

**FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE
CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT
ACCOUNTANTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015**

**FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

INDEX

Items	Pages
Index	
Report of Independent Accountants	1-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3-4
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	5-6
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	7-8
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	9-10
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	11-112

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR16000109

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews. We did not review the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries and certain investees information disclosed in Note 13 for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. The balance of related investment accounted for using equity method amounted to NT\$66,944,778 thousand and NT\$60,433,839 thousand as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The comprehensive income (including share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method and share of profit (loss) and other comprehensive income of associates) amounted to NT\$3,452,512 thousand, NT(\$305,007) thousand, NT\$12,009,829 thousand, and NT\$3,876,395 thousand for the three-month periods and the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 were reviewed by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our conclusion expressed herein is based solely on the review reports of the other independent accountants.

Except as described in the following paragraph, our reviews were made in accordance with the Generally Accepted Auditing Standards No. 36, "Review of Financial Statements" in the Republic of China. A review consists principally of inquiries of company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries, investments accounted for using equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those

statements reflect total assets (including investments accounted for using equity method) of NT\$103,508,358 thousand and NT\$104,431,743 thousand, both constituting 20% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$18,952,819 thousand and NT\$16,886,308 thousand, constituting 12% and 8% of the consolidated total liabilities as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively; and total operating revenues of NT\$11,624,727 thousand, NT\$10,986,793 thousand, NT\$36,121,185 thousand, and NT\$35,401,041 thousand, constituting 15%, 14%, 15%, and 14% of the consolidated operating revenue, and comprehensive income (including share of profit (loss) of associates accounted for using equity method and share of profit (loss) and other comprehensive income of associates) amounting to NT\$1,674,117 thousand, NT\$3,368,042 thousand, NT\$4,096,316 thousand, and NT\$4,904,187 thousand, constituting 10%, 65%, 11%, and 397% of the total comprehensive income for the three-month periods and the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Based on our reviews and the review reports of other independent accountants, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain insignificant subsidiaries, investments accounted for using equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 been reviewed by independent accountants, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the “Regulation Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers”, and IAS 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan
PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

November 4, 2016

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and review report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 are reviewed, not audited)

Assets			September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		September 30, 2015	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 28,039,964	6	\$ 34,744,139	7	\$ 39,876,705	8
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss - current		627,540	-	655,811	-	654,998	-
1125	Available-for-sale financial	6(3)						
	assets - current		86,834,035	17	83,428,951	16	69,016,115	13
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	6,411,915	1	6,581,909	1	7,480,923	1
1160	Notes receivable - related	7						
	parties		1,949	-	5,235	-	5,008	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)	15,825,842	3	14,682,304	3	16,613,610	3
1180	Accounts receivable - related	7						
	parties		5,930,594	1	6,820,320	1	6,157,816	1
1200	Other receivables	7	6,859,799	1	7,845,329	2	8,518,834	2
1210	Other receivables - related	7						
	parties		17,320,804	4	9,853,312	2	13,180,062	3
130X	Inventory	6(6) and 8	34,643,134	7	40,002,037	8	42,097,655	8
1470	Other current assets	7 and 8	10,417,886	2	6,330,056	1	8,221,007	2
11XX	Total current assets		212,913,462	42	210,949,403	41	211,822,733	41
Non-current assets								
1523	Available-for-sale financial	6(3) and 8						
	assets - non-current		35,603,848	7	29,476,127	6	33,988,912	7
1543	Financial assets carried at cost	6(7)						
	- non-current		23,860,960	5	3,524,297	1	3,525,093	1
1550	Investments accounted for	6(8), 7 and 8						
	under equity method		93,246,280	18	113,700,148	22	109,961,742	21
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(9), 7 and 8	134,039,915	26	144,363,759	28	145,890,444	28
1780	Intangible assets		1,995	-	3,386	-	4,027	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		2,039,654	-	2,087,690	-	2,273,395	-
1900	Other non-current assets		7,745,111	2	8,880,620	2	8,991,091	2
15XX	Total non-current assets		296,537,763	58	302,036,027	59	304,634,704	59
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 509,451,225	100	\$ 512,985,430	100	\$ 516,457,437	100

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 are reviewed, not audited)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		September 30, 2015	
			AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$ 22,607,585	4	\$ 26,672,648	5	\$ 31,171,054	6
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(10)	1,799,654	-	2,049,364	-	2,049,749	-
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(11)	388	-	819	-	6,074	-
2150	Notes payable		154,970	-	200,127	-	44,898	-
2170	Accounts payable		8,561,559	2	6,936,889	1	8,017,454	2
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7	10,780,772	2	12,287,595	2	11,359,646	2
2200	Other payables		8,193,926	2	10,310,254	2	10,378,346	2
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	26,200	-	2,346,509	1	2,859,255	1
2230	Current income tax liabilities		3,018,266	1	3,174,973	1	2,497,348	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(12)(13)	14,153,027	3	16,179,230	3	24,317,229	5
2399	Other current liabilities		2,840,784	-	2,201,285	1	2,343,321	-
21XX	Total current liabilities		<u>72,137,131</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>82,359,693</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>95,044,374</u>	<u>18</u>
	Non-current liabilities							
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(12)(13)	41,250,000	8	46,500,000	9	50,000,000	10
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(13)	39,677,428	8	38,774,737	8	43,207,650	9
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities		262,894	-	927,239	-	1,217,180	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities		9,230,162	2	11,346,228	2	11,043,434	2
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		<u>90,420,484</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>97,548,204</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>105,468,264</u>	<u>21</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u>162,557,615</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>179,907,897</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>200,512,638</u>	<u>39</u>
	Equity attributable to owners of parent							
	Share capital	6(15)						
3110	Common stock		58,611,863	12	58,611,863	11	58,611,863	11
	Capital surplus	6(16)						
3200	Capital surplus		8,826,543	2	8,875,002	2	8,841,002	2
	Retained earnings	6(17)						
3310	Legal reserve		46,663,535	9	43,905,716	9	43,905,716	9
3320	Special reserve		41,927,550	8	41,927,550	8	41,927,550	8
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	6(25)	64,240,302	13	52,528,055	10	47,296,041	9
	Other equity interest	6(18)						
3400	Other equity interest		73,332,887	14	77,334,641	15	66,654,887	13
3500	Treasury stocks	6(15)	(360,572)	-	(352,309)	-	(352,309)	-
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of the parent		<u>293,242,108</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>282,830,518</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>266,884,750</u>	<u>52</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interest		<u>53,651,502</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>50,247,015</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>49,060,049</u>	<u>9</u>
3XXX	Total equity		<u>346,893,610</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>333,077,533</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>315,944,799</u>	<u>61</u>
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments	9						
	Significant events after the balance sheet date	11						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 509,451,225</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 512,985,430</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 516,457,437</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
See review report of independent accountants dated November 4, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

Items	Notes	For the three-month periods ended September 30				For the nine-month periods ended September 30			
		2016		2015		2016		2015	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000 Operating revenue	6(19) and 7	\$ 79,939,487	100	\$ 79,201,681	100	\$ 237,013,521	100	\$ 250,678,904	100
5000 Operating costs	6(6)(14)(23)(24) and 7	(68,133,370)	(85)	(72,911,380)	(92)	(199,955,993)	(84)	(225,036,601)	(90)
5900 Net operating margin		<u>11,806,117</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>6,290,301</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>37,057,528</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>25,642,303</u>	<u>10</u>
Operating expenses	6(14)(23)(24) and 7								
6100 Selling expenses		(2,144,534)	(3)	(2,144,380)	(3)	(6,372,762)	(2)	(6,559,002)	(2)
6200 General and administrative expenses		(1,410,192)	(2)	(1,455,623)	(2)	(4,267,945)	(2)	(4,171,092)	(2)
6000 Total operating expenses		<u>(3,554,726)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(3,600,003)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(10,640,707)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(10,730,094)</u>	<u>(4)</u>
6900 Operating profit		<u>8,251,391</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>2,690,298</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>26,416,821</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14,912,209</u>	<u>6</u>
Non-operating income and expenses									
7010 Other income	6(20) and 7	6,667,901	8	3,851,944	5	7,535,275	3	4,748,166	2
7020 Other gains and losses	6(21)	(1,064,707)	(1)	1,186,031	2	(2,615,207)	(1)	588,823	-
7050 Finance costs	6(9)(22) and 7	(473,886)	(1)	(549,592)	(1)	(1,469,642)	(1)	(1,713,021)	(1)
7060 Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method	6(8)	<u>4,465,784</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>3,074,784</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13,427,505</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>9,498,365</u>	<u>4</u>
7000 Total non-operating income and expenses		<u>9,595,092</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>7,563,167</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>16,877,931</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>13,122,333</u>	<u>5</u>
7900 Profit before income tax		17,846,483	22	10,253,465	13	43,294,752	19	28,034,542	11
7950 Income tax expense	6(25)	(1,093,410)	(1)	(1,281,742)	(2)	(4,417,410)	(2)	(3,530,804)	(1)
8200 Profit for the period		<u>\$ 16,753,073</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>\$ 8,971,723</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>\$ 38,877,342</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>\$ 24,503,738</u>	<u>10</u>

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

Items	Notes	For the three-month periods ended September 30				For the nine-month periods ended September 30			
		2016		2015		2016		2015	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Other comprehensive income (net)	6(18)(25)								
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361 Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		(\$ 2,473,613)	(3)	\$ 2,411,471	3	(\$ 5,346,998)	(2)	\$ 190,148	-
8362 Unrealized gain (loss) on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets		2,912,140	4	(14,902,813)	(19)	4,132,996	2	(19,483,691)	(8)
8370 Share of other comprehensive loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		(242,590)	-	(1,203,065)	(1)	(980,798)	(1)	(3,766,613)	(2)
8399 Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income		310,516	-	(442,010)	(1)	631,082	-	(207,966)	-
8360 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss		506,453	1	(14,136,417)	(18)	(1,563,718)	(1)	(23,268,122)	(10)
8500 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		<u>\$ 17,259,526</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>(\$ 5,164,694)</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>\$ 37,313,624</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>\$ 1,235,616</u>	<u>-</u>
Net income attributable to:									
8610 Owners of the parent		\$ 14,942,090	19	\$ 7,804,936	10	\$ 34,984,219	16	\$ 21,493,787	9
8620 Non-controlling interest		1,810,983	2	1,166,787	1	3,893,123	1	3,009,951	1
		<u>\$ 16,753,073</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>\$ 8,971,723</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>\$ 38,877,342</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>\$ 24,503,738</u>	<u>10</u>
Total comprehensive income attributable to:									
8710 Owners of the parent		\$ 14,352,410	18	(\$ 6,775,544)	(9)	\$ 30,982,465	13	(\$ 3,664,552)	(2)
8720 Non-controlling interest		2,907,116	4	1,610,850	2	6,331,159	3	4,900,168	2
		<u>\$ 17,259,526</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>(\$ 5,164,694)</u>	<u>(7)</u>	<u>\$ 37,313,624</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>\$ 1,235,616</u>	<u>-</u>
		Before Tax	After Tax	Before Tax	After Tax	Before Tax	After Tax	Before Tax	After Tax
Basic earnings per share	6(26)								
9710 Profit for the period from continuing operations		\$ 3.05	\$ 2.86	\$ 1.76	\$ 1.53	\$ 7.41	\$ 6.65	\$ 4.80	\$ 4.19
9720 Non-controlling interests		(0.38)	(0.30)	(0.29)	(0.19)	(0.95)	(0.66)	(0.74)	(0.51)
9750 Profit attributable to common shareholders of the parent		<u>\$ 2.67</u>	<u>\$ 2.56</u>	<u>\$ 1.47</u>	<u>\$ 1.34</u>	<u>\$ 6.46</u>	<u>\$ 5.99</u>	<u>\$ 4.06</u>	<u>\$ 3.68</u>
Assuming shares held by subsidiary are not deemed as treasury stock:									
Profit for the period from continuing operations		\$ 3.04	\$ 2.86	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.53	\$ 7.39	\$ 6.63	\$ 4.78	\$ 4.18
Non-controlling interests		(0.38)	(0.31)	(0.28)	(0.20)	(0.95)	(0.66)	(0.73)	(0.51)
Profit attributable to common shareholders of the parent		<u>\$ 2.66</u>	<u>\$ 2.55</u>	<u>\$ 1.47</u>	<u>\$ 1.33</u>	<u>\$ 6.44</u>	<u>\$ 5.97</u>	<u>\$ 4.05</u>	<u>\$ 3.67</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
See review report of independent accountants dated November 4, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent												
Notes	Retained earnings					Other equity interest				Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
	Share capital - common stock	Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges	Treasury stocks			
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015												
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 58,611,863	\$ 8,668,561	\$ 42,852,687	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 33,888,706	\$ 4,235,625	\$ 87,580,223	(\$ 2,622)	(\$ 332,413)	\$ 277,430,180	\$ 45,869,920	\$ 323,300,100
Appropriations of 2014 earnings												
Legal reserve	-	-	1,053,029	-	(1,053,029)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(7,033,423)	-	-	-	-	(7,033,423)	-	(7,033,423)
Dividends paid to subsidiaries to adjust capital surplus	-	6,701	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,701	-	6,701
Difference between proceeds on acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its carrying amount	-	559	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	559	2,817	3,376
Changes in the net interest of associates recognised under the equity method	-	165,181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165,181	-	165,181
Stocks of the parent company purchased by the subsidiary and recognised as treasury stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,896)	(19,896)	-	(19,896)
Cash dividends paid by consolidated subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,708,087)	(1,708,087)
Adjustment in non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,769)	(4,769)
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	21,493,787	-	-	-	-	21,493,787	3,009,951	24,503,738
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	811,626	(25,990,385)	20,420	-	(25,158,339)	1,890,217	(23,268,122)
Balance at September 30, 2015	<u>\$ 58,611,863</u>	<u>\$ 8,841,002</u>	<u>\$ 43,905,716</u>	<u>\$ 41,927,550</u>	<u>\$ 47,296,041</u>	<u>\$ 5,047,251</u>	<u>\$ 61,589,838</u>	<u>\$ 17,798</u>	<u>(\$ 352,309)</u>	<u>\$ 266,884,750</u>	<u>\$ 49,060,049</u>	<u>\$ 315,944,799</u>

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent													

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
See review report of independent accountants dated November 4, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	For the nine-month periods ended September 30	
		2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		\$ 43,294,752	\$ 28,034,542
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation	6(9)(23)	12,181,573	12,500,459
Amortization	6(23)	2,717,314	2,486,321
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)(11)(21)	(2,510)	(268)
Loss (gain) from price recovery of inventory	6(6)	80,946	(1,279,852)
Impairment loss on financial assets	6(7)	207,066	-
Interest expense	6(22)	1,469,642	1,713,021
Interest income	6(20)	(285,533)	(362,768)
Dividend income	6(20)	(6,243,361)	(3,285,815)
Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for under the equity method		(13,427,505)	(9,498,365)
(Gain) loss on disposal and scrap of property, plant and equipment	6(21)	(7,159)	215,203
Gain on disposal of investments	6(21)	(182,497)	(63,876)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		30,350	-
Notes receivable		169,994	3,637,322
Notes receivable-related parties		3,286	(2,265)
Accounts receivable		(1,143,538)	2,352,847
Accounts receivable-related parties		889,726	638,684
Other receivables		(1,826,854)	6,734,442
Inventories		5,387,201	8,130,291
Other current assets		(4,087,830)	(1,885,046)
Other non-current assets		320,973	(38,347)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Notes payable		(45,157)	(160,669)
Accounts payable		1,624,670	3,441,253
Accounts payable-related parties		(1,506,823)	(3,684,522)
Other payables		(58,007)	(3,430,146)
Other current liabilities		639,499	578,197
Accrued pension liabilities		(2,081,140)	(230,551)
Cash inflow generated from operations		38,119,078	46,540,092
Interest received		233,769	331,320
Interest paid		(1,525,322)	(1,980,985)
Income tax paid		(4,253,760)	(368,390)
Dividend received		17,439,723	6,798,323
Net cash flows from operating activities		50,013,488	51,320,360

(Continued)

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

		For the nine-month periods ended September 30	
	Notes	2016	2015
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
(Increase) decrease in other receivables-related parties		(\$ 7,467,492)	\$ 4,967,378
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets		(5,478,021)	(3,881,011)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets		125,982	3,898,633
Acquisition of financial assets measured at cost		-	(25,130)
Cash refund from capital reduction in financial assets measured at cost		10,704	13,380
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost		13,365	-
Acquisition of investments accounted for under the equity method		(85,000)	(600,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under equity method		8,760	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(7,408,470)	(11,806,278)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		28,722	81,286
Acquisition of intangible assets		(234)	(77,590)
Increase in non-current assets		(2,026,304)	(1,877,367)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(22,277,988)	(9,306,699)
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings		(4,065,063)	1,983,855
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable		(249,710)	(299,775)
(Decrease) increase in other payables-related parties		(2,320,309)	43,354
Increase in long-term borrowings		11,510,916	10,852,428
Payment of long-term borrowings		(10,640,698)	(14,811,048)
Payment of bonds payable		(6,000,000)	(6,000,000)
(Decrease) increase in other non-current liabilities		(16,695)	65,994
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits		(18,231)	28,453
Payment of cash dividends	6(26)	(21,715,274)	(6,217,846)
Decrease in non-controlling interest		-	(1,708,087)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(33,515,064)	(16,062,672)
Effect of foreign exchange translations		(924,611)	(410,204)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(6,704,175)	25,540,785
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		34,744,139	14,335,920
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 28,039,964	\$ 39,876,705

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
See review report of independent accountants dated November 4, 2016.

FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation (the “Company”) was founded on March 5, 1965. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred herein as the “Group”) now has eight business divisions, namely First Chemical Division, Petrochemicals Division, Third Chemical Division, Plastics Division, Textile Division, First Fiber Division and its subsidiaries, Second Fiber Division, and Engineering & Construction Division. The Group’s major businesses are production and sales of petrochemical products, including PTA, PS, AN, Butadiene, SM polymer, SM, benzene, toluene, p-xylene (PX) and o-xylene (OX), as well as nylon fiber, and rayon staple fiber. The Group is also engaged in spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on November 4, 2016.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

None.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2017 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective Date by International Accounting Standards Board
Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception (amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	January 1, 2016
Accounting for acquisition of interests in joint operations (amendments to IFRS 11)	January 1, 2016
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 1)	January 1, 2016
Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	January 1, 2016
Agriculture: bearer plants (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	January 1, 2016
Defined benefit plans: employee contributions (amendments to IAS 19R)	July 1, 2014
Equity method in separate financial statements (amendments to IAS 27)	January 1, 2016
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets (amendments to IAS 36)	January 1, 2014
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (amendments to IAS 39)	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014	January 1, 2016

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating results based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28, 'Investment entities: Applying the consolidation exception'

The amendments clarify the following:

- (a) If the ultimate parent of the Group's intermediate parent entity is an investment entity and measures it at fair value through profit or loss, and the intermediate parent entity also meets other criteria for exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements, it is not required to present consolidated financial statements.
- (b) If a subsidiary of an investment entity that provides the investment-related services is itself an investment entity, the investment entity parent shall measure that subsidiary at fair value through profit or loss. If that subsidiary is not itself an investment entity and whose main purpose is providing investment-related services as an extension of the operations of the investment entity parent, the investment entity parent shall consolidate that subsidiary.
- (c) If an entity that is not itself an investment entity has an interest in an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, the entity may choose, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to the

investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiaries, or to unwind the fair value measurement and instead perform a consolidation at the level of the investment entity associate or joint venture.

B. Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment clarifies the presentation of materiality, aggregation and subtotals, the framework of financial report, and the guide for accounting disclosure.

C. Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38, 'Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation'

The amendments clarify that a revenue-based method of depreciation or amortization is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset, such as other inputs and processes, selling activities and changes in sales volumes and prices.

D. Amendments to IAS 19, 'Defined benefit plans: Employee contributions'

The amendment allows contributions made by employees or third parties that are linked to service, and do not vary with the length of employee service, to be deducted from the cost of benefits earned in the period that the service is provided. Contributions made by employees or third parties that are linked to service, and vary according to the length of employee service, must be spread over the service period using the same attribution method that is applied to the benefits.

E. Amendments to IAS 36, 'Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets'

The amendments remove the requirement to disclose recoverable amount when a cash generating unit (CGU) contains goodwill or indefinite lived intangible assets but there has been no impairment. When a material impairment loss has been recognised or reversed for an individual asset, including goodwill, or a CGU, it is required to disclose the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU. If the recoverable amount is fair value less costs of disposal, it is required to disclose the level of the fair value hierarchy, the valuation techniques(s) used and key assumptions.

F. Amendments to IAS 39, 'Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting'

The amendments state that when the parties to a derivative being designated as a hedging instrument agree that one or more clearing counterparties replace their original counterparty to become the new counterparty to each of the parties, and the novated derivative comply with all of the following criteria, there would be no need to discontinue hedge accounting:

- (a) Novation to a central counterparty must happen as a consequence of laws or regulations or the introduction of laws or regulations.
- (b) Following the novation, a central counterparty would become the new counterparty to each of the original parties to the derivative.
- (c) Any changes to the derivative are limited to those that are necessary to effect such a replacement of the counterparty. Such changes include changes in the collateral requirements, rights to offset receivables and payables balances, and charges levied. However, this does not include changes to the maturity, the payment dates, or the contractual cash flows.

G. IFRIC 21, 'Levies'

This interpretation addresses the accounting for a liability to pay a levy (excluding income taxes) recognised in accordance with IAS 37, 'Provisions'. An entity recognises the liability when the obligating event occurs. The fact that an entity is economically compelled to continue operating in a future period, or prepares its financial statements under the going concern principle, does not create an obligation to pay a levy that will arise from operating in the future. The interpretation also requires that an obligation to pay a levy triggered by a minimum threshold is recognised when the threshold is reached.

H. Annual improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 cycle

(a) IFRS 8, 'Operating segments'

The standard is amended to require disclosure of judgments made by management in aggregating operating segments. This amendment also clarifies that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets is required only when segment assets is provided to chief operating decision maker regularly.

(b) IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'

When issuing IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement', the IASB removed the guidance that an entity could measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at invoice amounts without discounting, when the effect of not discounting is immaterial. The amendment clarifies the deletion was made by IASB noting that paragraph 8 of IAS 8 already permits entities not to apply accounting policies set out in accordance with IFRSs when the effect of applying them is immaterial. The IASB did not intend to change the aforementioned measurement requirements, thus, entities can still apply above standard.

(c) IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures'

The standard is amended to include, as a related party, an entity (or any member of a group of which it is a part) that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity ('the management entity').

I. Annual improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 cycle

IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement'

The amendment clarifies that the exception of measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities (portfolio exception) applies to all financial assets, financial liabilities and other contracts within the scope of IFRS 9 or IAS 39.

J. Annual improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 cycle

(a) IFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: Disclosures'

The amendment provides additional guidance to determine whether the terms of an arrangement to service a financial asset which has been transferred constitute continuing involvement and thus the disclosure requirement of transferred financial assets applies. Also, this amendment clarifies that disclosure of offsetting is not required for all interim periods.

(b) IAS 19, 'Employee benefits'

The amendment clarifies that, when determining the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, it is the currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important, and not the country where they arise. The assessment of whether there is a deep market in high-quality corporate bonds or not is based on corporate bonds in that currency, and not corporate bonds in a particular country. Similarly, where there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds in that currency, government bonds in the relevant currency should be used.

(c) IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting'

The amendment clarifies what is meant by the reference in the standard to "information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report". The amendment further amends IAS 34 to require a cross-reference from the interim financial statements to the location of that information.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective Date by International Accounting Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions (amendments to IFRS 2)	January 1, 2018
Applying IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' with IFRS 4, 'Insurance contracts' (amendments to IFRS 4)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (amendments to IFRS 15)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (amendments to IAS 12)	January 1, 2017

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating results based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

A. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at

fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortised cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.

- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognise 12-month expected credit losses ('ECL') or lifetime ECL (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment, interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance).
- (c) The amended general hedge accounting requirements align hedge accounting more closely with an entity's risk management strategy. Risk components of non-financial items and a group of items can be designated as hedged items. The standard relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness, removing the 80-125% bright line, and introduces the concept of 'rebalancing'; while its risk management objective remains unchanged, an entity shall rebalance the hedged item or the hedging instrument for the purpose of maintaining the hedge ratio.

B. Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'

The amendments resolve a current inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28. The gain or loss resulting from a transaction that involves sales or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint ventures is recognized either in full or partially depending on the nature of the assets sold or contributed:

- (a) If sales or contributions of assets constitute a 'business', the full gain or loss is recognized;
- (b) If sales or contributions of assets do not constitute a 'business', the partial gain or loss is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

C. IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'

IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' replaces IAS 11, 'Construction Contracts', IAS 18, 'Revenue' and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

Step 1: Identify contracts with customer

Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s)

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price

Step 5: Recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

D. Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation (the promise to transfer goods or services to a customer) in a contract; determine whether a company is a principal (the provider of goods or services) or an agent (responsible for arranging for the goods or services to be provided); and determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognised at a point in time or over time. In addition to the clarifications, the amendments include two additional reliefs to reduce cost and complexity for a company when it first applies the new Standard.

E. IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognise a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

F. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

G. Amendments to IAS 12, 'Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses'

These amendments clarify the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses related to debt instruments measured at fair value, and they clarify several of the general principles underlying the accounting for deferred tax assets. The amendments clarify that a deductible temporary difference exists whenever an asset is measured at fair value and that fair value is below the asset's tax base. When an entity assesses whether taxable profits will be available against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference, it considers a deductible temporary difference in combination with all of its other deductible temporary differences unless there are tax law restrictions, and the tax deduction resulting from temporary differences is excluded from estimated future taxable profits. The amendments are effective from January 1, 2017.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless

otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and the International Accounting Standards 34, ‘Interim Financial Reporting’ as endorsed by FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus unrecognized past service cost and unrecognized actuarial losses, and less unrecognized actuarial gains and present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent’s ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as

equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Spinning, dyeing printing and finishing, and manufacturing synthetic fibre and rug and carpet	100.00	100.00	100.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
The Company	FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Investing	100.00	100.00	100.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
The Company	FCFC International Limited (Cayman)	Investing	100.00	-	-	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Cogeneration power generation business	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Investing	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Manufacturing Acetone and Synthetic Phenolic	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Polystyrene	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of PTA	100.00	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Manufacturing and sale of cleaner and cosmetics	88.59	88.59	88.59	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Removal and disposal of waste	51.00	51.00	51.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 88.59% of voting rights owned company - Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. (Note 1)
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. holds more than 50% of voting rights (Note 1)
Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Corp. Ltd.	Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	Importing, exporting and wholesale of health food	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Corp. Ltd. (Note 1)
The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Spinning	86.40	86.40	86.40	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Wholesale and retail of petrochemical and plastic raw materials	50.00	50.00	50.00	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Chemistry, international trade of petrochemistry	50.00	50.00	50.00	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa BP Chemicals Corp. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp.	Production and marketing of textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton, hydropower	42.50	42.50	42.50	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Industries Corp. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of Polyamine fabric, Polyester fabric, cotton fabric, blended fabric and tire cord fabric	37.40	37.40	37.40	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Taffeta Co. Ltd as a subsidiary.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Assembly, testing, model processing and research and development of various integrated circuits	65.68	65.68	65.68	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Production of cotton lun, Terylene greige cloth, coloured cloth and textured processing yarn products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton, hydropower	100.00	100.00	100.00	The Company and Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. hold more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Assembly, testing, model processing and research and development of various integrated circuits	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Nylon and Polyamine fabric	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Sale of hi-tech performance fabric of 3XDRY, Nanosphere, Keprotec, Dynatec, Spirit and Reflex	43.00	43.00	43.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. has substantial control and thus regards Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. as a subsidiary. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Import and export, entrepot trade, merchandise export processing, warehousing and design and drawing of black and white and colour graphs	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of nylon and polyester filament products	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights. (Note 1)
Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of processing fabric of nylon filament knitted cloth, weaving and dyeing as well as post processing of knitted fabric	100.00	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (Note 1)

Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of significant subsidiary.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$53,651,502, \$50,247,015 and \$49,060,049, respectively. The information of non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

Name of subsidiary	Principal place of business	Non-controlling interest				Description
		September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		
		Amount	Ownership (%)	Amount	Ownership (%)	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	\$ 36,613,977	37.40	\$ 33,188,742	37.40	(Note)

Name of subsidiary	Principal place of business	Non-controlling interest			Description
		September 30, 2015			
		Amount	Ownership (%)		
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	\$ 33,114,370	37.40	(Note)	

Note : As the Company holds more than half of the seats in the Board and hence has substantial control, the company is included in the consolidated financial statements.

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.		
	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Current assets	\$ 22,166,265	\$ 22,927,207	\$ 22,701,887
Non-current assets	62,049,983	57,127,848	56,713,061
Current liabilities	9,221,028	10,609,001	10,857,563
Non-current liabilities	12,913,218	13,377,324	13,402,075
Total net assets	<u>\$ 62,082,002</u>	<u>\$ 56,068,730</u>	<u>\$ 55,155,310</u>

Statements of comprehensive income

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	
	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Revenue	\$ 9,532,720	\$ 10,265,621
Profit before income tax	2,253,295	1,227,954
Income tax expense	(114,419)	(105,979)
Profit for the period	2,138,876	1,121,975
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	2,106,319	(116,665)
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 4,245,195	\$ 1,005,310
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$ 109,500	\$ 81,518

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Revenue	\$ 30,325,459	\$ 32,891,550
Profit before income tax	3,898,947	3,005,016
Income tax expense	(521,204)	(498,048)
Profit for the period	3,377,743	2,506,968
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	4,966,650	3,025,506
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$ 8,344,393	\$ 5,532,474
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$ 299,064	\$ 260,279

Statements of cash flows

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 6,064,366	\$ 4,237,480
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,375,159)	(1,702,396)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(3,871,258)	(1,197,234)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	30,994	(35,815)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(151,057)	1,302,035
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	5,640,597	3,796,868
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 5,489,540</u>	<u>\$ 5,098,903</u>

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'

B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or jointly controlled entity, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, even the Group still retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or jointly controlled entity after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former jointly controlled entity, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading or financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial assets held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial assets that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:

- (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
- (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in profit or loss. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

(8) Available-for-sale financial assets

A. Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories.

B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, available-for-sale financial assets are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

C. Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

(9) Loans and receivables

Accounts receivable are loans and receivables originated by the entity. They are created by the

entity by selling goods or providing services to customers in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. However, short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.
- B. The criteria that the Group uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:
- (a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
 - (b) A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
 - (c) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;
 - (d) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
 - (e) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (f) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;
 - (g) Information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technology, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and indicates that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered;
 - (h) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- C. When the Group assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment and an impairment loss has occurred, accounting for impairment is made as follows according to the category of financial assets:
- (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost
The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognized in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized

impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognized previously. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(b) Financial assets measured at cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market return rate of similar financial asset, and is recognized in profit or loss. Impairment loss recognized for this category shall not be reversed subsequently. Impairment loss is recognized by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (less any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss, and is reclassified from 'other comprehensive income' to 'profit or loss'. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an investment in a debt instrument increases, and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, then such impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss of an investment in an equity instrument recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(13) Investments accounted for using equity method /associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 per cent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Land improvements	3 ~ 15 years
Buildings	10 ~ 60 years
Machinery and equipment	5 ~ 15 years
Transportation equipment	3 ~ 15 years
Other equipment	2 ~ 15 years

(15) Intangible assets

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish,

the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(19) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading or financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:

- (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
- (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.

(20) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(21) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(22) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Any changes in the fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

(23) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit net obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as other equity.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(24) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive

income or equity.

- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(25) Treasury shares

Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is

deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(26) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(27) Revenue recognition

A. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account corporate tax, returns, rebates and discounts for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied.

B. The Group offers customers price discounts. The Group estimates such discounts based on historical experience. Provisions for such liabilities are recorded when the sales are recognized. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

(28) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. The information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Financial assets—impairment of equity investments

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 39 to determine whether a financial asset-equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an equity investment is less than its cost and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of tangible assets

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgement and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilised and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of the Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

B. Realisability of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Assessment of the realisability of deferred tax assets involves critical accounting judgements and estimates of the management, including the assumptions of expected future sales revenue growth rate and profit rate, available tax credits, tax planning, etc. Any variations in global economic environment, industrial environment, and laws and regulations might cause material adjustments to deferred tax assets.

C. Calculation of net defined benefit liabilities

When calculating the present value of defined pension obligations, the Group must apply judgements and estimates to determine the actuarial assumptions on balance sheet date, including discount rates and future salary growth rate. Any changes in these assumptions could significantly impact the carrying amount of defined pension obligations.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$ 296,553	\$ 67,624	\$ 67,973
Checking accounts and demand deposits	8,507,574	7,306,317	15,705,233
Cash equivalents			
Time deposits	13,900,126	20,408,861	18,645,297
Bonds repurchased and commercial paper	5,335,711	6,961,337	5,458,202
	<u>\$ 28,039,964</u>	<u>\$ 34,744,139</u>	<u>\$ 39,876,705</u>

A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at balance sheet date is the carrying amount of all cash and cash equivalents.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Current items:			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Beneficiary certificate	\$ 619,504	\$ 649,854	\$ 649,854
Non-hedging derivatives	411	12	38
	619,915	649,866	649,892
Valuation adjustments of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,625	5,945	5,106
	<u>\$ 627,540</u>	<u>\$ 655,811</u>	<u>\$ 654,998</u>

A. The Group recognized gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounting to \$593, \$282, \$2,079 and \$2,297 for the three-month periods and the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transaction and contract information are as follows:

Derivative Instruments	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Contract Amount (Notional Principal) (in thousands)	Contract Period	Contract Amount (Notional Principal) (in thousands)	Contract Period
Current items:				
Forward exchange contracts:				
CHB	-	-	USD 2,000	2015.12~2016.02
Taipei Fubon	JPY 135,240	2016.08~2016.10	-	-
Derivative Instruments	September 30, 2015		September 30, 2015	
	Contract Amount (Notional Principal) (in thousands)	Contract Period	Contract Amount (Notional Principal) (in thousands)	Contract Period
Current items:				
Forward exchange contracts:				
Taipei Fubon			JPY 46,200	2015.07~2015.11
Cross currency swap swap contract				
ANZ			USD 100,000	2012.12~2015.12

(a) Cross currency swap

The Group entered into long-term foreign exchange contracts with financial institutions to hedge cash flow risk of the floating-rate and exchange rate liability positions. However, these long-term foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(b) Forward exchange contracts

The Group entered into forward exchange contracts to buy USD and JPY to hedge exchange rate risk of Ninth naphtha cracker project from syndicated long-term borrowings. However, these forward exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(3) Available-for-sale financial assets

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Current items:			
Listed (TSE and OTC)			
stocks	\$ 25,764,333	\$ 25,866,696	\$ 23,610,875
Unlisted stocks	825,839	825,839	825,839
Fund	4,903,800	-	-
Valuation adjustments of			
available-for-sale financial			
assets	<u>57,631,766</u>	<u>59,028,119</u>	<u>46,871,104</u>
	89,125,738	85,720,654	71,307,818
Less: Accumulated			
impairment	(<u>2,291,703</u>)	(<u>2,291,703</u>)	(<u>2,291,703</u>)
	<u>\$ 86,834,035</u>	<u>\$ 83,428,951</u>	<u>\$ 69,016,115</u>
Non-current items:			
Listed (TSE and OTC)			
stocks	\$ 9,418,267	\$ 8,859,919	\$ 11,109,919
Valuation adjustments of			
available-for-sale financial			
assets	<u>28,798,666</u>	<u>23,229,293</u>	<u>25,492,078</u>
	38,216,933	32,089,212	36,601,997
Less: Accumulated			
impairment	(<u>2,613,085</u>)	(<u>2,613,085</u>)	(<u>2,613,085</u>)
	<u>\$ 35,603,848</u>	<u>\$ 29,476,127</u>	<u>\$ 33,988,912</u>

- A. The Company has sold Nan Ya Technology Corporation's shares of 1,069 thousand shares in open market in January 2015 for use of operating capital. Accordingly, the Company has recognised gain on disposal of investments of \$62,357 (recorded as other gains and losses).
- B. The Company participated in private placement of Nan Ya Technology Corp. in November 2011 and December 2012. As of December 31, 2015, the lock-up period of the equity investment in the private placement has expired. The Company has reclassified financial assets – non-current amounting to \$2,250,000 as current in accordance with the Company's intention.
- C. The Group purchased the Mega Private US Dollar Money Market Funds in January, March and May 2016. The trading unit was 2,500,000 units, 4,994,157 units and 7,483,835 units and the trading amount was USD 25 million, USD 50 million and USD 75 million, respectively.
- D. The Group recognized \$5,897,644 and \$3,020,671 as dividend income from available-for-sale financial assets for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- E. As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, available-for-sale financial assets pledged to banks are described in Note 8.

(4) Notes receivable, net

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Notes receivable	\$ 6,411,915	\$ 6,581,909	\$ 7,480,923
Less: allowance for bad debts	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 6,411,915</u>	<u>\$ 6,581,909</u>	<u>\$ 7,480,923</u>

(5) Accounts receivable, net

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 16,103,550	\$ 14,962,656	\$ 16,895,943
Less: allowance for bad debts	(277,708)	(280,352)	(282,333)
	<u>\$ 15,825,842</u>	<u>\$ 14,682,304</u>	<u>\$ 16,613,610</u>

A. The credit quality of the Group's accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired qualify the industrial characteristics, operating scale and profit situation of the counterparty.

B. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Up to 30 days	\$ 453,862	\$ 470,200	\$ 401,509
31 to 90 days	95,013	66,622	93,892
91 to 180 days	25,283	16,494	14,715
Over 181 days	6,218	5,781	3,875
	<u>\$ 580,376</u>	<u>\$ 559,097</u>	<u>\$ 513,991</u>

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

C. Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016</u>		
	<u>Individual provision</u>	<u>Group provision</u>	<u>Total</u>
At January 1	\$ 156,022	\$ 124,330	\$ 280,352
Write-off	-	(127)	(127)
Effect of exchange rate	-	(2,517)	(2,517)
At September 30	<u>\$ 156,022</u>	<u>\$ 121,686</u>	<u>\$ 277,708</u>

	<u>Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015</u>		
	<u>Individual provision</u>	<u>Group provision</u>	<u>Total</u>
At January 1	\$ 156,022	\$ 145,290	\$ 301,312
Write-off	-	(19,042)	(19,042)
Effect of exchange rate	-	63	63
At September 30	<u>\$ 156,022</u>	<u>\$ 126,311</u>	<u>\$ 282,333</u>

D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

(6) Inventories

September 30, 2016			
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 9,971,756	(\$ 82,478)	\$ 9,889,278
Materials	5,737,759	(204,339)	5,533,420
Work in process	5,957,641	(24,936)	5,932,705
Finished goods	13,720,125	(625,847)	13,094,278
Other inventory	193,453	-	193,453
	<u>\$ 35,580,734</u>	<u>(\$ 937,600)</u>	<u>\$ 34,643,134</u>
December 31, 2015			
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 12,541,924	(\$ 263,384)	\$ 12,278,540
Materials	6,205,173	(3,151)	6,202,022
Work in process	6,708,556	(46,129)	6,662,427
Finished goods	15,220,829	(547,849)	14,672,980
Other inventory	186,068	-	186,068
	<u>\$ 40,862,550</u>	<u>(\$ 860,513)</u>	<u>\$ 40,002,037</u>
September 30, 2015			
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 12,159,942	(\$ 255,040)	\$ 11,904,902
Materials	6,563,847	(6,245)	6,557,602
Work in process	7,126,442	(33,564)	7,092,878
Finished goods	16,983,955	(617,704)	16,366,251
Other inventory	176,022	-	176,022
	<u>\$ 43,010,208</u>	<u>(\$ 912,553)</u>	<u>\$ 42,097,655</u>

Expense and loss incurred on inventories for the three-month periods and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 67,541,765	\$ 72,137,632
Loss on inventory valuation (Note)	398,426	256,761
Idle capacity	193,179	514,659
Others	-	2,328
	<u>\$ 68,133,370</u>	<u>\$ 72,911,380</u>

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 199,297,167	\$ 225,560,983
Loss (gain) on inventory valuation (Note)	80,946 (	1,279,852)
Idle capacity	588,616	797,767
Others	(10,736)	(42,297)
	<u>\$ 199,955,993</u>	<u>\$ 225,036,601</u>

Note: The gain from price recovery for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 resulted from the disposal of inventory which were previously provided with allowance. As the market value of petroleum related products decreased for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2016 and the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016, the Group recognized related allowance for inventory valuation losses after assessment.

(7) Financial assets measured at cost

<u>Items</u>	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Non-current items:			
Mai Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	\$ 539,260	\$ 539,260	\$ 539,260
Formosa Plastic Corp. U.S.A	818,316	818,316	818,316
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.	1,800	1,800	1,800
Taiwan Aerospace Corp.	10,702	10,702	10,702
Yi-Jih Development Corp.	3,000	3,000	3,000
Chinese Television System Corp.	38,419	38,419	38,419
Formosa Automobile Corp.	1,750	1,750	1,750
Formosa Development Corp.	90,010	90,010	90,010
Formosa Technologies Corp.	16,058	16,058	16,856
Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.	15,000	15,000	15,000
Formosa Ocean Group Marine Investment Corp.	856,948	856,948	856,948
Guangyuan Investment Corp.	50,000	50,000	50,000
Taiwan Leader Biotech Corp.	21,033	21,033	21,033
Toa Resin Corp., Ltd.	3,000	3,000	3,000
Shin Yun Natural Gas Corp.	3,100	3,100	3,100
Wk Technology Fund IV Ltd.	23,813	34,517	34,517
Syntronix Corporation	4,417	4,417	4,417
United Performance Materials Corp.	8,400	8,400	8,400
Association of R.O.C. in Xiamen	142	156	154
Nan Ya Photonics Inc.	294,583	294,583	294,583
United Biopharma, Inc.	635,828	635,828	635,828
Formosa Lithium Iron Oxide Corp.	53,000	53,000	53,000
Mega Growth Venture Capital Co.,Ltd.	25,000	25,000	25,000
Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	19,862,166	-	-
UBI Pharma Inc.	692,281	-	-
	24,068,026	3,524,297	3,525,093
Less: Accumulated Impairment	(207,066)	-	-
	<u>\$ 23,860,960</u>	<u>\$ 3,524,297</u>	<u>\$ 3,525,093</u>

- A. According to the Group's intention, the investment in above stocks should be classified as available-for-sale financial assets. However, as these stocks are not traded in active market, and no sufficient industry information of companies similar to the Group's financial information can be obtained, the fair value of the investment in stocks cannot be measured reliably. Accordingly, the Group classified those stocks as 'financial assets measured at cost'.
- B. The Group recognized \$345,717 and \$265,144 as dividend income from investment in financial assets measured at cost for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- C. The Group assessed and recognised impairment loss of \$207,066 on the parts of the stocks mentioned above for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016.
- D. As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015, and September 30, 2015, no financial assets measured at cost held by the Group were pledged to others.

(8) Investments accounted for using equity method

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Formosa Heavy Industries Corp.	\$ 7,906,089	\$ 8,353,099	\$ 8,378,550
Formosa Fairway Corp.	78,247	81,090	80,086
Formosa Plastics Transport Corp.	762,187	733,803	731,213
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	66,944,778	64,138,149	60,433,839
Mai Liao Power Corp.	10,886,989	11,324,458	11,150,471
Hwa Ya Science Park Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	1,965	1,861	2,294
Chia-Nan Enterprise Corp.	260,658	261,493	258,032
Su Hua Transport Corp.	243,766	219,427	212,395
Formosa Environmental Technology Corp.	257,652	261,178	263,448
Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Ltd.	-	5,400,384	5,363,906
Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp.	356,696	369,090	375,566
Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp. (Hong Kong)	113,809	549,701	685,758
Formosa Resource Corp.	4,078,405	4,387,101	4,319,568
Formosa Group (Cayman) Corp.	212,728	154,121	98,601
Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp.	-	15,754,440	15,944,035
Formosa Construction Corp.	92,824	10,661	11,552
Beyoung International Corp.	93,043	91,844	94,112
Ubi Pharma Inc.	-	632,313	584,933
Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.	901,966	951,527	947,705
Changshu Yu Yuan Co., Ltd.	54,478	24,408	25,678
	<u>\$ 93,246,280</u>	<u>\$ 113,700,148</u>	<u>\$ 109,961,742</u>

A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associate that is material to the Group is as follows:

<u>Company name</u>	<u>Principal place of business</u>	<u>Shareholding ratio</u>		<u>Nature of relationship</u>	<u>Method of measurement</u>
		<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>		
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	24.15%	24.15%	Investments accounted for using equity method	Equity method

<u>Company name</u>	<u>Principal place of business</u>	<u>Shareholding ratio</u>	<u>Nature of relationship</u>	<u>Method of measurement</u>
		<u>September 30, 2015</u>		
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	24.38%	Investments accounted for using equity method	Equity method

(b) The summarised financial information of the associate that is material to the Group is shown below:

Balance sheet

	<u>Formosa Petrochemical Corp.</u>		
	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Current assets	\$ 240,202,278	\$ 230,637,376	\$ 213,600,459
Non-current assets	175,748,734	194,830,098	201,121,438
Current liabilities	(56,302,260)	(58,763,026)	(59,524,006)
Non-current liabilities	(81,004,323)	(99,980,734)	(106,472,217)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 278,644,429</u>	<u>\$ 266,723,714</u>	<u>\$ 248,725,674</u>
Share in associate's net assets	\$ 67,292,630	\$ 64,413,777	\$ 60,639,319
Unrealised profit from sale of upstream transactions	(229,111)	(156,532)	(85,765)
Net differences in share capital	(118,741)	(119,096)	(119,715)
Carrying amount of the associate	<u>\$ 66,944,778</u>	<u>\$ 64,138,149</u>	<u>\$ 60,433,839</u>

Statement of comprehensive income

	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	
	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Revenue	\$ 128,451,229	\$ 140,207,369
Profit for the period from continuing operations	16,686,479	8,966,726
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(480,348)	(8,240,100)
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 16,206,131</u>	<u>\$ 726,626</u>

	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	
	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Revenue	\$ 393,874,901	\$ 479,217,566
Profit for the period from continuing operations	52,968,128	34,781,503
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(2,939,132)	(17,730,581)
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 50,028,996</u>	<u>\$ 17,050,922</u>

- (c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015 the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$26,301,502, \$49,561,999 and \$49,527,903, respectively.

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2016	Three-month period ended September 30, 2015
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$ 1,054,373	\$ 735,170
Other comprehensive (loss) income-net	(506,597)	1,100,880
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 547,776</u>	<u>\$ 1,836,050</u>

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$ 3,810,053	\$ 1,873,004
Other comprehensive (loss) income-net	(1,151,182)	191,196
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 2,658,871</u>	<u>\$ 2,064,200</u>

(d)The fair value of the Group's associates which have quoted market price was as follows:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	\$ <u>216,735,341</u>	\$ <u>181,303,024</u>	\$ <u>181,875,224</u>

- B. Except for the financial statements of Formosa Petrochemical Corp. was reviewed by the Company's appointed independent accountants, the financial statements of other investees accounted for using equity method for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were not reviewed.
- C. In response to Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation's planning of shareholding, the Group has signed an agreement for the transfer of capital contribution with Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited in September 2014, whereby the Group will transfer all its capital contribution of USD\$689,955 thousand in Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation as investment in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. The Group has conducted restructuring in June, 2015, transferring 14.75% of equity in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited to Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Limited as capital contribution. After reorganization, the Group now indirectly holds 19.71% of voting rights of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation through direct ownership in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. Although the shareholding ratio is less than 20%, as the Group still has significant influence over Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp., the Group accounts for Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp. using equity method. In August, 2015, Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited received cash from a capital increase. Since Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd., the Group's subsidiary, and Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp., the Group's associate, did not subscribe to the capital increase proportionately, the Group's overall ownership percentage decreased from 19.71% to 16.5%. Accordingly, capital surplus was recognized. In January 2016, the Group has transferred all its share capital of Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp. as investment in FCFC International Limited (Cayman). After reorganisation, the Group's subsidiaries, FCFC International Limited (Cayman) and Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Co.,Ltd. collectively hold 15.28% of share capital of Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. As the Group has no significant influence over subsidiaries in management decisions, the Group discontinues accounting the subsidiary using the equity method when the Group loses significant influence and reclassifies the investment as the financial assets at cost.
- D. In order to improve technical value and integrate related resources of biomedical industry and further develop the Group toward the high-end medical domain, the Group acquired 150 million shares of UBI Pharma Inc. at NT\$4 per share and shareholding ratio is 21.99%. Since July 2016, the Group has loss significant influence in operational decision making over UBI Pharma Inc.. As a result, the Group discontinued recognizing this investment accounted under equity method and reclassified the investment as financial assets at cost. As of September 30, 2016, the shareholding

ratio is 19.51%.

- E. In order to effectively utilise Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.'s residential land of 9,206 square metres, the Group adjusted the investment structure in March 2015 by reducing capital of Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. and splitting the above land for establishing Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd., whose 100% share ownership is held by Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. The above capital reduction, land division and establishment of a new company were completed in the first quarter of 2015. Furthermore, Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. merged with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. in July 2015, with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. as the surviving company. Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. holds 40.78% equity interest in Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd.
- F. The Group received cash dividends of \$11,196,362 and \$3,521,508 for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, from its investments accounted for using equity method. The cash dividends are recorded as a deduction from the Group's investments accounted for using equity method.
- G. As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, certain equity investments pledged to banks are described in Note 8.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

	Land and land improvements	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Transportation and equipment	Construction in progress and equipment to be inspected	Total
<u>At January 1, 2016</u>						
Cost	\$ 8,776,614	\$ 44,661,550	\$ 288,265,584	\$ 14,794,731	\$ 21,798,947	\$ 378,297,426
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(171,256)	(21,484,545)	(199,945,206)	(12,332,660)	-	(233,933,667)
	<u>\$ 8,605,358</u>	<u>\$ 23,177,005</u>	<u>\$ 88,320,378</u>	<u>\$ 2,462,071</u>	<u>\$ 21,798,947</u>	<u>\$ 144,363,759</u>
<u>2016</u>						
Opening net book amount	\$ 8,605,358	\$ 23,177,005	\$ 88,320,378	\$ 2,462,071	\$ 21,798,947	\$ 144,363,759
Additions	-	14,817	403,129	85,409	6,103,595	6,606,950
Disposals	(6)	(2,313)	(11,173)	(8,071)	-	(21,563)
Reclassifications	4,758	865,277	10,589,388	158,222	(11,726,888)	(109,243)
Depreciation charge	(238)	(1,087,129)	(10,703,065)	(391,141)	-	(12,181,573)
Net exchange difference	(201)	(890,127)	(3,023,930)	(42,029)	(662,128)	(4,618,415)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 8,609,671</u>	<u>\$ 22,077,530</u>	<u>\$ 85,574,727</u>	<u>\$ 2,264,461</u>	<u>\$ 15,513,526</u>	<u>\$ 134,039,915</u>
<u>At September 30, 2016</u>						
Cost	\$ 8,780,017	\$ 44,234,332	\$ 292,438,149	\$ 14,634,322	\$ 15,513,526	\$ 375,600,346
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(170,346)	(22,156,802)	(206,863,422)	(12,369,861)	-	(241,560,431)
	<u>\$ 8,609,671</u>	<u>\$ 22,077,530</u>	<u>\$ 85,574,727</u>	<u>\$ 2,264,461</u>	<u>\$ 15,513,526</u>	<u>\$ 134,039,915</u>

	Land and land improvements	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Transportation and equipment	Construction in progress and equipment to be inspected	Total
<u>At January 1, 2015</u>						
Cost	\$ 8,799,458	\$ 43,700,939	\$ 272,058,606	\$ 14,539,475	\$ 26,847,662	\$ 365,946,140
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(171,186)	(20,176,718)	(188,508,070)	(12,114,702)	-	(220,970,676)
	<u>\$ 8,628,272</u>	<u>\$ 23,524,221</u>	<u>\$ 83,550,536</u>	<u>\$ 2,424,773</u>	<u>\$ 26,847,662</u>	<u>\$ 144,975,464</u>
<u>2015</u>						
Opening net book amount	\$ 8,628,272	\$ 23,524,221	\$ 83,550,536	\$ 2,424,773	\$ 26,847,662	\$ 144,975,464
Additions	14,802	13,778	694,140	168,356	12,536,896	13,427,972
Disposals	(68)	(86)	(290,212)	(6,123)	-	(296,489)
Reclassifications	268	1,211,288	14,954,918	108,327	(16,163,013)	111,788
Depreciation charge	(247)	(1,084,145)	(11,006,870)	(409,197)	-	(12,500,459)
Net exchange difference	10	624	14,337	1,106	156,091	172,168
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 8,643,037</u>	<u>\$ 23,665,680</u>	<u>\$ 87,916,849</u>	<u>\$ 2,287,242</u>	<u>\$ 23,377,636</u>	<u>\$ 145,890,444</u>
<u>At September 30, 2015</u>						
Cost	\$ 8,814,542	\$ 44,901,598	\$ 286,295,549	\$ 14,610,635	\$ 23,377,636	\$ 377,999,960
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(171,505)	(21,235,918)	(198,378,700)	(12,323,393)	-	(232,109,516)
	<u>\$ 8,643,037</u>	<u>\$ 23,665,680</u>	<u>\$ 87,916,849</u>	<u>\$ 2,287,242</u>	<u>\$ 23,377,636</u>	<u>\$ 145,890,444</u>

- A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Amount capitalized	<u>\$ 45,152</u>	<u>\$ 29,068</u>
Interest rate	<u>1.04%~3.00%</u>	<u>0.77%~5.76%</u>
	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Amount capitalized	<u>\$ 135,557</u>	<u>\$ 143,631</u>
Interest rate	<u>1.04%~3.00%</u>	<u>0.77%~5.76%</u>

- B. Under the regulations, land may only be owned by individuals. Thus, the Group has already obtained ownership of the agricultural land for future plant expansion which was acquired by the Group under the name of a third party, and has pledged the full amount to the Company. As of September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, the pledged amount was \$824,537, \$624,637 and \$624,720, respectively.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

(10) Short-term loans and short-term notes and bills payable

Type of loans	September 30, 2016	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	\$ 2,558	0.41%	None
Secured loans	2,921,865	1.40%~2.40%	Note 8
Unsecured loans	19,683,162	0.69%~4.60%	None
Total short-term loans	<u>\$ 22,607,585</u>		
Short-term notes and bills payable	\$ 1,800,000	0.43%~0.71%	None
Short-term notes and bills payable discount	(346)		
Net short-term notes and bills payable	<u>\$ 1,799,654</u>		

Type of loans	December 31, 2015	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	\$ 6,791	1.20%~1.45%	None
Secured loans	3,201,165	1.39%~2.24%	Note 8
Unsecured loans	23,464,692	0.62%~4.60%	None
Total short-term loans	<u>\$ 26,672,648</u>		
Short-term notes and bills payable	\$ 2,050,000	0.60%~0.85%	None
Short-term notes and bills payable discount	(636)		
Net short-term notes and bills payable	<u>\$ 2,049,364</u>		

Type of loans	September 30, 2015	Interest rate range	Collateral
Secured loans	2,959,548	1.48%~2.21%	Note 8
Unsecured loans	28,211,506	0.68%~4.60%	None
Total short-term loans	<u>\$ 31,171,054</u>		
Short-term notes and bills payable	\$ 2,050,000	0.67~0.96%	None
Short-term notes and bills payable discount	(251)		
Net short-term notes and bills payable	<u>\$ 2,049,749</u>		

(11) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

<u>Items</u>	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Current items:			
Non-hedging derivatives	\$ 388	\$ 819	\$ 6,074

A. The Group recognized net gain (loss) on valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss amounting to \$143, (\$4,679), \$431 and (\$2,029) for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transaction and contract information are as follows:

<u>Derivative Financial Liabilities</u>	<u>September 30, 2016</u>			<u>December 31, 2015</u>		
	<u>Contract Amount</u>			<u>Contract Amount</u>		
	<u>(Notional Principal)</u>			<u>(Notional Principal)</u>		
	<u>(In thousand dollars)</u>	<u>Contract Period</u>		<u>(In thousand dollars)</u>	<u>Contract Period</u>	
Current items:						
Forward foreign exchange contracts						
CHB	-	-		USD 5,000	2015.11~2016.02	
Taipei Fubon	JPY 60,000	2016.09~2016.11		JPY 270,180	2015.12~2016.03	
Taipei Fubon	JPY 35,000	2016.09~2016.10		-	-	

<u>Derivative Financial Liabilities</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>		
	<u>Contract Amount</u>		
	<u>(Notional Principal)</u>		
	<u>(In thousand dollars)</u>	<u>Contract Period</u>	
Current items:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts			
CHB	USD 7,000	2015.08~2015.11	
Taipei Fubon	TWD 30,404	2015.09~2015.10	
Taipei Fubon	JPY 173,910	2015.07~2015.11	

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to buy USD and JPY to hedge exchange rate risk of selling prices. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

(12) Bonds payable

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Bonds payable			
Domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 56,000,000	\$ 58,000,000
Less: current portion	(8,750,000)	(9,500,000)	(8,000,000)
	<u>\$ 41,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 46,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 50,000,000</u>

The terms of nonconvertible corporate bonds were as follows:

Description	Issuance date	Maturity date	Yield rate (%)	Issued principal amount	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	Note
<u>2011</u>								
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2011.06.10	2015.6.10~ 2016.6.10	1.44	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2011.10.31	2015.10.31~ 2016.10.31	1.38	4,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	4,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
<u>2012</u>								
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2012.7.26	2016.7.26~ 2017.7.26	1.29	6,000,000	3,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2012.7.26	2018.7.26~ 2019.7.26	1.40	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2012.12.7	2016.12.7~ 2017.12.7	1.23	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2012.12.7	2018.12.7~ 2019.12.7	1.36	3,900,000	3,900,000	3,900,000	3,900,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - C	2012.12.7	2021.12.7~ 2022.12.7	1.51	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%

Description	Issuance date	Maturity date	Yield rate (%)	Issued principal amount	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	Note
<u>2012</u>								
Third issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2013.1.22	2019.1.22~2020.1.22	1.34	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 2,800,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Third issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2013.1.22	2022.1.22~2023.1.22	1.50	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
<u>2013</u>								
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2013.7.8	2017.7.8~2018.7.8	1.24	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,500,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2013.7.8	2019.7.8~2020.7.8	1.38	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - C	2013.7.8	2022.7.8~2023.7.8	1.52	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000	2,800,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2014.1.17	2025.1.17 ~ 2026..1.17	2.03	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%

Description	Issuance date	Maturity date	Yield rate (%)	Issued principal amount	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	Note
<u>2014</u>								
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds-A	2014.7.4	2023.7.4 ~ 2024.7.4	1.81	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds-B	2014.7.4	2028.7.4 ~ 2029.7.4	2.03	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,600,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
					50,000,000	56,000,000	58,000,000	
Less: Current portion of bonds payable					(8,750,000)	(9,500,000)	(8,000,000)	
					<u>\$ 41,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 46,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 50,000,000</u>	

(13) Long-term bank loans and notes payable

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2016
Long-term bank loans				
Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2016 ~ Mar. 29, 2019, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.00%~1.13%	None	\$ 3,000,000
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.05%~1.19%	"	114,286
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015~Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two-year extension	LIBOR+1.25%(if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower)	"	2,979,279
China Trust Bank	Aug. 2, 2016 ~ Aug. 2, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.10%~1.10%	"	400,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Aug. 2, 2016 ~ Aug. 2, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.10%~1.37%	"	600,000
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Aug. 2, 2016 ~ Aug. 2, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	0.82%~0.82%	"	1,100,000

Type of loans	Borrowing		Collateral	September 30, 2016
	period/repayment term	Interest rate range		
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014~Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred and ten million payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017 with a two-year extension	2.08%~2.18%	None	\$ 5,958,558
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.80% 3 months	"	1,787,862
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	The interest rate is 1.3% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the third year is 6.598%, and the interest accrual period is from December to March)	"	892,441
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.75% 3 months	"	2,164,254

Type of loans	Borrowing		Collateral	September 30, 2016
	period/repayment term	Interest rate range		
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	The interest rate is 1.75% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the second year is 6.0173%, and the interest accrual period is from October to January)	None	\$ 563,646
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014~Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 24, 2017; interest payable quarterly	LIBOR+1.40% 3 months	"	2,509,280
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan.1, 2016~Jan.1, 2019, principal payable quarterly after 27 months	LIBOR+1.10% 3 months	"	606,865
Hua Nan Bank	Mar. 15, 2016 ~ Mar. 15, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.11%	"	1,200,000
Sino Pac Bank	May. 16, 2016 ~ May. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.05%	"	300,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.07%	"	500,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2015 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	0.99%	"	1,500,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2016
First Commercial Bank	May. 16, 2016 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.04%	None	\$ 500,000
Mizuho Corporate Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.06%	"	900,000
E. Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.10%	"	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.10%	"	500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.03%	"	500,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jan. 11, 2016 -Jan. 11, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.03%	"	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 2, 2015 ~ Dec. 1, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.12%	"	200,000
HSBC	Dec. 21, 2015 ~ Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.08%	"	1,500,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2016
Secured loans				
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semi- annually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.63%~1.65%	Land	\$ 12,100,000
Hua Nan Bank China Trust Bank ANZ	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.60%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	606,983
Non-financial sector borrowings				
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable annually	0.86%~1.01%	None	
				97,001
				45,080,455
Less: Current portion of long-term loans				(5,403,027)
				\$ 39,677,428

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Long-term bank loans				
Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2013 ~ Mar. 29, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.11%~1.15%	None	\$ 4,000,000
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015~Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two-year extension	LIBOR+1.25%(if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower)	"	2,119,239
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014~Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred and ten million, payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017 with a two-year extension	1.77%~2.08%	"	6,270,058
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014~Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 24, 2017; interest payable quarterly	LIBOR+1.40% 3 months	"	2,645,280

Type of loans	Borrowing		Collateral	December 31, 2015
	period/repayment term	Interest rate range		
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan. 1, 2016~Jan. 1, 2019, principal payable quarterly after 27 months	LIBOR+1.10% 3 months	None	\$ 639,757
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.18%~1.20%	"	228,571
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jan. 31, 2011 ~ Jan. 29, 2016, principal payable semi-annually	0.85%~1.30%	"	509,217
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov. 17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.80% 3 months	"	2,513,016
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	The interest rate is 1.3% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the third year is 6.598%, and the interest accrual period is from December to March)	"	967,497
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.75% 3 months	"	2,281,554
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	The interest rate is 1.75% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the second year is 6.0173%, and the interest accrual period is from October to January)	"	611,051

Type of loans	Borrowing		Collateral	December 31, 2015
	period/repayment term	Interest rate range		
Hua Nan Bank	Jan. 15, 2015 ~ Jan. 15, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.26%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Dec. 21, 2015 - Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.34%	"	1,500,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2015 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.13%		1,500,000
Mizuho Corporate Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.13%	"	900,000
E. Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.26%	"	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	"	500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.12%	"	500,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jan. 11, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	"	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 2, 2015 ~ Dec. 1, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.27%	"	200,000
HSBC	Dec. 21, 2015 ~ Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.20%	"	900,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.17%	"	500,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Secured loans				
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semi- annually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.63%~1.65%	Land	\$ 12,100,000
Hua Nan Bank China Trust Bank ANZ	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.60%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	483,364
Non-financial sector borrowings				
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable annually	1.07%	None	85,363
				45,453,967
Less: Current portion of long-term loans				(6,679,230)
				<u>\$ 38,774,737</u>

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2015
Long-term bank loans				
Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2013 ~ Mar. 29, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.11%~1.15%	None	\$ 4,000,000
ANZ Bank	Dec. 28, 2012 ~ Dec. 28, 2015, payable at maturity date; interest payable quarterly	1.22%~1.25%	"	2,905,000
Taiwan Bank	Aug. 10, 2012 ~ Nov. 13, 2017, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.45%~1.47%	"	1,500,000
Taiwan Bank	Aug. 14, 2013 ~ Jun. 5, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.30%~1.31%	"	2,000,000
China Development Industrial Bank	Sep. 17, 2013 ~ Jan. 22, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.37%~1.44%	"	700,000
E. Sun Bank	Jun. 27, 2013 ~ Jun. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.38%~1.40%	"	400,000
Far Eastern International Bank	Feb. 7, 2012 ~ Jan. 7, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.33%~1.36%	"	950,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2015
Union Bank of Taiwan	Nov. 7, 2012 ~ Oct. 7, 2017, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.28%	None	\$ 950,000
Jih Sun Bank	Jul. 19, 2013 ~ Oct. 6, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.35%	"	200,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Dec. 27, 2013 ~ Jun. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.46%~1.48%	"	200,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Dec. 27, 2013 ~ Jun. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.37%	"	100,000
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.18%~1.20%	"	228,572
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Aug. 14, 2013 ~ Aug. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.23%	"	300,000
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Aug. 27, 2014 ~ Aug. 27, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.23%~1.37%	"	1,000,000
Agricultural Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 15, 2015 ~ Sep. 15, 2017, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.25%	"	10,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2015
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jan. 31, 2011 ~ Jan. 29, 2016, principal payable semi- annually	0.85%~0.92%	None	\$ 510,171
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	1.36%~1.58%	"	3,147,160
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	3.95%~5.76%	"	989,471
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	1.36%~1.50%	"	2,285,832
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi- annually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	4.80%~5.91%	"	624,929
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi- annually after Oct. 24, 2017, interest payable quarterly	1.66%~1.69%	"	2,650,240
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014 ~ Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million, principal payable semi-annually after Mar. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred ten million, payable semi- annually after Mar. 16, 2017 with two years extension	domestic: LIBOR+1.55%; overseas: LIBOR+1.45% and TAIFX+0.4% higher ~70~	"	5,059,794

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2015
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015 ~ Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two- year extension	LIBOR+1.25%(if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower) 1.28%	None	\$ 1,159,743
Hua Nan Bank	Jan. 15, 2014 ~ Jan. 15, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.28%	"	1,500,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jul. 21, 2014 ~ Jul. 21, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.35%	"	1,000,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2013 ~ Sep. 16, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.27%	"	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 9, 2014 ~ Dec. 9, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.33%	"	200,000
HSBC	Dec. 23, 2014 ~ Dec. 23, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.23%	"	1,500,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Aug. 20, 2013 ~ Aug. 20, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.28%	"	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2014 ~ Sep. 25, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.32%	"	500,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2015
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jan. 11, 2015 ~ Jan. 11, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.24%	None	\$ 1,500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 ~ Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.23%	"	500,000
Mizuho Corporate Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	"	900,000
E.Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.33%	"	500,000
Secured loans				
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.65%~1.67%	Land	12,100,000
Mega International Commercial Bank	Aug. 31, 2006 ~ Aug. 31, 2016, principal payable semi-annually	1.55%~1.57%	Machinery and equipment acquired for the Sixth naphtha cracker project	2,058,936
Taipei Fubon Bank	Mar. 26, 2014 ~ Mar. 26, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.40%~1.45%	Land and factories	2,700,000

Type of loans	Borrowing period/repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	September 30, 2015
Hua Nan Bank	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable in equal annual amortizations	SIBOR 6 months +1.6%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	\$ 494,308
Taiwan Business Bank	Apr. 15, 2006 ~ Jan. 15, 2021, principal payable in equal quarterly amortizations	1.74%	Land	4,510
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan. 18, 2007 ~ Dec. 18, 2021, principal payable in equal monthly amortizations	1.82%	Factories and buildings	40,722
Taiwan Business Bank	Apr. 15, 2006 ~ Jan. 15, 2021, principal payable quarterly	1.56%	Land	36,520
Taiwan Business Bank	Apr. 15, 2006 ~ Jan. 15, 2016, principal payable quarterly	1.56%	Land	4,280
Non-financial sector borrowings				
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable	1.03%~1.07%	Equipment	114,691
				59,524,879
Less: Current portion of long-term loans				(16,317,229)
				<u>\$ 43,207,650</u>

A. The collaterals for long-term bank loans are described in Note 8.

B. In order to finance the construction of the Sixth Naphtha four expansion plan and the related factories, the Group obtained a syndicated loan with Bank of Communications as the lead bank. Due to the expansion of the six Naphtha Cracker project, the Group re-entered into the long-term loan agreement with the banks on May 15, 2006. The details were as follows:

(a) Total credit line: \$16,636,000

(b) Interest rate: 90-day secondary market in Taiwan issued commercial paper rate plus the

average price of 0.60% interest per annum

(c)Period: 7~10 years

(d)Collateral: Property, plant and equipment acquired from the proceeds of the loan were pledged as collateral.

The Group is required to meet certain financial covenants, namely liability ratio (liabilities/net equity) of less than 150% and current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) of above 120% at the end of each year. In the event the Group fails to meet the required covenants, a capital increase has to be completed by June of the following year.

The Group repaid the loan on December 31, 2015.

C. The Group has signed contracts for syndicated loans with Mega Bank and others on November 14, 2013 to finance plant construction for Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp. Information is as follows:

(a)Total credit line: \$12,100,000

(b)Interest rate: Based on the agreement with the banks

(c)Period: 7 years

(d)Collateral: Land in Six Naphtha Cracking Plant, Mailiao Township, Yunlin County

The Group is required to meet certain financial covenants, namely liability ratio (liabilities/net equity) of less than 150% and current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) of above 100% at the end of each year. In the event the Group fails to meet the required covenants, a capital increase has to be completed by June of the following year.

D. Formosa Industries Corp.'s long-term borrowing from banks is for the plant construction. The borrowing is guaranteed by Nan Ya Plastics Corp.'s drawn note of \$5,147,427.

(14) Pensions

A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee.

(b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of \$79,042, \$92,978, \$237,208 and \$274,439 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

(c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2017 are \$367,686.

- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The Company’s mainland subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People’s Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees’ monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 was 14% for all periods. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 were \$102,459, \$83,932, \$255,158 and \$253,863, respectively.

(15) Capital stock

- A. As of September 30, 2016, the Company’s authorized and paid-in capital was \$58,611,863, and total issued stocks was 5,861,186 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. Changes in the treasury stocks for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 are set forth below:

		For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016			
Reason for reacquisition	Subsidiary	Beginning shares	Additions	Disposal	Ending shares
Parent company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified from long-term investment to treasury stock	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	11,219,610	-	-	11,219,610
	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	7,037,000	279,000	-	7,316,000
		<u>18,256,610</u>	<u>279,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,535,610</u>

		For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015			
Reason for reacquisition	Subsidiary	Beginning shares	Additions	Disposal	Ending shares
Parent company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified from long-term investment to treasury stock	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	11,219,610	-	-	11,219,610
	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	5,582,000	1,235,000	-	6,817,000
		<u>16,801,610</u>	<u>1,235,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,036,610</u>

C. The market value of treasury stocks was \$84.3 and \$66.8 (in dollars) per share at September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

D. The above treasury stocks of the parent company were purchased by subsidiaries.

(16) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Group has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016						
	Share premium	Conversion premium of corporate bonds	Treasury share transactions	Effect from net stockholding of associates recognised using equity method	Difference between stock price and book value for disposal of subsidiaries	Others
At January 1, 2016	\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 138,407	\$ 298,338	\$ 9,447	\$ 204,224
Dividends allocated to subsidiaries	-	-	20,975	-	-	-
Effect from disposal of net stockholding of associates recognised under the equity method	-	-	-	(69,434)	-	-
At September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 2,710,554</u>	<u>\$ 5,514,032</u>	<u>\$ 159,382</u>	<u>\$ 228,904</u>	<u>\$ 9,447</u>	<u>\$ 204,224</u>

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015						
	Share premium	Conversion premium of corporate bonds	Treasury share transactions	Effect from net stockholding of associates recognised using equity method	Difference between stock price and book value for disposal of subsidiaries	Others
At January 1, 2015	\$2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 131,706	\$ 98,598	\$ 9,447	\$ 204,224
Dividends allocated to subsidiaries	-	-	6,701	-	-	-
Effect from net stockholding of associates recognised under the equity method	-	-	-	165,181	-	-
Difference between acquisition or disposal price and book value of subsidiaries' stockholding	-	-	-	-	559	-
At September 30, 2015	<u>\$2,710,554</u>	<u>\$ 5,514,032</u>	<u>\$ 138,407</u>	<u>\$ 263,779</u>	<u>\$ 10,006</u>	<u>\$ 204,224</u>

(17) Retained earnings

A. Under the Group's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The remaining balance is to be set aside as special reserve if necessary; and distributed to shareholders as interest on capital. The remaining balance for current year, after allocating for interest on capital, shall be accumulated with remaining balance of previous year. Bonus distributed shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders.

The special reserve includes:

(a) Reserve for a special purpose;

- (b) Investment income recognized under equity method and deferred income tax assets arising from unused investment tax credits which are deemed unrealized and transferred to special reserve. Such investment income and deferred income tax assets are reclassified to unappropriated earnings only when they are realized;
- (c) Net unrealized gains from financial instruments transactions. The special reserve for unrealized gains from financial instruments is reduced when the accumulated value of the unrealized gains also decreases; and
- (d) Other special reserves as stipulated by other laws.

The board of directors of the Company has approved the amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company on December 24, 2015, and the amended articles had been resolved in the shareholders' meeting in 2016.

- B. The Group is in the mature stage and the profit is stable. The Board of Directors shall establish the cash dividend or stock dividend percentage. At least 50% of the distributable earnings after deducting the legal reserve, directors' and supervisors' remuneration, employee bonus and special reserves shall be distributed to stockholders. The Group would prefer cash dividend. If the Group requires funds for significant investments or needs to improve its financial structure, part of the dividend will be in the form of stocks which shall not exceed 50% of the total dividends.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Group's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Group shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. The appropriations of 2015 and 2014 earnings had been resolved at the stockholders' meeting on June 7, 2016 and June 16, 2015, respectively. Details are as follows:

For the years ended December 31,				
2015			2014	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ 2,757,819		\$ 1,053,029	
Special reserve	-		-	
Cash dividends	20,514,153	\$ 3.50	7,033,423	\$ 1.20
	<u>\$ 23,271,972</u>		<u>\$ 8,086,452</u>	

Information about the appropriation of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors'

remuneration by the Group as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the “Market Observation Post System” at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

E. Information relating to employees’ bonuses and directors’ and supervisors’ remuneration is summarized in Note 6(24).

(18) Other equity items

	<u>Hedging reserve</u>	<u>Available-for-sale investment</u>	<u>Currency translation</u>	<u>Total</u>
At January 1, 2016	\$ 69,573	\$ 72,615,548	\$ 4,649,520	\$ 77,334,641
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:				
–Group	-	506,299	-	506,299
–Associates	-	(465,040)	-	(465,040)
Cash flow hedges:				
–Associates	(39,422)	-	-	(39,422)
Currency translation differences:				
–Group	-	-	(4,158,337)	(4,158,337)
–Tax of parent Group	-	-	631,082	631,082
–Associates	-	-	(476,336)	(476,336)
At September 30, 2016	<u>\$ 30,151</u>	<u>\$ 72,656,807</u>	<u>\$ 645,929</u>	<u>\$ 73,332,887</u>
	<u>Hedging reserve</u>	<u>Available-for-sale investment</u>	<u>Currency translation</u>	<u>Total</u>
At January 1, 2015	(\$ 2,622)	\$ 87,580,223	\$ 4,235,625	\$ 91,813,226
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:				
–Group	-	(21,151,778)	-	(21,151,778)
–Associates	-	(4,838,607)	-	(4,838,607)
Cash flow hedges:				
–Associates	20,420	-	-	20,420
Currency translation differences:				
–Group	-	-	(31,982)	(31,982)
–Tax of parent Group	-	-	(207,966)	(207,966)
–Associates	-	-	1,051,574	1,051,574
At September 30, 2015	<u>\$ 17,798</u>	<u>\$ 61,589,838</u>	<u>\$ 5,047,251</u>	<u>\$ 66,654,887</u>

(19) Operating revenue

For the three-month periods ended September 30,		
	2016	2015
Sales revenue	\$ 79,762,609	\$ 78,972,882
Service revenue	104,223	160,196
Other operating revenue	72,655	68,603
	<u>\$ 79,939,487</u>	<u>\$ 79,201,681</u>

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,		
	2016	2015
Sales revenue	\$ 236,432,018	\$ 249,969,034
Service revenue	349,751	466,740
Other operating revenue	231,752	243,130
	<u>\$ 237,013,521</u>	<u>\$ 250,678,904</u>

(20) Other income

For the three-month periods ended September 30,		
	2016	2015
Rental revenue	\$ 34,049	\$ 35,516
Interest income:		
Interest income from bank deposits	55,998	56,924
Interest from current account with others	51,296	75,498
Other interest income	1,465	7,486
	<u>108,759</u>	<u>139,908</u>
Dividend income	6,237,966	3,282,590
Other revenue	287,127	393,930
	<u>\$ 6,667,901</u>	<u>\$ 3,851,944</u>

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,		
	2016	2015
Rental revenue	\$ 104,544	\$ 269,490
Interest income:		
Interest income from bank deposits	162,552	138,308
Interest from current account with others	115,381	193,027
Other interest income	7,600	31,433
	<u>285,533</u>	<u>362,768</u>
Dividend income	6,243,361	3,285,815
Other revenue	901,837	830,093
	<u>\$ 7,535,275</u>	<u>\$ 4,748,166</u>

(21) Other gains and losses

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 593	\$ 282
Net gain (loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	143 (	4,679)
Net currency exchange (loss) gain	(1,132,060)	1,217,406
Gain on disposal of investments	147,546	815
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	3,727	17,465
Other losses	(84,656)	(45,258)
	<u>(\$ 1,064,707)</u>	<u>\$ 1,186,031</u>

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 2,079	\$ 2,297
Net gain (loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	431 (	2,029)
Net currency exchange (loss) gain	(2,271,693)	937,129
Gain on disposal of investments	182,497	63,876
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,159 (	215,203)
Impairment loss	(207,066)	-
Other losses	(328,614)	(197,247)
	<u>(\$ 2,615,207)</u>	<u>\$ 588,823</u>

(22) Finance costs

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Interest expense:		
Bank loans	\$ 286,819	\$ 296,036
Corporate bonds	201,167	228,471
Current account with others	3,229	29,781
Discount	15,342	12,315
Other interest expenses	12,481	12,057
	<u>519,038</u>	<u>578,660</u>
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(45,152)	(29,068)
Finance costs	<u>\$ 473,886</u>	<u>\$ 549,592</u>

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Interest expense:		
Bank loans	\$ 883,062	\$ 988,214
Corporate bonds	632,208	730,254
Current account with others	8,390	66,712
Discount	44,269	37,091
Other interest expenses	37,270	34,381
	1,605,199	1,856,652
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(135,557)	(143,631)
Finance costs	\$ 1,469,642	\$ 1,713,021

(23) Expenses by nature

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$ 3,981,605	\$ 4,140,438
Employee benefit expense	3,839,876	3,792,895
Amortisation	877,400	775,598
	\$ 8,698,881	\$ 8,708,931

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$ 12,181,573	\$ 12,500,459
Employee benefit expense	11,195,610	11,062,646
Amortisation	2,717,314	2,486,321
	\$ 26,094,497	\$ 26,049,426

(24) Employee benefit expense

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Wages and salaries	\$ 3,298,134	\$ 3,239,049
Labor and health insurance fees	241,530	238,535
Pension costs	181,501	176,910
Other personnel expenses	118,711	138,401
	\$ 3,839,876	\$ 3,792,895

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Wages and salaries	\$ 9,593,721	\$ 9,426,907
Labor and health insurance fees	712,723	702,986
Pension costs	492,366	528,302
Other personnel expenses	396,800	404,451
	<u>\$ 11,195,610</u>	<u>\$ 11,062,646</u>

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, after distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees that accounts for 0.1%-1% of the total distributed amount.

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, when distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees and pay remuneration to the directors and supervisors. However, in accordance with the Company Act amended on May 20, 2015, a company shall distribute employee remuneration, based on the current year's profit condition, in a fixed amount or a proportion of profits. If a company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be channeled to cover losses. Aforementioned employee remuneration could be paid by cash or stocks. Specifics of the compensation are to be determined in a board meeting that registers two-thirds of directors in attendance, and the resolution must receive support from half of participating members. The resolution should be reported to the shareholders during the shareholders' meeting. Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive aforementioned stock or cash may be specified in the Articles of Incorporation.

The board of directors of the Company has approved the amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company on December 24, 2015. In accordance with the amended articles, a ratio of profit before income tax of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation. The ratio shall not be lower than 0.05% and shall not be higher than 0.5% for employees' compensation. The amended articles had been resolved in the shareholders' meeting in 2016.

- B. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, employees' remuneration (bonuses) was accrued at \$15,614, \$38,608, \$37,755 and \$70,931, respectively. The aforementioned amount was recognized in salary expenses.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016, the employees' compensation was estimated and accrued based on approximately 0.1% of the retained earnings.

The expenses recognised for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 were accrued based on the net income and the percentage as prescribed by the Company's Articles of Incorporation, taking into account other factors such as legal reserve, special reserve and shareholders' dividends.

Employees' compensation for 2015 as resolved by the Board of Directors was in agreement with

the amount of \$30,193 recognised in the profit or loss for 2015. Employees' compensation for 2015 had been distributed.

Information about the appropriations of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(25) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 1,057,374	\$ 1,551,781
Adjustments in respect of prior years	15,804	(31,842)
Total current tax	<u>1,073,178</u>	<u>1,519,939</u>
Deferred tax:		
Effect of exchange rate	17,840	138,537
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	2,392	(376,734)
Total deferred tax	<u>20,232</u>	<u>(238,197)</u>
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 1,093,410</u>	<u>\$ 1,281,742</u>

	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the period	\$ 3,919,514	\$ 3,185,027
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	390,244	328,095
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(143,442)	(25,973)
Total current tax	<u>4,166,316</u>	<u>3,487,149</u>
Deferred tax:		
Effect of exchange rate	31,517	144,070
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	219,577	(100,415)
Total deferred tax	<u>251,094</u>	<u>43,655</u>
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 4,417,410</u>	<u>\$ 3,530,804</u>

(b) The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Currency translation differences	\$ <u>310,516</u>	(\$ <u>442,010</u>)

	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Currency translation differences	\$ <u>631,082</u>	(\$ <u>207,966</u>)

B. Unappropriated retained earnings:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Earnings generated in and before 1997	\$ 6,198,462	\$ 6,198,462	\$ 6,198,462
Earnings generated in and after 1998	<u>58,041,840</u>	<u>46,329,593</u>	<u>41,097,579</u>
	<u>\$ 64,240,302</u>	<u>\$ 52,528,055</u>	<u>\$ 47,296,041</u>

C. Information about balance of the imputation credit account is as follows:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Balance of the imputation credit account	<u>\$ 2,944,461</u>	<u>\$ 2,397,550</u>	<u>\$ 2,275,967</u>
	<u>2015 (Estimate)</u>	<u>2014 (Actual)</u>	
Creditable tax rate	<u>12.76%</u>	<u>11.60%</u>	

(26) Earnings per share

A. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, the earnings per share is calculated as follows:

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2016					
	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 17,846,483	\$ 16,753,073		\$ 3.05	\$ 2.86
Net income of non- controlling interest	(2,231,907)	(1,810,983)		(0.38)	(0.30)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 15,614,576</u>	<u>\$ 14,942,090</u>	<u>5,842,651</u>	<u>\$ 2.67</u>	<u>\$ 2.56</u>

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2015					
	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 10,253,465	\$ 8,971,723		\$ 1.76	\$ 1.53
Net income of non- controlling interest	(1,636,485)	(1,166,787)		(0.29)	(0.19)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 8,616,980</u>	<u>\$ 7,804,936</u>	<u>5,843,150</u>	<u>\$ 1.47</u>	<u>\$ 1.34</u>

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016					
	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 43,294,752	\$ 38,877,342		\$ 7.41	\$ 6.65
Net income of non- controlling interest	(5,539,397)	(3,893,123)		(0.95)	(0.66)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 37,755,355</u>	<u>\$ 34,984,219</u>	<u>5,842,651</u>	<u>\$ 6.46</u>	<u>\$ 5.99</u>

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015					
	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 28,034,542	\$ 24,503,738		\$ 4.80	\$ 4.19
Net income of non- controlling interest	(4,288,742)	(3,009,951)		(0.74)	(0.51)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 23,745,800</u>	<u>\$ 21,493,787</u>	<u>5,843,150</u>	<u>\$ 4.06</u>	<u>\$ 3.68</u>

B. Employees' bonus could be distributed in the form of stock. Since there is no significant impact when calculating diluted earnings per share, basic earnings per share equals diluted earnings per share.

C. If stocks of the parent company held by subsidiaries are not treated as treasury stocks, the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2016					
	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 17,846,483	\$ 16,753,073		\$ 3.04	\$ 2.86
Net income of non- controlling interest	(2,231,907)	(1,810,983)		(0.38)	(0.31)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 15,614,576</u>	<u>\$ 14,942,090</u>	<u>5,861,186</u>	<u>\$ 2.66</u>	<u>\$ 2.55</u>

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2015					
	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 10,253,465	\$ 8,971,723		\$ 1.75	\$ 1.53
Net income of non- controlling interest	(1,636,485)	(1,166,787)		(0.28)	(0.20)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 8,616,980</u>	<u>\$ 7,804,936</u>	<u>5,861,186</u>	<u>\$ 1.47</u>	<u>\$ 1.33</u>

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 43,294,752	\$ 38,877,342		\$ 7.39	\$ 6.63
Net income of non- controlling interest	(5,539,397)	(3,893,123)		(0.95)	(0.66)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 37,755,355</u>	<u>\$ 34,984,219</u>	<u>5,861,186</u>	<u>\$ 6.44</u>	<u>\$ 5.97</u>

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015

	Amount		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)	
	Before tax	After tax		Before tax	After tax
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>					
Consolidated net income	\$ 28,034,542	\$ 24,503,738		\$ 4.78	\$ 4.18
Net income of non- controlling interest	(4,288,742)	(3,009,951)		(0.73)	(0.51)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders the parent	<u>\$ 23,745,800</u>	<u>\$ 21,493,787</u>	<u>5,861,186</u>	<u>\$ 4.05</u>	<u>\$ 3.67</u>

(27) Non-cash transaction

1. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Purchase of fixed assets	\$ 6,606,950	\$ 13,427,972
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment	1,485,927	1,262,380
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(684,407)	(2,884,074)
Cash paid during the period	<u>\$ 7,408,470</u>	<u>\$ 11,806,278</u>

2. Financing activities with partial cash payments:

	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Appropriation for cash dividends	\$ 20,514,153	\$ 7,033,423
Decrease (increase) in dividends payable	1,201,121	(815,577)
Cash dividends paid during the period	<u>\$ 21,715,274</u>	<u>\$ 6,217,846</u>

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant related party transactions

A. Sales of goods:

	<u>For the three-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Sales of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 4,895,598	\$ 4,964,618
— Other related parties	10,415,130	10,887,998
	<u>\$ 15,310,728</u>	<u>\$ 15,852,616</u>

	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Sales of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 13,741,138	\$ 17,875,578
— Other related parties	33,555,661	34,728,046
	<u>\$ 47,296,799</u>	<u>\$ 52,603,624</u>

The Group sells goods to related parties. Except for terms to certain related parties which are longer, prices are in agreement with third parties.

B. Purchases of goods:

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Purchases of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 27,437,816	\$ 29,966,862
— Other related parties	3,866,876	4,768,553
	<u>\$ 31,304,692</u>	<u>\$ 34,735,415</u>
	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Purchases of goods:		
— Associates	\$ 85,413,418	\$ 103,606,174
— Other related parties	12,290,468	16,583,996
	<u>\$ 97,703,886</u>	<u>\$ 120,190,170</u>

The payment terms for related parties are within 30~60 days of purchase. The purchase prices and terms for related parties are the same with non-related parties.

C. Receivables from related parties:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Receivables from related parties:			
— Associates	\$ 1,669,236	\$ 1,969,793	\$ 1,570,172
— Other related parties	<u>4,263,307</u>	<u>4,855,762</u>	<u>4,592,652</u>
	5,932,543	6,825,555	6,162,824
Other receivables:			
— Other related parties	<u>907,971</u>	<u>2,140,695</u>	<u>2,538,839</u>
	<u>\$ 6,840,514</u>	<u>\$ 8,966,250</u>	<u>\$ 8,701,663</u>

Receivables from related parties are mainly from sales of goods and receivables for payments on behalf of others for construction design services. Receivables for sales are due 30~120 days from the sales; receivables for payments on behalf of others for construction design services are due 270 days from the services rendered. The receivables do not bear interest and no collaterals were pledged. No provision was accrued for receivables from related party.

D. Payables to related parties:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Payables to related parties:			
— Associates	\$ 9,196,177	\$ 10,101,907	\$ 9,208,672
— Other related parties	<u>1,584,595</u>	<u>2,185,688</u>	<u>2,150,974</u>
	<u>\$ 10,780,772</u>	<u>\$ 12,287,595</u>	<u>\$ 11,359,646</u>

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due 30~60 days after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

E. Expansion and repair project

(a)Expansion and repair project:

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Expansion and repair works of factory sites		
— Associates	\$ 81,141	\$ 46,673
— Other related parties	11,169	15,479
	<u>\$ 92,310</u>	<u>\$ 62,152</u>
	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Expansion and repair works of factory sites		
— Associates	\$ 306,532	\$ 172,354
— Other related parties	41,736	44,972
	<u>\$ 348,268</u>	<u>\$ 217,326</u>

(b)Ending balance of payables for expansion and repair project:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Payables to related parties:			
— Associates	\$ 4,561	\$ 923	\$ 14,110
— Other related parties	4,180	306	17,342
	<u>\$ 8,741</u>	<u>\$ 1,229</u>	<u>\$ 31,452</u>

The Group contracted the expansion and repair works of the factory sites to related parties. The payment terms are in accordance with the industry practice with payment due within a month after inspection.

F. Financing

(a) Loans to related parties:

(i)Ending balance of accounts receivable - related parties

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Associates	\$ 9,060,140	\$ 1,060,000	\$ 3,670,000
Other related parties	8,260,664	8,793,312	9,510,062
	<u>\$ 17,320,804</u>	<u>\$ 9,853,312</u>	<u>\$ 13,180,062</u>

(ii)Interest income

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Associates	\$ 4,097	\$ 14,532
Other related parties	46,542	61,014
	<u>\$ 50,639</u>	<u>\$ 75,546</u>

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Associates	\$ 7,446	\$ 50,688
Other related parties	107,254	142,266
	<u>\$ 114,700</u>	<u>\$ 192,954</u>

The loan terms to related parties are in accordance with the contract's repayment schedule after the loan is made; interest was collected at 1.41%~3.05% and 0.75%~1.63% per annum for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

(b) Loans from related parties:

(i) Ending balance of payables to related parties

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Associates	\$ 26,200	\$ 34,700	\$ 130,400
Other related parties	-	2,311,809	2,728,855
	<u>\$ 26,200</u>	<u>\$ 2,346,509</u>	<u>\$ 2,859,255</u>

(ii) Interest expense

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Associates	\$ 136	\$ 540
Other related parties	-	36,104
	<u>\$ 136</u>	<u>\$ 36,644</u>

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Associates	\$ 539	\$ 1,293
Other related parties	2,597	72,171
	<u>\$ 3,136</u>	<u>\$ 73,464</u>

The loan terms from associates are in accordance with the contract's repayment schedule after the loan is made; interest is paid at a rate of 1.41%~3.92% and 1.60%~3.92% per annum for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

G. Receivables for payment on behalf of others

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015
Other related parties	<u>\$ 164,832</u>	<u>\$ 414,418</u>	<u>(\$ 65,763)</u>

The amount for equipment for resale that the Company paid on behalf of associates is recorded as other current assets.

H. Operating expenses

For the three-month periods ended September 30,

	2016	2015
Transportation charges		
Other related parties	\$ 383,692	\$ 392,213

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,

	2016	2015
Transportation charges		
Other related parties	\$ 1,201,521	\$ 1,196,906

I. Rental revenue

For the three-month periods ended September 30,

	2016	2015
Associates	\$ 8,162	\$ 8,213
Other related parties	21,997	22,706
	\$ 30,159	\$ 30,919

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,

	2016	2015
Associates	\$ 24,982	\$ 27,822
Other related parties	66,538	69,843
	\$ 91,520	\$ 97,665

The rental price charged to related parties are determined considering the local rental prices and payments, and are collected monthly.

J. Property transactions:

(a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

For the three-month periods ended September 30,

	2016	2015
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
— Associates	\$ 39,877	\$ 27,594
— Other related parties	-	-
	\$ 39,877	\$ 27,594

For the nine-month periods ended September 30,

	2016	2015
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
— Associates	\$ 208,567	\$ 98,861
— Other related parties	34	-
	\$ 208,601	\$ 98,861

(b) Acquisition of financial assets

The three-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015: None.

				Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	
	Items	Number of shares	Name of the securities	Acquisition cost	
— Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	8,500,000	Formosa Construction Corp.	\$	85,000
— Other related parties	Financial assets measured at cost	508,236,725	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited (Note)		16,084,840
— Other related parties	Available-for-sale financial assets	15,297,204	Nan Ya Technology Corp.		558,348
				<u>\$</u>	<u>16,728,188</u>

				Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015	
	Items	Number of shares	Name of the securities	Acquisition cost	
— Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	-	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman) (Note)	\$	15,080,156
— Other related parties	Investments accounted for using equity method	150,000	UBI Asia		600,000
				<u>\$</u>	<u>15,680,156</u>

(c) Disposal of financial asset

The three-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015: None.

				Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	
	Items	Number of shares	Name of the securities	Disposal proceeds	Gain (loss) on disposal
— Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	508,249,225	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman) (Note)	<u>\$ 16,085,211</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

			Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015	
	Items	Number of shares	Disposal proceeds	Gain (loss) on disposal
— Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	-	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited (Note)	
			\$ 15,080,156	\$ -

Note: Details of the Group's acquisition of financial assets are provided in Note 6(8) C.

K. Details of affiliates endorsed/guaranteed for the Group's borrowings are provided in Note 6(13).

(2) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Salaries	\$ 14,714	\$ 13,086
Post-employment benefits	452	424
	<u>\$ 15,166</u>	<u>\$ 13,510</u>
	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,	
	2016	2015
Salaries	\$ 78,599	\$ 58,703
Post-employment benefits	1,363	1,183
	<u>\$ 79,962</u>	<u>\$ 59,886</u>

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged assets	Book value			Purpose
	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015	September 30, 2015	
Long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method	\$ 12,875,116	\$ 12,335,333	\$ 11,436,980	Collateral for bank loans
Property, plant and equipment	6,865,834	8,136,794	9,019,522	Collateral for bank loans
				Limited transfer for land tax reassessment and collateral
Inventory	21,264	26,798	26,798	
	<u>\$ 19,762,214</u>	<u>\$ 20,498,925</u>	<u>\$ 20,483,300</u>	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

The details of commitments and contingencies as of September 30, 2016 were as follows:

- (1) Capital expenditures of property, plant and equipment that were contracted but not yet paid amounted to \$5,454,615 thousand, RMB382,533 thousand and VND408,278,971 thousand.
- (2) The outstanding letters of credit for major raw materials and equipment purchases amounted to USD

27,195 thousand, EUR1,562 thousand, JPY1,597,684 thousand.

- (3)The Group's investee under the equity method—Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp. (Ningbo) signed a syndicated loan contract with a consortium including Taiwan Cooperative Bank, for USD130 million and RMB300 million for operational needs in 2013. According to the requirement of the consortium, the Group has to offer a promissory note in accordance with its ownership percentage of 33.33% and has to manage the necessary funds to fulfill the repayment obligations when needed.
- (4)Formosa Resource Australia Pty Ltd., an investee company of the Group's investee—Formosa Resource Corp. accounted for under the equity method, needs to sign a loan with ANZ Bank for US\$600 million for capital to invest in mineral resources. Under the loan agreement, the Group has to offer a promissory note in accordance with its ownership percentage of 25% and has to support the debtor to repay the above loan within necessary limits.
- (5)In response to capital expenditure and equipment needs in Son Duong Port & Integrated Steel Mill Complex of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation in Vietnam, the Group's investee—Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited plans to obtain credit lines for 1–5 years duration with various banks. Complying with the aforementioned borrowing needs, the Group plans to provide guarantee proportionately to shareholding ratio and the Group is liable for the borrowing company's 25% debt.
- (6) In response to capital expenditure and equipment needs in Son Duong Port & Integrated Steel Mill Complex of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation in Vietnam, Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited issued 10-year overseas corporate bonds with the ceiling of issuing amount of USD1 billion on April 14, 2015. Complying with the aforementioned overseas corporate bonds, the Group plans to provide guarantee proportionately to shareholding ratio and the Group guarantees to pay for 25% of obligation arising from the overseas corporate bonds; moreover, the Group cannot pledge additional assets in subsequent financing activities in the global capital market.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Note 12(1).

12. OTHERS

The Company's operating permit and bituminous coal usage permit for co-generation equipment, M16, M17 and M22, have expired on September 28, 2016. The Company has applied for permit extension in June, 2016, however, after months of investigation and review, the Changhua County Government stated that improvements were not satisfied and decided to revoke the extension application on September 29, 2016. The Company filed a suspension application with Taichung High Administrative Court on September 30, 2016 and asked for continued operations until judgment on the administrative lawsuit has been rendered. Meanwhile, the Company filed an administrative appeal with the Executive Yuan.

Under the Taichung High Administrative Court judgement, the suspension application filed before November 1, 2016 regarding discontinued operation of M16, M17 and M22 had been denied. The

loss or dangerous status of discontinued operation of co-generation equipment that are claimed by the Company was considered as 'possible' but not 'certain', and the discounted operation has not resulted in plant shut down and industry safety hazard.

However, the Company stated that if the plant is closed, the workers of the suppliers and plant workers will lose their jobs. Moreover, all the incurred costs, maintenance fees and loss, zero production causes breach of contract, customer claims and higher transportation expense due to delayed production shall all be considered. Therefore, the Company plans to file a motion to set aside court judgement regarding the suspension application.

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt.

The gearing ratios at September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015 were as follows:

	<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
Total borrowings	\$ 119,487,694	\$ 130,175,979	\$ 150,745,682
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(28,039,964)	(34,744,139)	(39,876,705)
Net debt	91,447,730	95,431,840	110,868,977
Total equity	346,893,610	333,077,533	315,944,799
Total capital	<u>\$ 438,341,340</u>	<u>\$ 428,509,373</u>	<u>\$ 426,813,776</u>
Gearing ratio	21%	22%	26%

(2) Financial instruments

A. Fair value information of financial instruments

Except those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties)), are approximate to their fair values. Because the interest rates of the long-term loans (including portion maturing within one year or one operating cycle, whichever is longer) are close to the market interest rate, thus the carrying amount is a reasonable basis for the estimation of fair value. The fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value is provided in Note 12(4).

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures (see Notes 6(2) and 6(11)).
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Company treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Company treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to manage its foreign exchange risk against its functional currency. The Group hedges its entire foreign exchange risk exposure. To manage its foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities, the Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts.
- iii. The Group hedges recognized assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies or highly expectable transactions by utilising forward exchange contracts and trading forward exchanges and cross currency swap contracts amongst other derivative financial instruments in order to lower the risk from changes in fair value resulting from fluctuations in the exchange rate. The Group also monitors the changes in the exchange rate and sets stop loss points to lower the risk from exchange rate.
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, VND and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

September 30, 2016

	Foreign Currency		
	Amount (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (NTD)
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	\$ 497,056	31.37	\$ 15,592,647
JPY : NTD	301,360	0.31	93,422
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
RMB : NTD	\$ 6,585,586	4.70	\$ 30,952,254
USD : NTD	488,621	31.37	15,328,041
VND : NTD	7,682,654,596	0.0014	10,755,716
JPY : NTD	144,891	0.31	44,916
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	\$ 67,378	31.37	\$ 2,113,648
JPY : NTD	498,952	0.31	154,675
USD : RMB	1,583,259	31.37	49,666,835
USD : VND	285,000	31.37	8,940,450

December 31, 2015

	Foreign Currency		
	Amount (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (NTD)
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	\$ 871,835	33.07	\$ 28,831,583
JPY : NTD	318,804	0.27	86,077
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
RMB : NTD	\$ 6,306,613	5.09	\$ 32,100,660
USD : NTD	788,851	33.07	26,087,303
VND : NTD	7,447,384,445	0.0015	11,171,077
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	\$ 45,662	33.07	\$ 1,510,042
JPY : NTD	421,337	0.27	113,761
USD : RMB	626,237	33.07	20,709,658
USD : VND	253,300	33.07	8,376,631

September 30, 2015

	Foreign Currency		
	Amount (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book Value (NTD)
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	\$ 761,187	33.128	\$ 25,216,603
JPY : NTD	330,987	0.27	89,366
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
RMB : NTD	\$ 6,541,827	5.21	\$ 34,082,919
USD : NTD	705,959	33.128	23,387,010
VND : NTD	7,308,764,893	0.0015	10,963,147
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	\$ 137,508	33.128	\$ 4,555,365
JPY : NTD	599,256	0.27	161,799
USD : RMB	700,441	33.128	23,204,209
USD : VND	187,700	33.128	6,218,126

v.Total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 amounted to (\$1,132,060), \$1,217,406, (\$2,271,693) and \$937,129, respectively.

vi.Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Sensitivity analysis			
	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	1%	\$ 155,926	\$ -
JPY : NTD	1%	934	-
<u>Non-monetary items</u>			
RMB : NTD	1%	\$ -	\$ 309,523
USD : NTD	1%	-	153,280
VND : NTD	1%	-	107,557
USD : NTD	1%	-	450
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	1%	\$ 21,136	\$ -
JPY : NTD	1%	1,547	-
USD : RMB	1%	496,668	-
USD : VND	1%	89,405	-

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2015				
Sensitivity analysis				
	<u>Degree of variation</u>	<u>Effect on</u>	<u>Effect on other</u>	
		<u>profit or loss</u>	<u>comprehensive</u>	
			<u>income</u>	
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	\$ 252,166	\$	-
JPY : NTD	1%	894		-
<u>Non-monetary items</u>				
RMB : NTD	1%	\$ -	\$	340,829
USD : NTD	1%	-		233,870
VND : NTD	1%	-		109,631
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	\$ 45,554	\$	-
JPY : NTD	1%	1,618		-
USD : RMB	1%	232,042		-
USD : VND	1%	62,181		-

Price risk

- i. The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, components of equity for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 would have increased/decreased by \$1,197,834 and \$1,005,159, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as available-for-sale.

Interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During the nine-month periods ended September

30, 2016 and 2015, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in the NTD and USD.

- ii. At September 30, 2016 and 2015, if interest rates on denominated borrowings had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 would have been \$374,168 and \$494,056 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The Group utilises certain credit enhancement instruments (such as sales revenue or guarantees received in advance) at appropriate times to lower the credit risk from specific customers. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the board of directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties are accepted.
- ii. No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Company treasury. Company treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, loans to related parties, time deposits and cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.

iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 3 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 22,607,585	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Short-term notes and bills payable	1,799,654	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	154,970	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	19,342,331	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	8,220,126	-	-	-
Bonds payable	8,750,000	5,250,000	10,900,000	25,100,000
Long-term borrowings	5,403,027	19,807,321	19,870,107	-
<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 3 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 26,672,648	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Short-term bills payable	2,049,364	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	200,127	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	19,224,484	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	12,656,763	-	-	-
Bonds payable	9,500,000	6,750,000	14,650,000	25,100,000
Long-term borrowings	6,679,230	16,401,433	13,984,007	8,389,297

<u>September 30, 2015</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 3 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
Short-term borrowings	\$ 31,171,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Short-term bills payable	2,049,749	-	-	-
Notes payable (including related parties)	44,898	-	-	-
Accounts payable (including related parties)	21,751,616	-	-	-
Other payables (including related parties)	13,237,601	-	-	-
Bonds payable	8,000,000	8,750,000	16,150,000	25,100,000
Long-term borrowings	16,317,229	14,193,909	20,083,298	8,930,443

Derivative financial liabilities:

<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 3 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 3 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 819	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

<u>September 30, 2015</u>	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>Between 1 and 2 years</u>	<u>Between 3 and 5 years</u>	<u>Over 5 years</u>
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 6,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

- iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value estimation

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(3)A.
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
 Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
 Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.
- C. The following table presents the Group's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at September 30, 2016, December 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015:

<u>September 30, 2016</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets:</u>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurement</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 411	\$ -	\$ 411
Beneficiary certificate	627,129	-	-	627,129
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Equity securities	115,420,304	2,293,555	-	117,713,859
Fund	-	4,724,024	-	4,724,024
	<u>\$ 116,047,433</u>	<u>\$ 7,017,990</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 123,065,423</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurement</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 388	\$ -	\$ 388

<u>December 31, 2015</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurement</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ 12
Beneficiary certificate	655,799	-	-	655,799
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Equity securities	<u>110,333,479</u>	<u>2,571,599</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>112,905,078</u>
	<u>\$ 110,989,278</u>	<u>\$ 2,571,611</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 113,560,889</u>
Liabilities:				
<u>Recurring fair value measurement</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 819</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 819</u>

<u>September 30, 2015</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets:</u>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurement</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ -	\$ 38
Beneficiary certificate	654,960	-	-	654,960
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Equity securities	<u>100,515,919</u>	<u>2,489,108</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>103,005,027</u>
	<u>\$101,170,879</u>	<u>\$ 2,489,146</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 103,660,025</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
<u>Recurring fair value measurement</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,074</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,074</u>

D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- (a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	<u>Listed shares</u>	<u>Open-end fund</u>
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- (b) Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- (c) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- (d) The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted

by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate. Structured interest derivative instruments are measured by using appropriate option pricing models (i.e. Black-Scholes model) or other valuation methods, such as Monte Carlo simulation.

(e) The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.

(f) The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.

E. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.

C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.

E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.

H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Notes 6(2), and (11); 12(3) and (4).

J. Significant intragroup transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units and provide different products and services. Strategic business units are separately managed because each unit needs different techniques and marketing strategies. The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

1st Petrochemical Div: responsible for production of benzene, p-xylene and o-xylene.

2nd Petrochemical Div: responsible for production of styrene, synthetic phenolic and acetone.

3rd Petrochemical Div and Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Limited Co.: responsible for production of purified terephthalic acid.

Plastics Division, Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.: responsible for production of ABS resin, polypropylene and PS.

Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.: responsible for production of blended fabric, spun fabric, cross-woven fabric, polyamine and polyester fabric, epidemic fabric, designer sportswear fabric, high-tech and function fabric, tire cord fabric, pure cotton yarn, blended yarn, various functional yarn, fireproof fabric, anti-static cloth and industrial fabric, and operation of petrol stations to sell petroleum, diesel fuel, kerosene and small package of petroleum products and provide car wash services.

Formosa Advanced Technologies Co.: responsible for IC packaging, testing and production of memory module.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Group has not yet amortised tax expenses or non-recurring gains and losses to reportable segments. Furthermore, not all reportable segments' profit or loss include significant non-cash items besides depreciation and amortisation. Reporting amount and reports for operating decision-maker are the same.

The Group's operating segment profit or loss is measured based on operating income before tax for performance assessment basis. The Group considers the sale and transfer among segments as transactions with third parties and measured at market price.

(3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

	3rd								
	1st	2nd	Petrochemical Div and Formosa	Plastics Division, Formosa ABS Plastics Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Other divisions	Reconciliation and offset	Total
External revenue	\$ 29,125,142	\$ 31,752,381	\$ 39,681,315	\$ 67,749,823	\$ 17,227,913	\$ 6,410,042	\$ 45,066,905	\$ -	\$ 237,013,521
Internal revenue	48,729,666	24,683,741	1,788,739	8,029,003	1,337,718	-	10,451,966	(95,020,833)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$ 77,854,808</u>	<u>\$ 56,436,122</u>	<u>\$ 41,470,054</u>	<u>\$ 75,778,826</u>	<u>\$ 18,565,631</u>	<u>\$ 6,410,042</u>	<u>\$ 55,518,871</u>	<u>(\$ 95,020,833)</u>	<u>\$ 237,013,521</u>
Segment profit (loss)	<u>\$ 6,496,282</u>	<u>\$ 6,501,004</u>	<u>(\$ 111,183)</u>	<u>\$ 5,926,924</u>	<u>\$ 3,364,546</u>	<u>\$ 921,695</u>	<u>\$ 23,446,598</u>	<u>(\$ 3,251,114)</u>	<u>\$ 43,294,752</u>
Total assets of segments	<u>\$ 38,026,897</u>	<u>\$ 33,074,864</u>	<u>\$ 34,598,006</u>	<u>\$ 44,387,767</u>	<u>\$ 75,196,585</u>	<u>\$ 10,819,527</u>	<u>\$ 372,273,299</u>	<u>(\$ 98,925,720)</u>	<u>\$ 509,451,225</u>

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015

	3rd								
	1st	2nd	Petrochemical Div and Formosa	Plastics Division, Formosa ABS Plastics Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Other divisions	Reconciliation and offset	Total
External revenue	\$ 35,661,246	\$ 25,162,492	\$ 42,248,426	\$ 72,425,915	\$ 20,735,002	\$ 6,500,691	\$ 47,945,132	\$ -	\$ 250,678,904
Internal revenue	53,250,192	25,639,290	1,460,196	8,443,534	637,263	-	12,458,025	(101,888,500)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$ 88,911,438</u>	<u>\$ 50,801,782</u>	<u>\$ 43,708,622</u>	<u>\$ 80,869,449</u>	<u>\$ 21,372,265</u>	<u>\$ 6,500,691</u>	<u>\$ 60,403,157</u>	<u>(\$ 101,888,500)</u>	<u>\$ 250,678,904</u>
Segment profit (loss)	<u>\$ 1,105,683</u>	<u>\$ 4,036,729</u>	<u>(\$ 1,642,315)</u>	<u>\$ 4,488,924</u>	<u>\$ 2,449,804</u>	<u>\$ 988,942</u>	<u>\$ 16,301,888</u>	<u>\$ 304,887</u>	<u>\$ 28,034,542</u>
Total assets of segments	<u>\$ 34,270,264</u>	<u>\$ 18,853,494</u>	<u>\$ 39,741,989</u>	<u>\$ 48,833,976</u>	<u>\$ 70,484,367</u>	<u>\$ 10,663,988</u>	<u>\$ 375,943,702</u>	<u>(\$ 82,334,343)</u>	<u>\$ 516,457,437</u>

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the income statement.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Loans to others

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account (Note 2)	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016 (Note 3)	Balance at September 30, 2016 (Note 8)	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan (Note 4)	Amount of transactions with the borrower (Note 5)	Reason for short-term financing (Note 6)	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 7)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 7)	Footnote
													Item	Value			
0	The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ -	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 73,310,527	\$ 146,621,054	-
0	The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	800,000	800,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	73,310,527	146,621,054	-
0	The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	7,000,000	4,500,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	73,310,527	146,621,054	-
0	The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	600,000	600,000	-	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account (Note 2)	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the nine-month period ended	Balance at	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan (Note 4)	Amount of transactions with the borrower (Note 5)	Reason for short-term financing (Note 6)	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 7)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 7)	Footnote
					September 30, 2016 (Note 3)	September 30, 2016 (Note 8)											
													Item	Value			
0	The Company	Formosa Heavy Industries Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 58,648,421	\$ 117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	5,409,564	4,450,664	3,710,664	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	\$ 117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	73,310,527	146,621,054	-
0	The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	100,000	100,000	16,200	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	1,600,000	1,600,000	720,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	9,215,000	8,006,500	8,006,500	1.41~1.43	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	100,000	100,000	-	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	11,000,000	4,500,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	73,310,527	146,621,054	-
0	The Company	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	14,500,000	6,000,000	4,500,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa Plastics Transport Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	720,000	720,000	460,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-

Table 1, Page 2

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account (Note 2)	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the nine-month period ended	Balance at	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan (Note 4)	Amount of transactions with the borrower (Note 5)	Reason for short-term financing (Note 6)	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 7)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 7)	Footnote
					September 30, 2016 (Note 3)	September 30, 2016 (Note 8)							Item	Value			
0	The Company	Mai-Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	\$ 780,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation-TW	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	336,000	163,000	30,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
0	The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	4,610,000	4,610,000	-	1.41~1.47	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	58,648,421	117,296,843	-
1	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Other receivables-related parties	Yes	15,000	15,000	15,000	1.41	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	774,405	1,936,012	-
2	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Receivables from related party	Yes	3,151,687	3,151,687	3,151,687	3.05-3.92	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	5,122,819	12,807,049	-
2	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Receivables from related party	Yes	820,144	450,912	450,912	3.05-3.92	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	5,122,819	12,807,049	-

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account (Note 2)	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the nine-month period ended	Balance at	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan (Note 4)	Amount of transactions with the borrower (Note 5)	Reason for short-term financing (Note 6)	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 7)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 7)	Footnote
					September 30, 2016 (Note 3)	September 30, 2016 (Note 8)							Item	Value			
2	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Receivables from related party	Yes	\$ 569,004	\$ 563,640	\$ 563,640	3.05-3.92	2	1	Additional operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	5,122,819	12,807,049	-
2	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Receivables from related party	Yes	662,277	662,277	662,277	3.05-3.92	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	5,122,819	12,807,049	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Name of account in which the loans are recognised including but not limited to accounts receivables-related parties, other receivables-related parties and, current account with stockholders, prepayments, and temporary payments, etc.

Note 3 : Maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Note 4 : The nature of loans:

(1) Related to business transactions is "1".

(2) Short-term financing is "2".

Note 5 : Amount of business transactions with the borrower :

(1) No business transactions is "1".

(2) Business transactions amount is provided in Note 13 (1) G.

Note 6 : Provided that loans to others are for necessary short-term financing by nature, shall specifically note necessary reasons for the loans and purposes of the borrowers, for example, repayment of loans, acquisition of equipment, and financing for oper

Note 7 : The calculation of line of credit:

The limit on loans granted by the Company to a single party, related party and party with business transactions shall not be more than 25% of the Company's net assets, and limit to others is 20% of the Company's net assets.

The ceiling on loans granted by the Company to others shall not be more than 50% of the Company's net assets, and ceiling on loans granted a short-term financing borrower with no business transactions shall not be more than 40% of the Company's net assets.

The limit on loans granted by a subsidiary to a single party, related party and party with business transactions shall not be more than 50% of the subsidiary's net assets, and limit to others is 40% of the subsidiary's net assets.

The ceiling on loans granted by a subsidiary to others shall not be more than 100% of the Company's net assets, and ceiling on loans granted a short-term financing borrower with no business transactions shall not be more than 40% of the Company's net assets.

Note 8 : The amount was resolved by the Board of Directors.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries
Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of September 30, 2016 (Note 4)	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at September 30, 2016	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 5)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 5)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 5)	Footnote
0	The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	1	\$ 15,064,458	\$ 5,858,751	\$ 5,147,427	\$ 5,147,427	\$ -	1.76	\$ 381,214,740	Y	N	N	-
0	The Company	Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited	6	190,607,370	43,450,563	34,620,223	34,620,223	-	11.81	381,214,740	N	N	N	-
0	The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	6	190,607,370	13,055,916	12,119,873	7,530,098	-	4.13	381,214,740	N	N	N	-
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	2	38,171,304	2,341,500	1,724,800	674,240	-	2.94	76,342,609	Y	N	Y	-
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	2	38,171,304	1,672,500	1,568,000	51,031	-	2.67	76,342,609	Y	N	N	-
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	3	38,171,304	2,676,000	2,320,640	448,448	-	3.95	76,342,609	Y	N	Y	-
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	2	38,171,304	4,505,715	4,224,192	2,311,145	-	7.19	76,342,609	Y	N	N	-
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	6	38,171,304	4,391,447	4,077,697	1,855,473	-	6.94	76,342,609	N	N	N	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorser/guarantor parent company and its subsidiaries jointly own more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (4) The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor subsidiary.
- (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade as required by the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

Note 3: In accordance with Company's procedures of endorsements and guarantees, limit on the Company's total guarantee amount is 130% of the Company's net assets, the limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is 50% of the aforementioned total amount. For companies having business relationship with the Company and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, the limit on endorsements to a single party is the higher value of purchasing or selling.

Note 4: Year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: 'Y' represents cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary, provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, or provision to the party in Mainland China.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	As of September 30, 2016				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	486,978,692	\$ 37,886,942	7.65	\$ 37,886,942	-
The Company	Stocks_Asia Pacific Investment Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	63,621,500	2,293,555	14.97	2,293,555	-
The Company	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	413,327,750	25,626,321	5.21	25,626,321	-
The Company	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	364,815,409	14,319,005	13.27	14,319,005	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Union Chemical Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	14,936,190	249,434	3.44	249,434	-
The Company	Mega Private US Dollar Money Market Funds	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	14,977,992	4,724,024	-	4,724,024	-
The Company	Stocks_Mai-Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	39,562,740	539,260	17.98	539,260	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastic Corp. U.S.A	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	8,999	818,316	2.92	818,316	-
The Company	Stocks_Central Leasing Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	1,778,611	-	1.07	-	-
The Company	Stocks_Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	13,203,785	1,800	2.00	1,800	-
The Company	Stocks_Taiwan Aerospace Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	1,070,151	10,702	0.79	10,702	-
The Company	Stocks_Yi-Jih Development Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's chairman	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	300,000	3,000	1.51	3,000	-
The Company	Stocks_Chinese Television System Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,376,202	38,419	1.41	38,419	-

Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	As of September 30, 2016				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Maritime Corp.	The Company is the issuer's corporate director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	355,880	\$ 1,750	18.22	\$ 1,750	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Development Corp.	The Company is the issuer's supervisor	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	14,672,636	90,010	18.00	90,010	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Network Technology Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,925,000	13,331	12.50	13,331	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,428,500	15,000	15.00	15,000	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Ocean Group Marine Investment Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,622	856,948	19.00	856,948	-
The Company	Stocks_Guangyuan Investment Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	5,000,000	50,000	3.91	50,000	-
The Company	Stocks_Mega Growth Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,500,000	25,000	1.97	25,000	-
FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Stocks_Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	The chairman of the FCFC International (Cayman)'s ultimate parent company is issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	508,236,725	14,695,836	11.43	14,695,836	-
Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	6,315	250	-	250	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Formosa Union Chemical Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	877,879	14,661	0.20	14,661	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Changs Ascending Enterprise Corp., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	465,000	27,295	0.83	27,295	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Formosa Energy & Material Technology Corp.	Related party in substance	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	5,300,000	53,000	15.14	53,000	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Formosa Network Technology Corp.	Same as Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.'s chairman	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	414,496	2,727	2.21	2,727	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Taiwan Leader Biotech Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,100,000	21,033	6.30	21,033	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_United Performance Materials Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. is the director of the issuer's parent company	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	353,100	8,400	0.46	8,400	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_United Biopharma, Inc.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	22,999,750	635,828	18.31	635,828	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_UBI Pharma Inc.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	27,590,922	692,281	19.51	692,281	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	11,219,610	945,813	0.19	945,813	-

Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	As of September 30, 2016				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Corp., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	32	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	640	50	-	50	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	482,194	29,896	0.01	29,896	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Hwa Ya Technologies Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	2,712,345	74,861	0.04	74,861	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Asia Pacific Investment Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	10,000,000	360,600	2.35	360,600	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	15,421,010	605,275	0.56	605,275	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	365,267,576	34,408,205	3.83	34,408,205	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Syntronix Corporation	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	174,441	3,236	0.45	3,236	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Toa Resin Corp., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. is the issuer's corporate director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	14,400	3,000	10.00	3,000	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Shin Yun Natural Gas Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	568,105	3,100	1.20	3,100	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Wk Technology Fund IV Ltd.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	4,281,686	23,813	3.17	23,813	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Optical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman and the issuer's chairman are within second degree of kinship	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	19,066,860	58,345	9.53	58,345	-
Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	171,008,736	5,166,330	3.85	5,166,330	-
Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. is Formosa Development Co., Ltd. 's parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	2,473,228	73,455	0.15	73,455	-
Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Association of R.O.C. in Xiamen	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	-	142	0.11	142	-

Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	As of September 30, 2016				Footnote
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	74,388	\$ 5,787	-	\$ 5,787	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	312,512	19,376	-	19,376	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s ultimate parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	7,316,000	616,739	0.12	616,739	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	15,041,215	590,368	0.55	590,368	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Optical Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman and the issuer's chairman are within second degree of kinship	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	9,533,430	29,172	4.77	29,172	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Syntronix Corporation	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	59,945	1,181	0.15	1,181	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates_Jih Sun Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	25,512,583	374,012	-	374,012	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates_Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	20,396,748	253,117	-	253,117	-

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities, as defined in IAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

Note 2: The column is left blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: The Company's stocks held by the subsidiaries—Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. and Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.—are deemed as treasury stocks. Details are provided in Note 6 (15).

Note 4: Not a limited liability company and thus, not applicable.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Marketable securities (Note 1)	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 2)	Relationship with the investor (Note 2)	Balance as at January 1, 2016		Addition (Note 3)		Disposal (Note 3)		Gain (loss) on disposal		Balance as at September 30, 2016	
					Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Book value		Number of shares	Amount
The Company	Mage International Private Money Market funds	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	-	-	-	\$ -	14,977,992	\$ 4,903,800	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	14,977,992	\$ 4,724,024
The Company	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Investments accounted for under equity method	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	-	-	-	50,000	16,084,840	-	-	-	-	50,000	15,004,572
The Company	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Investments accounted for under equity method	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman)	-	508,249,225	16,085,211	-	-	508,249,225	16,085,211	16,085,211	-	-	-
The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	-	-	-	508,236,725	16,084,840	-	-	-	-	508,236,725	14,695,836
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology Corp._Stocks	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	-	-	1,214,557	55,505	13,826,658	504,673	-	-	-	-	15,041,215	590,368

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20% of paid-in capital level shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries
Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions											
Transaction							Notes/accounts receivable (payable)				
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 1)
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(\$ 1,551,424) (	1)	30 days	\$ -	-	\$ 218,221	1	-
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(19,266,378) (	12)	30 days	-	-	1,907,000	11	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(1,365,850) (	1)	60 days	-	-	Notes receivable 69,131	34	-
									Accounts receivable 412,216	2	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsubsidiary	Sales	(247,766)	-	60 days	-	-	77,047	-	-
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	(12,368,380) (	8)	30 days	-	-	1,501,711	8	-
The Company	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsubsidiary	Sales	(5,626,101) (	3)	90 days	-	-	1,563,395	9	-
The Company	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsubsidiary	Sales	(11,906,880) (	7)	90 days	-	-	4,383,072	24	-
The Company	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsubsidiary	Sales	(4,368,304) (	3)	90 days	-	-	1,231,711	7	-
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Subsidiary	Sales	(2,601,213) (	2)	30 days	-	-	327,550	2	-
The Company	PFG Fiber Glass Corporation	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(310,506)	-	30 days	-	-	39,664	-	-
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Subsidiary	Sales	(6,991,888) (	4)	30 days	-	-	357,281	2	-
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company	Sales	(171,363)	-	30 days	-	-	-	-	-
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	3,926,590	3	30 days	-	-	(450,962) (	3)	-

			Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions											
			Transaction				Notes/accounts receivable (payable)							
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 1)		
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	\$ 4,190,219	4	30 days	\$ -	-	(\$ 210,529)	(2)	-			
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases	76,088,805	65	30 days	-	-	(8,493,076)	(63)	-			
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	The Company	Parent company	Sales	(536,770)	(22)	30 days	-	-	49,200	9	-			
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	BP Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	(278,652)	(12)	90 days after delivery	-	-	194,882	36	-			
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	(127,618)	(5)	30 days	-	-	-	-	-			
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.'s ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	(238,139)	(10)	30 days	-	-	27,309	5	-			
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.'s ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases	984,702	59	45 days	-	-	(108,695)	(93)	-			
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(634,345)	(12)	30 days	-	-	79,934	13	-			
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(1,039,579)	(20)	30 days	-	-	118,263	19	-			
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Same parent company	Sales	(560,790)	(11)	30 days	-	-	30,590	5	-			
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Acrylic Esters (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman, is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	(509,648)	(10)	30 days	-	-	57,723	9	-			
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Polypropylene (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman, is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	(473,116)	(9)	30 days	-	-	24,367	4	-			

Table 5, Page 2

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions											
Transaction							Notes/accounts receivable (payable)				
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 1)
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	(\$ 476,783)	(9)	30 days	-	-	\$ 45,806	7	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Nan Ya Corp.)	Sales	(372,246)	(7)	30 days	-	-	26,084	4	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Super Absorbent Polymer (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Affiliated company	Sales	(110,406)	(2)	30 days	-	-	11,320	2	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Polyethylene (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Affiliated company	Sales	(150,036)	(3)	30 days	-	-	19,097	3	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	(428,182)	(8)	30 days	-	-	27,831	4	-
Formosa chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Nan Ya Corp.)	Sales	(258,167)	(2)	90 days			3,346	1	-
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	1,315,337	10	90 days	-	-	(380,677)	(13)	-
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is the ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases	430,024	3	90 days	-	-	-	-	-
Formosa Industries Corp.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Accounts Formosa Industries Corp.,Vietnam as an investee using equity method	Purchases	1,674,660	12	30 days	-	-	(401,676)	(29)	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	The Company	Parent company	Sales	(551,783)	(6)	30 days	-	-	84,480	12	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Europe Plc	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(184,661)	(2)	30 days after closing date	-	-	19,001	3	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Taiwan Corp.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(280,995)	(3)	30 days after closing date	-	-	-	-	-

Table 5, Page 3

			Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions										
			Transaction								Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term			Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 1)
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(\$ 650,043) (	7)	30 days after closing date	-	-	\$		107,145	15	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(460,305) (	5)	30 days after closing date	-	-			66,296	10	-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	1,172,142	17	90 days	-	-	(		194,086) (	63)	-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the director of the counterparty's parent company	Sales	(2,972,704) (	37)	30 days	-	-			304,012	85	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	(283,111) (	2)	60 days after monthly billings	-	-			37,241	2	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schocller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(218,815) (	1)	120 days	-	-			21,109	1	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Yugen Co., Ltd.	The chairman is the firstdegree relative of the Company's managing director	Sales	(257,364) (	1)	120 days	-	-			91,005	4	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(110,636)	-	120 days	-	-			21,742	1	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	6,731,160	48	15 days	-	-	(		399,578) (	23)	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	460,488	3	15 days	-	-	(		59,609) (	3)	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	252,316	2	15 days	-	-	(		20,422) (	1)	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(4,251,393) (	66)	60 days	-	-			990,784	60	-

Table 5, Page 4

							Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions						
Transaction							Notes/accounts receivable (payable)						
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 1)		
Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.'s parent company is Affiliated company with Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Sales	(233,762)	(19)	60 days	-	-	98,234	41			
Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Industries Corp.,Vietnam	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam is the parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases	\$ 148,228	14	60 days	-	- (\$	20,360)	(15)	-		
Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.'s parent company is Affiliated company with Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Sales	(251,724)	(10)	60 days	-	-	45,330	7	-		
Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Industries Corp.,Vietnam	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam is the parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases	375,746	16	60 days	-	- (	29,192)	(8)	-	
Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.'s parent company	Sales	(159,153)	(7)	60 days	-	-	71,430	10	-		

Note 1: The disclosing way is on revenue side and relative transactions are no longer disclosed.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries
Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at September 30, 2016		Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts		
			(Note 1)			Amount	Action taken				
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	\$	218,221	11.80	\$	-	\$	218,221	\$	-
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director		1,907,000	12.30		-		1,907,000		-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Notes receivable	69,131	3.98		-		23,164		-
			Accounts receivable	412,216			-		124,548		-
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investees accounted for using equity method		1,501,711	9.95		-		1,501,711		-
The Company	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary		1,563,395	5.56		-		455,380		-
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Subsidiary	Account receivable	327,550	8.69		-		181,535		-
			Other receivables	138,628			-		58,653		-
The Company	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary		1,231,711	5.23		-		276,648		-
The Company	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Accounts receivable	4,383,072	4.12		-		1,446,572		-
			Other receivables	709,365			-		384		-
The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Other receivables	907,901	-		-		107,703		-
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Subsidiary		357,281	14.16		-		357,281		-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Same parent company		107,145	11.69		-		63,366		-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company		118,263	10.26		-		118,263		-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company		165,936	6.64		-		165,936		-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent compnay's chairman is the director of the counterparty's parent company		304,012	11.64		-		304,012		-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director		990,784	5.46		-		484,201		-

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties....

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries
Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
0	The Company	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	(\$ 11,906,880)	In regular terms	(5)

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1)Parent company to subsidiary.

(2)Subsidiary to parent company.

(3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: If the transaction amount in this sheet reaches 3% of consolidated operating income or total assets, it is considered material.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries
Information on investees (Excluding those in Mainland China)
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee (Note 1)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at September 30, 2016			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine- month period ended September 30, 2016	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Footnote
				Balance as at September 30, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Taiwan	Spinning	\$ 85,188	\$ 85,188	18,467,619	86.40	\$ 135,476	(\$ 8,169)	(\$ 16,111)	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Spinning	719,003	719,003	630,022,431	37.40	21,470,095	3,114,803	1,143,910	-
The Company	Formosa Heavy Industries Corp.	Taiwan	Machinery	2,497,721	2,497,721	651,706,181	32.91	7,906,089	(221,686)	(69,020)	-
The Company	Formosa Fairway Corporation	Taiwan	Transportation	33,320	33,320	4,472,169	33.33	78,247	(8,531)	(2,844)	-
The Company	Formosa Plastics Transport Corp.	Taiwan	Transportation	17,255	17,255	4,546,463	33.33	762,187	85,160	28,384	-
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	Chemistry	25,842,468	25,842,468	2,300,799,801	24.15	66,944,778	52,964,971	12,719,583	-
The Company	Mai-Liao Power Corp.	Taiwan	Electricity generation	5,985,531	5,985,531	498,842,000	24.94	10,886,989	4,300,784	1,072,739	-
The Company	FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Investments	19,534,946	18,443,886	84,000	100.00	30,578,754	256,465	256,465	-
The Company	Hwa Ya Science Park Management Consulting Co, Ltd.	Taiwan	Management	340	340	33,000	33.00	1,965	315	104	-
The Company	Chia-Nan Enterprise Corporation	Taiwan	Electricity generation	225,034	225,034	12,448,800	30.00	260,658	42,748	12,859	-
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of petrochemical and plastic raw materials	299,999	299,999	60,000,000	50.00	2,258,312	1,968,940	984,688	-
The Company	Su Hua Transport Corp.	Taiwan	Transportation	50,000	50,000	7,658,750	25.00	243,766	97,358	24,340	-
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Vietnam	Textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton	8,435,801	8,435,801	-	42.50	8,719,266	1,810,976	769,665	-

Investor	Investee (Note 1)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at September 30, 2016			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine- month period ended September 30, 2016	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Footnote
				Balance as at September 30, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Taiwan	Chemistry, international of petrochemistry	\$ 1,201,500	\$ 1,201,500	120,150,000	50.00	\$ 1,267,088	(\$ 130,227)	(\$ 63,025)	-
The Company	Formosa Environmental Technology Co.	Taiwan	Disposals of wastes and sewage	417,145	417,145	41,714,475	24.34	257,652	(14,488)	(3,526)	-
The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sale of cosmetics	1,566,879	1,566,879	147,556,136	88.59	1,712,422	93,884	83,172	-
The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Taiwan	Yarn spinning mills, finishing of textiles and carpet manufacturing	300,000	300,000	30,000,000	100.00	211,233	2,862	2,856	-
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of synthetic rubber	400,000	400,000	40,000,000	33.33	356,696	(37,187)	(12,394)	-
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Limited Co.	Hong Kong	Manufacturing of synthetic rubber	874,680	874,680	-	33.33	113,809	(1,307,807)	(435,892)	-
The Company	Formosa Resources Corporation	Taiwan	Mining industry and its trading, wholesale of chemical material and international trading	4,162,500	4,162,500	416,250,000	25.00	4,078,405	(362,211)	(90,553)	-
The Company	Formosa Group Corp. (Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Investments	377	377	-	25.00	212,728	275,587	68,897	-
The Company	Formosa Construction Corp.	Taiwan	Development and sale of rebuilt housing, buildings and plants under urban redevelopment	100,000	15,000	10,000,000	33.33	92,824	(8,531)	(2,843)	-
The Company	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Cayman Islands	Investments	16,084,840	-	50,000	100.00	15,004,572	-	-	-
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Investments	15,482,159	14,391,099	-	100.00	18,125,816	(1,017,462)	(1,017,462)	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Beyoung International Corp.	Taiwan	International trading	90,000	90,000	360,000	30.00	94,887	3,997	1,199	-

Investor	Investee (Note 1)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at September 30, 2016			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine- month period ended September 30, 2016	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Footnote
				Balance as at September 30, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Taiwan	Recycle of spent catalyst	\$ 252,969	\$ 252,969	19,289,016	51.00	\$ 183,657	(\$ 231,650)	(\$ 118,142)	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investments	29,610	29,610	-	100.00	23,043	3,419	3,419	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	1.Handling urban land consolidation 2.Development, rent and sale of industrial plants, residences and building	114,912	114,912	16,100,000	100.00	188,994	5,344	3,910	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	IC assembly, testing and modules	3,773,440	3,773,440	290,464,472	65.68	6,492,908	747,056	490,692	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sale of spun fabrics and filament textile	1,356,862	1,356,862	-	100.00	1,037,788	82,748	82,748	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Production, processing, further processing various yam and cotton cloth, dyeing and finishing clothes, curtains, towels, bed covers and carpets	1,709,221	1,709,221	-	100.00	1,727,969	167,192	167,192	-

Investor	Investee (Note 1)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at September 30, 2016			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine- month period ended	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period	Footnote
				Balance as at September 30, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	September 30, 2016	ended September 30, 2016	
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Processing and production of ready-to-wear, processing and trading of cotton cloth, and import and export of the aforementioned products	\$ 213,771	\$ 213,771	18,595,352	20.16	\$ 901,966	\$ 492,041	\$ 97,751	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Trading of textiles	2,958	2,958	-	43.00	7,091	12,884	5,600	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Production, processing and sale of various dyeing and finishing textiles and yarn	2,590,434	2,590,434	-	100.00	2,365,576	111,553	111,553	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Vietnam	Synthetic fiber, spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing and electricity generation	1,987,122	1,987,122	-	10.00	2,147,623	1,810,976	177,376	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investments	5,090,180	5,090,180	171,028,736	100.00	5,166,665	-	-	-
Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	IC assembly, testing and modules	21,119	21,119	469,500	0.11	22,124	747,056	793	-

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2016	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Net income of investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of September 30, 2016		Footnote
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan						September 30, 2016	September 30, 2016	
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)	\$ 5,618,707	2、4	\$ 4,682,741	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,682,741	\$ 180,678	100	\$ 180,678	\$ 7,008,802	\$ -		2
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Cogeneration power generation business	4,834,511	2、4	4,051,414	-	-	4,051,414	1,273,927	100	1,273,927	12,807,049	-		2
Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and market of PTA	9,066,960	2、4	7,975,900	1,091,060	-	9,066,960	(1,165,296)	100	(1,165,296)	7,820,902	-		2
Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Polystyrene	1,732,458	2、4	1,732,458	-	-	1,732,458	(144,563)	100	(144,563)	1,248,657	-		2
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Production and sale of phenol-acetone and acetone	4,453,788	2、4	-	-	-	-	111,719	100	111,719	2,047,455	-		2
Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of synthetic rubber	2,912,368	2、4	874,680	-	-	874,680	(1,307,807)	33	(435,892)	113,809	-		2

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2016	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Net income of investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of September 30, 2016		Footnote
				Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan									
Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Investments	\$ 29,610	2、4	\$ 29,610	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,610	\$ 3,419	100	\$ 3,419	\$ 19,397	\$ -		2
Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of polyester and polyamide fabrics	1,402,085	1	1,402,085	-	-	1,402,085	24,789	100	24,789	1,615,703	-		3
Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Import and export, entrepot trade, merchandise exhibition, export processing, warehousing and design and drawing of black and white and colour graphs	15,273	1	15,273	-	-	15,273	288	100	288	7,889	-		4
Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	Weaving and dyeing as well as post dressing of high-grade loomage face fabric	1,302,019	2、4	1,334,739	-	-	1,334,739	50,152	100	50,152	926,263	-		5

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2016	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Net income of investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of September 30, 2016	Footnote
				Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan								
Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd.	Building and selling real estate	\$ 70,788	2、4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,417	41	\$ 33,610	\$ 54,478	\$ -	6

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories.

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China..

(2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3) Others

(4) Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the Company's investee - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman).

Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co. were investee companies in Mainland China through the Company's investee - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman). After share structure adjustment in 2008 and 2014, the parent company of the 4 investees became Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. is a wholly-owned subsidiary through reinvestment of FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman).

Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the investee - Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd..

Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the investee - Formosa Biomedical (Samoa) Co., Ltd..

Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the subsidiary - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd..

The Company is the surviving company after the consolidation of Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. and Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. Its paid-in capital is RMB\$13,592,920.

Note 2: Investment income recognized in current period is based on the financial reports audited by CPAs of the Taiwan parent company .

Note 3: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$46,400,000.

(The remittance of US\$46,388,800 and the capitalised value of machinery and equipment of US\$11,200)

Note 4: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$570,000.

Note 5: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$42,000,000. In order to effectively utilise the residential land of the Company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co. split the residential land and established Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. by capitalizing the residential land in the first quarter, 2015.

Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co. reduced the capital of Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. by US\$900,000, so the Company's paid-in capital amounts to \$41,100,000.

Note 6: The Company is the surviving company after the merger with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. in the third quarter, 2015. The paid-in Capital of the Company is RMB\$13,592,920.

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of September 30, 2016	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA
The Company	\$ 20,408,253	\$ 31,171,531	Note

Note: Corporations that are qualified with operations headquarters certification issued by the Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C.

Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016

Table 10

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Sale (purchase)		Property transaction		Accounts receivable (payable)		endorsements/guarantees or collaterals		Financing				
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance at September 30, 2016	%	Balance at September 30, 2016	Purpose	Maximum balance during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Balance at September 30, 2016	Interest rate	Interest during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2016	Others
Formosa Taffeta (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	\$ 11,171	0.06	\$ -	-	\$ 943	0.05	\$ 1,724,800	For short-term loans from financial institutions	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	67,140	0.36	-	-	3,855	0.19	2,320,640	For short-term loans from financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-