the 4 investees became Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong)

Co., Ltd. Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. is a wholly-owned subsidiary through reinvestment of FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman).

Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the investee - Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.

Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the investee - Formosa Biomedical (Samoa) Co., Ltd.

Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the subsidiary - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.

The Company is the surviving company after the consolidation of Changshu Yu Yuan Development. Co., Ltd. and Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. It's paid-in capital is RMBS13,592,920.

Note 2: Investment income recognized in current period is based on the financial reports audited by CPAs of the Taiwan parent company.

Note 3: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to USS46,400,000.

(The remittance of USS46,388,800 and the capitalised value of machinery and equipment of USS11,200)

Note 4: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$570,000.

Note 5: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$42,000,000. In order to effectively utilise the residential land of the Company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co. split the residential land and established Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. by capitalizing the residential land in the first quarter, 2015.

Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co. reduced the capital of Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. by US\$900,000, so the Company's paid-in capital amounts to \$41,100,000.

Note 6: The Company is the surviving company after the merger with Changshu Yu Yuan Development. Co., Ltd. in the third quarter, 2015. The paid-in Capital of the Company is RMB\$13,592,920.

	TANKITI MINITE		;
	amonnt of	Investment	Ceiling on
	remittance from	remittance from amount approved	investments in
	Taiwan to	by the Investment	Mainland China
	Mainland	Commission of	imposed by the
	China	the Ministry of	Investment
	as of June 30,	Economic Affairs	Commission of
Company name	2016	(MOEA)	MOEA
The Company	\$ 19,317,193	\$ 19,317,193 \$ 32,085,730	Note

Note: Corporations that are qualified with operations headquarters certification issued by the Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 10

	Others	1	1
, ₁	Interest during the sixmonth period ended June 30, 2016	ω	•
	I Interest rate	•	•
Financing	Balance at June 30, 2016	·	1
	Maximum balance during the six-month period Balance at June 30, carded June 30, 2016 2016	Уэ	
(guarantees terals	Ì	For short-term loans from financial institutions	2,582,000 For short-term loans from financial institutions
endorsements/guarantees or collaterals	Balance at June 30, 2016 Purpose	\$ 1,936,500 For short-term loans from financial institutions	2,582,000
able	%	0.13	0.12
Accounts receivable (payable)	Balance at June30, 2016	\$ 2,679	2,401
tion	%	í	•
Property transaction	Amount	S	ı
Sale (purchase)	%	0.07	0.47
	Amount	8,297	59,166
I	Investee in Mainland China	Formosa Taffeta (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.