# FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.

### FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### **INDEX**

Items	Pages
Index	
Report of Independent Accountants	1-6
Consolidated Balance Sheets	7-8
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	9-10
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	11-12
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	13-14
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	15-101



#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR16000289

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other independent accountants, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the



context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment-PTA division

#### Description

Please refer to Note 4(16) for accounting policy on impairment of non-financial assets, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to impairment assessment of tangible assets, and Note 6(9) for details of property, plant and equipment impairment.

The Group's property, plant and equipment amounted to NT\$130,913,460 thousand at December 31, 2016. Due to the oversupply of the Group's products in the market as a result of too many competitors in the industry, asset items used in the production and manufacturing of PTA may be impaired. Management has identified its Third Chemical Division, which mainly produces and manufactures PTA, as a cash-generating unit. Management used the estimated future cash flows and proper discount rate to calculate value in use and determined the recoverable amount to assess whether assets had been impaired. Based on the aforementioned valuation model, the Group recognized impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of NT\$314,437 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2016.

As the estimated recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is dependent upon significant management judgement, with respect to estimated discount rate applied to estimated future cash flows, we consider impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- 1. Assessing the reasonableness of future cash flows estimated by management for its Third Chemical Division, checking whether the future 5 years cash flows are in line with the business division's operational plan, and reviewing the operational plan proposed by management against actual performance to confirm relevance of key assumptions.
- 2. Assessing discount rate and weighted average cost of capital, and checking assumptions of market rate, capital structure and cost of debt.
- 3. Verifing the accuracy of valuation model calculation.



#### Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment-Changhua plant

#### Description

Please refer to Note 4(16) for accounting policy on non-financial assets impairment, Note 5(2) for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to impairment assessment of tangible assets, and Note 6(9) for details of property, plant and equipment impairment.

As described in Note 12(1), the Company recognized impairment loss on its Changhua plant based on the recoverable amount of idle equipment. As the operation of three cogeneration sets had been suspended since October 7, 2016, the idle equipment are considered not recoverable. Accordingly, the Group recognized impairment loss on property, plant and equipment amounting to NT\$466,785 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Given the significance of the closure of the Company's Changhua plant, we consider management's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment a key audit matter.

#### How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- 1. Obtaining Changhua plant's property listing, and confirming completeness of assets.
- 2. Obtaining assets impairment report prepared by management for Changhua plant, performing physical inspection of available plant assets, and verifying whether certain assets are still working.
- 3. Verifying the accuracy of the amount of impairment loss recognized.

#### Other matter – audits of the other independent accountants

We did not audit the financial statements of a wholly-owned consolidated subsidiary and certain investments accounted for under the equity method, which statements reflect total assets (including investments accounted for under equity method) of NT\$139,881,489 thousand and NT\$149,833,197 thousand, constituting 26% and 30% of consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, operating income of NT\$28,363,847 thousand and NT\$24,936,460 thousand, constituting 9% and 8% of consolidated total operating income for the years then ended, respectively, and comprehensive income of NT\$20,803,398 thousand and NT\$10,709,919 thousand, constituting 30% and 58% of consolidated total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively. Those financial statements were audited by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the financial statements relative to the subsidiary and investee companies, is based solely on the audit reports of the



#### Other matter - parent company only financial statements

We have audited the parent company only financial statements of Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and have expressed an unqualified opinion on such financial statements.

### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain



professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Chou, Chien-Hung

for and on behalf of Pricewaterhouse copers, Taiwan

March 17, 2017

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Notes   Note					December 31, 2016	 December 31, 2015		
1100			Notes		AMOUNT	<u></u>	 AMOUNT	
Financial assets at fair value   6(2)		Current assets						
through profit or loss - current 627,621 - 655,811 -  1125 Available-for-sale financial assets 6(3) - current 100,777,992 18 83,428,951 16 1150 Notes receivable, net 6(4) 7,037,751 1 6,581,909 1 1160 Notes receivable - related parties 7 11,643 - 5,235 -  1170 Accounts receivable, net 6(5) 18,028,975 3 14,682,304 3 1180 Accounts receivable - related 7  parties 7,356,435 1 6,820,320 1 1200 Other receivables 7 7,356,435 1 6,820,320 1 1200 Other receivables 7 5,107,594 1 7,845,329 2 1210 Other receivables - related parties 7 19,841,060 4 9,853,312 2 130X Inventory 6(6) and 8 42,215,280 8 40,002,037 8 8 1 1470 Other current assets 7 and 8 5,409,066 1 6,330,056 1 11XX Total current assets 7 and 8 5,409,066 1 6,330,056 1 11XX Total current assets 6(3) and 8 - non-current 42,381,294 8 29,476,127 6 1 1543 Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)  non-current	1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	30,391,911	6	\$ 34,744,139	7
1125	1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)					
Current   100,777,992   18		through profit or loss - current			627,621	=	655,811	=
1150   Notes receivable, net   6(4)   7,037,751   1   6,581,909   1     1160   Notes receivable - related parties   7   11,643   - 5,235   - 1     1170   Accounts receivable, net   6(5)   18,028,975   3   14,682,304   3     1180   Accounts receivable - related   7     parties   7,356,435   1   6,820,320   1     1200   Other receivables   7   5,107,594   1   7,845,329   2     1210   Other receivables - related parties   7   19,841,060   4   9,853,312   2     130X   Inventory   6(6) and 8   42,215,280   8   40,002,037   8     1470   Other current assets   7 and 8   5,409,066   1   6,330,056   1     11XX   Total current assets   7 and 8   5,409,066   1   6,330,056   1     11XX   Total current assets   6(3) and 8     - non-current   42,381,294   8   29,476,127   6     1543   Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)     non-current   24,431,806   5   3,524,297   1     1550   Investments accounted for under   6(8), 7 and 8     equity method   102,035,137   19   113,700,148   22     1600   Property, plant and equipment   6(9), 7 and 8   310,913,460   24   144,363,759   28	1125	Available-for-sale financial assets	6(3)					
1160         Notes receivable - related parties         7         11,643         -         5,235         -           1170         Accounts receivable, net         6(5)         18,028,975         3         14,682,304         3           1180         Accounts receivable - related         7         -		- current			100,777,992	18	83,428,951	16
1170         Accounts receivable, net         6(5)         18,028,975         3         14,682,304         3           1180         Accounts receivable - related         7         7,356,435         1         6,820,320         1           1200         Other receivables         7         5,107,594         1         7,845,329         2           1210         Other receivables - related parties         7         19,841,060         4         9,853,312         2           130X         Inventory         6(6) and 8         42,215,280         8         40,002,037         8           1470         Other current assets         7 and 8         5,409,066         1         6,330,056         1           11XX         Total current assets         6(3) and 8         42,381,294         8         29,476,127         6           1523         Available-for-sale financial assets         6(3) and 8         42,381,294         8         29,476,127         6           1543         Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)         24,431,806         5         3,524,297         1           1550         Investments accounted for under         6(8), 7 and 8         102,035,137         19         113,700,148         22           1600         <	1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)		7,037,751	1	6,581,909	1
1180   Accounts receivable - related   7	1160	Notes receivable - related parties	7		11,643	=	5,235	-
parties   7,356,435   1   6,820,320   1     1200   Other receivables   7   5,107,594   1   7,845,329   2     1210   Other receivables - related parties   7   19,841,060   4   9,853,312   2     130X   Inventory   6(6) and 8   42,215,280   8   40,002,037   8     1470   Other current assets   7 and 8   5,409,066   1   6,330,056   1     11XX   Total current assets   7 and 8   5,409,066   1   6,330,056   1     11XX   Total current assets   7 and 8   5,409,066   1   6,330,056   1     1523   Available-for-sale financial assets   6(3) and 8   - non-current   42,381,294   8   29,476,127   6     1543   Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)   6   6(8),7 and 8   6(9),7 and 8   6(9	1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		18,028,975	3	14,682,304	3
1200         Other receivables         7         5,107,594         1         7,845,329         2           1210         Other receivables - related parties         7         19,841,060         4         9,853,312         2           130X         Inventory         6(6) and 8         42,215,280         8         40,002,037         8           1470         Other current assets         7 and 8         5,409,066         1         6,330,056         1           11XX         Total current assets         236,805,328         43         210,949,403         41           Non-current assets           1523         Available-for-sale financial assets 6(3) and 8         42,381,294         8         29,476,127         6           1543         Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)         24,431,806         5         3,524,297         1           1550         Investments accounted for under equity method         6(8),7 and 8         102,035,137         19         113,700,148         22           1600         Property, plant and equipment         6(9),7 and 8         130,913,460         24         144,363,759         28	1180	Accounts receivable - related	7					
1210 Other receivables - related parties 7         19,841,060 4         9,853,312 2           130X Inventory         6(6) and 8         42,215,280 8         40,002,037 8         8           1470 Other current assets         7 and 8         5,409,066 1 0         6,330,056 1         1           Non-current assets           1523 Available-for-sale financial assets 6(3) and 8 - non-current         42,381,294 8         29,476,127 6         6           1543 Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7) non-current         24,431,806 5         3,524,297 1         1           1550 Investments accounted for under equity method         6(8),7 and 8 equity method         102,035,137 19 113,700,148 22         22           1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(9), 7 and 8         130,913,460 24 144,363,759 28		parties			7,356,435	1	6,820,320	1
130X         Inventory         6(6) and 8         42,215,280         8         40,002,037         8           1470         Other current assets         7 and 8         5,409,066         1         6,330,056         1           Non-current assets           Non-current assets           1523         Available-for-sale financial assets         6(3) and 8           - non-current         42,381,294         8         29,476,127         6           1543         Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)         24,431,806         5         3,524,297         1           1550         Investments accounted for under equity method         102,035,137         19         113,700,148         22           1600         Property, plant and equipment         6(9), 7 and 8         130,913,460         24         144,363,759         28	1200	Other receivables	7		5,107,594	1	7,845,329	2
1470         Other current assets         7 and 8         5,409,066         1         6,330,056         1           Non-current assets           Non-current assets           1523         Available-for-sale financial assets 6(3) and 8         - non-current         42,381,294         8         29,476,127         6           1543         Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)         24,431,806         5         3,524,297         1           1550         Investments accounted for under equity method         6(8), 7 and 8         102,035,137         19         113,700,148         22           1600         Property, plant and equipment 6(9), 7 and 8         130,913,460         24         144,363,759         28	1210	Other receivables - related parties	7		19,841,060	4	9,853,312	2
11XX   Total current assets   236,805,328   43   210,949,403   41	130X	Inventory	6(6) and 8		42,215,280	8	40,002,037	8
Non-current assets  1523 Available-for-sale financial assets 6(3) and 8  - non-current	1470	Other current assets	7 and 8		5,409,066	1	 6,330,056	1
Available-for-sale financial assets 6(3) and 8         - non-current       42,381,294       8       29,476,127       6         1543       Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)       24,431,806       5       3,524,297       1         1550       Investments accounted for under equity method       6(8),7 and 8       102,035,137       19       113,700,148       22         1600       Property, plant and equipment       6(9),7 and 8       130,913,460       24       144,363,759       28	11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>			236,805,328	43	 210,949,403	41
- non-current 42,381,294 8 29,476,127 6  1543 Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)  non-current 24,431,806 5 3,524,297 1  1550 Investments accounted for under 6(8), 7 and 8  equity method 102,035,137 19 113,700,148 22  1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(9), 7 and 8 130,913,460 24 144,363,759 28		Non-current assets						
1543       Financial assets carried at cost - 6(7)         non-current       24,431,806       5       3,524,297       1         1550       Investments accounted for under equity method       6(8),7 and 8       102,035,137       19       113,700,148       22         1600       Property, plant and equipment       6(9),7 and 8       130,913,460       24       144,363,759       28	1523	Available-for-sale financial assets	6(3) and 8					
non-current     24,431,806     5     3,524,297     1       1550     Investments accounted for under equity method     6(8),7 and 8     102,035,137     19     113,700,148     22       1600     Property, plant and equipment     6(9),7 and 8     130,913,460     24     144,363,759     28		- non-current			42,381,294	8	29,476,127	6
1550       Investments accounted for under equity method       6(8), 7 and 8       102,035,137       19       113,700,148       22         1600       Property, plant and equipment       6(9), 7 and 8       130,913,460       24       144,363,759       28	1543	Financial assets carried at cost -	6(7)					
equity method 102,035,137 19 113,700,148 22 1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(9), 7 and 8 130,913,460 24 144,363,759 28		non-current			24,431,806	5	3,524,297	1
1600 Property, plant and equipment 6(9), 7 and 8 130,913,460 24 144,363,759 28	1550	Investments accounted for under	6(8), 7 and 8					
		equity method			102,035,137	19	113,700,148	22
1780 Intangible assets 1 583 2 396	1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(9), 7 and 8		130,913,460	24	144,363,759	28
1,000 - 3,000 -	1780	Intangible assets			1,583		3,386	-
1840 Deferred income tax assets 6(25) 1,732,954 - 2,087,690 -	1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(25)		1,732,954		2,087,690	-
1900 Other non-current assets 6,135,028 1 8,880,620 2	1900	Other non-current assets			6,135,028	1	 8,880,620	2
15XX <b>Total non-current assets</b> 307,631,262 57 302,036,027 59	15XX	<b>Total non-current assets</b>			307,631,262	57	 302,036,027	59
1XXX <b>Total assets</b> \$ 544,436,590 100 \$ 512,985,430 100	1XXX	Total assets		\$	544,436,590	100	\$ 512,985,430	100

(Continued)

## FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31, 2016				December 31, 2015		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(10)	\$	26,146,750	5	\$	26,672,648	5
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(10)		1,499,464	=		2,049,364	-
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(11)						
	through profit or loss - current			1,381	-		819	-
2150	Notes payable			196,870	-		200,127	-
2170	Accounts payable			8,525,984	2		6,936,889	1
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7		13,385,510	2		12,287,595	2
2200	Other payables			8,387,052	1		10,310,254	2
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		57,478	=		2,346,509	1
2230	Current income tax liabilities			3,708,596	1		3,174,973	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(12)(13)						
	portion			14,416,502	3		16,179,230	3
2399	Other current liabilities			2,884,328			2,201,285	1
21XX	Total current liabilities			79,209,915	14		82,359,693	16
	Non-current liabilities		·				_	
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(12)(13)		39,750,000	8		46,500,000	9
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(13)		38,614,620	7		38,774,737	8
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(25)		312,506	_		927,239	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(14)		6,909,137	1		11,346,228	2
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			85,586,263	16		97,548,204	19
2XXX	Total liabilities			164,796,178	30		179,907,897	35
	Equity attributable to owners of			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	parent							
	Share capital	6(15)						
3110	Common stock			58,611,863	11		58,611,863	11
	Capital surplus	6(16)						
3200	Capital surplus			8,622,642	1		8,875,002	2
	Retained earnings	6(17)						
3310	Legal reserve			46,663,535	9		43,905,716	9
3320	Special reserve			41,927,550	8		41,927,550	8
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings	6(25)		72,560,103	13		52,528,055	10
	Other equity interest	6(18)						
3400	Other equity interest			91,965,445	17		77,334,641	15
3500	Treasury stocks	6(15)	(	360,572)	_	(	352,309)	-
31XX	Equity attributable to owners							
	of the parent			319,990,566	59		282,830,518	55
36XX	Non-controlling interest			59,649,846	11		50,247,015	10
3XXX	Total equity			379,640,412	70		333,077,533	65
	Significant contingent liabilities	9		577,010,112				
	and unrecognized contract							
	commitments							
	Significant events after the	11						
	balance sheet date							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	544,436,590	100	\$	512,985,430	100
J112/1	zom momino una equity		Ψ	JTT, TJU, JJU	100	Ψ	J14,70J, HJU	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

Year ended December 31 2016 2015 AMOUNT Items Notes % AMOUNT % \$ 4000 Operating revenue 6(19) and 7 100 \$ 100 319,204,627 329,349,307 5000 **Operating costs** 6(6)(14)(23)(24) and 271,653,073) ( 85) ( 295,636,411) 90) 5900 Net operating margin 33,712,896 10 47,551,554 15 Operating expenses 6(14)(23)(24) and 7 6100 Selling expenses 8,524,812) ( 3) ( 8,831,840) ( 3) 6200 General and administrative expenses 5,591,090) ( 2) ( 5,506,930) 1) 6000 **Total operating expenses** 14,115,902) ( 5) ( 14,338,770) 4) 6900 **Operating profit** 33,435,652 10 19,374,126 6 Non-operating income and expenses 7010 Other income 6(20) and 7 7,926,142 5,306,716 2 7020 Other gains and losses 6(21) 3,714,696) ( 1) 1,418,928 7050 Finance costs 6(9)(22) and 7 1,993,143) ( 2,305,371) ( 1) 1) ( 7060 Share of profit of associates and joint 6(8) ventures accounted for under equity method 19,021,711 12,194,766 6 7000 Total non-operating income and expenses 21,240,014 16,615,039 5 7900 Profit before income tax 54,675,666 17 35,989,165 11 7950 Income tax expense 6(25) 5,908,938) 2) 4,371,618) ( 1) 8200 Profit for the year 48,766,728 15 31,617,547

(Continued)

#### FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

Year ended December 31 2016 2015 AMOUNT Items Notes AMOUNT Other comprehensive income (net) 6(18)(25) 8311 Other comprehensive income, before tax, actuarial gains (losses) on defined benefit plans (\$ 505, 220) 573,733) (\$ 8320 Share of other comprehensive loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 23,805) 278,660) 8310 Components of other comprehensive loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 529,025) 852,393) Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations 4,757,556) ( 1) ( 756,536) 8362 Unrealized gain (loss) on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets 24,960,906 9,601,819) ( 3) 8370 Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method 2,088,004) ( 1,081,694 1) 8399 Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income 591,147 15,942 8360 Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss 21,876,191 12,430,417) 8300 Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the year 21,347,166 13,282,810) 4) 8500 Total comprehensive income for the 70,113,894 18,334,737 vear Net income attributable to: 8610 Owners of the parent 43,833,045 14 \$ 27,578,193 9 Non-controlling interest 4.039.354 8620 4,933,683 48,766,728 31,617,547 10 Total comprehensive income attributable to: 8710 Owners of the parent 57,934,824 18 12,247,215 6,087,522 8720 Non-controlling interest 12,179,070 70.113 894 18,334,737 Before Tax Basic earnings per share 6(26) Profit for the year from continuing 9710 operations 9.36 \$ 8.35 \$ 6.16 \$ 5.41 9720 Non-controlling interest 1.22) 0.85) 1.00) 0.69) Profit attributable to common 9750 shareholders of the parent 8.14 7.50 5.16 4.72 Assuming shares held by subsidiary are not deemed as treasury stock: Profit for the year from continuing operations 9.33 8.32 6.14 5.39 Non-controlling interest 1.22 0.84) 0.99) 0.68) Profit attributable to common shareholders of the parent \$ \$ 8.11 7.48 5.15 4.71

#### FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent											
					Retained Earnings			Other Equity Interes					
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for- sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges	Treasury stocks	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the year ended December													
<u>31, 2015</u>			* 0 #										
Balance at January 1, 2015	(1 <b>5</b> )	\$ 58,611,863	\$8,668,561	\$ 42,852,687	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 33,888,707	\$ 4,235,625	\$87,580,223	(\$ 2,622)	(\$332,413)	\$ 277,430,181	\$ 45,869,920	\$ 323,300,101
Appropriations of 2014 earnings	6(17)												
Legal reserve		-	-	1,053,029	-	( 1,053,029)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(7,033,423)	-	-	-	-	(7,033,423)	-	( 7,033,423)
Dividends paid to													
subsidiaries to adjust			6 701								6 701		6 701
capital surplus		€	6,701	Ξ	€	=	€	=	Ē	=	6,701	≘	6,701
Difference between proceeds on acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its carrying amount		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,817	2,817
Changes in the net interest of associates recognised												2,017	2,017
under the equity method		=	199,740	=	=	=	-	=	-	-	199,740	=	199,740
Stocks of the parent company purchased by the subsidiary and recognised as treasury stock	6(15)									( 19.896)	( 10.806.)		( 10.906)
Cash dividends paid by		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	≘	( 19,896 )	( 19,896)	=	( 19,896)
consolidated subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 1,708,087)	( 1,708,087)
Adjustment in non-												/	, , , , , , ,
controlling interest		-	=	=	-		-	-	-	-	- 07 £70 102	( 5,157)	( 5,157)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss		-	=	-	≘	27,578,193	-	-	=	=	27,578,193	4,039,354	31,617,547
for the year		<del>_</del>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	(852,393_)	413,895	(_14,964,675_)	72,195	<u> </u>	(15,330,978_)	2,048,168	(13,282,810_)
Balance at December 31, 2015		\$ 58,611,863	\$8,875,002	\$ 43,905,716	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 52,528,055	\$ 4,649,520	\$ 72,615,548	\$ 69,573	(\$352,309)	\$ 282,830,518	\$ 50,247,015	\$ 333,077,533

(Continued)

### FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

					Retained Earnings	any announce to or		Other Equity Interes	t				
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for- sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges	Treasury stocks	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the year ended December 31, 2016													
Balance at January 1, 2016 Appropriations of 2015 earnings	6(17)	\$ 58,611,863	\$8,875,002	\$ 43,905,716	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 52,528,055	\$ 4,649,520	\$ 72,615,548	\$ 69,573	(\$352,309)	\$ 282,830,518	\$ 50,247,015	\$ 333,077,533
Legal reserve		-	-	2,757,819	-	( 2,757,819)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		Ξ.	≘	Ē	Ξ·	( 20,514,153 )	≘	=	=	=	( 20,514,153)	≘	( 20,514,153)
Dividends paid to subsidiaries to adjust capital surplus		-	20,975	-	-	=	=	-	=	=	20,975	-	20,975
Difference between proceeds on acquisition of or disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary and its												00.266	00.266
carrying amount Changes in the net interest of associates recognised		<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>	-	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	-	90,366	90,366
under the equity method Stocks of the parent company purchased by the subsidiary and recognised as treasury	6(15)	-	( 273,335)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 273,335)	-	( 273,335)
stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,263)	( 8,263)	-	( 8,263)
Cash dividends paid by consolidated subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 2,866,605)	
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	43,833,045	-	-	-	-	43,833,045	4,933,683	48,766,728
Other comprehensive income for the year		- <u>-</u>	- <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(529,025_)	(_3,660,896_)	18,318,099	(26,399_)	<del>_</del>	14,101,779	7,245,387	21,347,166
Balance at December 31, 2016		\$ 58,611,863	\$ 8,622,642	\$ 46,663,535	\$ 41,927,550	\$ 72,560,103	\$ 988,624	\$ 90,933,647	\$ 43,174	(\$360,572)	\$ 319,990,566	\$ 59,649,846	\$ 379,640,412

# FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	For the years end			ded December 31		
	Notes		2016	_	2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		\$	54,675,666	\$	35,989,165	
Adjustments		Ψ	31,073,000	Ψ	33,707,103	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation Profit (1988)	6(9)(23)		16,029,866		16,494,663	
Amortization	6(23)		4,311,872		3,455,355	
Provision for decline in market value of inventory	6(6)		1,311,072		3,133,333	
(gain from price recovery)			498,306	(	1,329,388)	
Interest income	6(20)	(	411,097)	(	482,867)	
Dividend income	6(20)	(	6,243,361)	(		
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(2)(11)(21)	(	0,215,501)	(	3,203,013)	
through profit or loss	0(2)(11)(21)	(	1,598)	(	7,466)	
Impairment loss on financial assets	6(7)(21)	(	207,066	(	7,100 )	
(Gain) loss on disposal and scrap of property, plant and	6(21)		201,000			
equipment	0(21)	(	18,206)		158,124	
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	6(9)(21)	(	781,222		130,124	
Gain on disposal of investments	6(21)	(		(	1,158,104)	
Interest expense	6(22)	(	1,993,143	(	2,305,371	
Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for	0(22)		1,775,145		2,303,371	
under the equity method		(	19,021,711)	(	12,194,766)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		(	19,021,711 )	(	12,194,700 )	
Changes in operating assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			30,350		2,928	
Notes receivable		(	455,842)	(	2,492)	
Notes receivable-related parties			6,408)	(	2,492) 4,536,336	
Accounts receivable		(	3,346,671)		4,284,153	
Accounts receivable Accounts receivable-related parties			536,115)		23,820)	
Other receivables		(	2,752,270	(	7,343,434	
Inventories		(	2,661,979)		10,257,529	
Other current assets		(	920,990		5,906	
Other non-current assets			1,013,421	(	163,050)	
Changes in operating liabilities			1,013,421	(	103,030 )	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				(	1,799)	
Notes payable		(	3,257)		5,440)	
Accounts payable		(	1,589,095	}	13,828)	
Accounts payable-related parties			1,097,915	}	2,756,573)	
Other payables			231,130	(	340,929	
Other current liabilities			683,043		436,161	
Accrued pension liabilities		(	4,901,984)	(	483,209)	
Cash inflow generated from operations		<u></u>	49,025,958	<u>'</u>	63,701,437	
Interest received						
		,	396,562	,	515,932	
Interest paid		(	2,032,885)		2,579,944)	
Income tax paid Dividends received		(	5,114,947)	(	1,062,784)	
			17,438,601		6,798,323	
Net cash flows from operating activities			59,713,289		67,372,964	

(Continued)

# FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		For the years ended December 31				
	Notes		2016		2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
(Increase) decrease in other receivables-related parties		(\$	9,987,748)	\$	8,294,128	
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets		(	5,478,021) (		95,802)	
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial		,	, , , ,	,		
assets			228,802		107,991	
Acquisition of financial assets measured at cost		(	104) (	,	25,130)	
Cash refund from capital reduction in financial assets						
measured at cost			10,704		13,380	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets measured at cost			40,357		1,576	
Acquisition of investments accounted for under the equity						
method		(	1,361,880) (	,	600,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under						
equity method			8,760		1,656,262	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	(	8,963,930) (	,	17,086,875)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			67,473		178,829	
Acquisition of intangible assets		(	234) (	<b>,</b>	75,868)	
Increase in non-current assets		(	2,713,339) (	<u> </u>	2,422,316)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	28,149,160) (	<i>,</i>	10,053,825)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			_			
Decrease in short-term borrowings		(	525,898) (	,	2,514,551)	
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable		(	549,900) (	,	300,160)	
Decrease in other payables-related parties		(	2,289,031) (	<b>,</b>	469,392)	
Increase in long-term borrowings			13,989,866		14,991,674	
Payment of long-term borrowings		(	12,474,284) (	<b>,</b>	31,474,876)	
Payment of bonds payable		(	9,500,000) (	<b>,</b>	10,000,000)	
Increase in other non-current liabilities		(	45,849) (	<b>,</b>	78,501)	
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits			5,522 (	<b>,</b>	11,098)	
Payment of cash dividends	6(27)	(	21,932,687) (	<b>,</b>	6,277,741)	
Decrease in non-controlling interest		(	2,866,605)	<u></u>	1,708,087)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(	36,188,866) (	<u> </u>	37,842,732)	
Effect of foreign exchange translations			272,509		931,812	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	4,352,228)		20,408,219	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		_	34,744,139		14,335,920	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	30,391,911	\$	34,744,139	

# FORMOSA CHEMICALS & FIBRE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corporation (the "Company") was founded on March 5, 1965. The Company and its subsidiaries (together referred herein as the "Group") now has eight business divisions, namely First Chemical Division, Petrochemicals Division, Third Chemical Division, Plastics Division, Textile Division, First Fiber Division and its subsidiaries, Second Fiber Division, and Engineering & Construction Division. The Group's major businesses are production and sales of petrochemical products, including PTA, PS, AN, Butadiene, SM polymer, SM, benzene, toluene, p-xylene (PX) and o-xylene (OX), as well as nylon fiber, and rayon staple fiber. The Group is also engaged in spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing.

### 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 17, 2017.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

None.

### (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

	Effective Date by International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Investment entities: applying the consolidation exception (amendments	January 1, 2016
to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	
Accounting for acquisition of interests in joint operations	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IFRS 11)	
IFRS 14, 'Regulatory deferral accounts'	January 1, 2016
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 1)	January 1, 2016
Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation	January 1, 2016
(amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	
Agriculture: bearer plants (amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	January 1, 2016
Defined benefit plans: employee contributions	July 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 19R)	
Equity method in separate financial statements (amendments to IAS 27)	January 1, 2016
Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 36)	
Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting	January 1, 2014
(amendments to IAS 39)	
IFRIC 21, 'Levies'	January 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013	July 1, 2014
Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014	January 1, 2016

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating results based on the Group's assessment.

#### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2017:

	Effective Date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 2)	
Applying IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' with IFRS 4, 'Insurance	January 1, 2018
contracts' (amendments to IFRS 4)	
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or	To be determined by
joint venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Clarifications to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
(amendments to IFRS 15)	
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
Disclosure initiative (amendments to IAS 7)	January 1, 2017
Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (amendments to	January 1, 2017
IAS 12)	
Transfers of investment property (amendments to IAS 40)	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle - Amendments to	January 1, 2018
IFRS 1, 'First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting	
Standards'	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle - Amendments to	January 1, 2017
IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle - Amendments to IAS	January 1, 2018
28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'	

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and operating results based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

#### A. IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'

- (a) Classification of debt instruments is driven by the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets, which would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or financial asset measured at amortised cost. Equity instruments would be classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, unless an entity makes an irrevocable election at inception to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading.
- (b) The impairment losses of debt instruments are assessed using an 'expected credit loss' approach. An entity assesses at each balance sheet date whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition to recognise 12-month

- expected credit losses ('ECL') or lifetime ECL (interest revenue would be calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset before impairment losses occurred); or if the instrument that has objective evidence of impairment, interest revenue after the impairment would be calculated on the book value of net carrying amount (i.e. net of credit allowance).
- (c) The amended general hedge accounting requirements align hedge accounting more closely with an entity's risk management strategy. Risk components of non-financial items and a group of items can be designated as hedged items. The standard relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness, removing the 80-125% bright line, and introduces the concept of 'rebalancing'; while its risk management objective remains unchanged, an entity shall rebalance the hedged item or the hedging instrument for the purpose of maintaining the hedge ratio.
- B. Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'
  - The amendments resolve a current inconsistency between IFRS 10 and IAS 28. The gain or loss resulting from a transaction that involves sales or contribution of assets between an investor and its associates or joint ventures is recognized either in full or partially depending on the nature of the assets sold or contributed:
  - (a) If sales or contributions of assets constitute a 'business', the full gain or loss is recognized;
  - (b) If sales or contributions of assets do not constitute a 'business', the partial gain or loss is recognized only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.
- C. IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'
  - IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' replaces IAS 11, 'Construction Contracts', IAS 18, 'Revenue' and relevant interpretations. According to IFRS 15, revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services. A customer obtains control of goods or services when a customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits from the asset.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:

- Step 1: Identify contracts with customer
- Step 2: Identify separate performance obligations in the contract(s)
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price.
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

Further, IFRS 15 includes a set of comprehensive disclosure requirements that requires an entity to disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

D. Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Clarifications to 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The amendments clarify how to identify a performance obligation (the promise to transfer goods or services to a customer) in a contract; determine whether a company is a principal (the provider of goods or services) or an agent (responsible for arranging for the goods or services to be provided); and determine whether the revenue from granting a licence should be recognised at a point in time or over time. In addition to the clarifications, the amendments include two additional reliefs to reduce cost and complexity for a company when it first applies the new Standard.

#### E. IFRS 16, 'Leases'

IFRS 16, 'Leases', replaces IAS 17, 'Leases' and related interpretations and SICs. The standard requires lessees to recognise a 'right-of-use asset' and a lease liability (except for those leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets). The accounting stays the same for lessors, which is to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. IFRS 16 only requires enhanced disclosures to be provided by lessors.

#### F. Amendments to IAS 7, 'Disclosure initiative'

This amendment requires that an entity shall provide more disclosures related to changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

#### G. Amendments to IAS 12, 'Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses'

These amendments clarify the recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses related to debt instruments measured at fair value, and they clarify several of the general principles underlying the accounting for deferred tax assets. The amendments clarify that a deductible temporary difference exists whenever an asset is measured at fair value and that fair value is below the asset's tax base. When an entity assesses whether taxable profits will be available against which it can utilise a deductible temporary difference, it considers a deductible temporary difference in combination with all of its other deductible temporary differences unless there are tax law restrictions, and the tax deduction resulting from temporary differences is excluded from estimated future taxable profits. The amendments are effective from January 1, 2017.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standards 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by FSC.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
- (b) Available-for-sale financial assets measured at fair value.
- (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets plus unrecognized past service cost and unrecognized actuarial losses, and less unrecognized actuarial gains and present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
  - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit

or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2016 December 3	31, 2015	Description
The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Spinning, dyeing printing and finishing, and manufacturing synthetic fibre and rug and carpet	100.00	100.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
The Company	FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Investing	100.00	100.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
The Company	FCFC International Limited (Cayman)	Investing	100.00	-	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Cogeneration power generation business	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Manufacturing Acetone and Synthetic Phenolic	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2016 December	31, 2015	Description
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Investing	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Polystyrene	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of PTA	100.00	100.00	The company holds more than 50% of voting rights through wholly-owned company - FCFC Investment Corp. (Hong Kong)
The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Manufacturing and sale of cleaner and cosmetics	88.59	88.59	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Removal and disposal of waste	51.00	51.00	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 88.59% of voting rights owned company - Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Corp. Ltd.	Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	Importing, exporting and wholesale of health food	100.00	100.00	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Corp. Ltd.

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2016 December 3	31, 2015	Description
The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Spinning	86.40	86.40	The Company holds more than 50% of voting rights.
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Wholesale and retail of petrochemical and plastic raw materials	50.00	50.00	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as a subsidiary.
The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Chemistry, international trade of petrochemistry	50.00	50.00	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa BP Chemicals Corp. as a subsidiary.
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp.	Production and marketing of textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton, hydropower	42.50	42.50	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Industries Corp. as a subsidiary.
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of Polyamine fabric, Polyester fabric, cotton fabric, blended fabric and tire cord fabric	37.40	37.40	The Company has substantial control and thus regards Formosa Taffeta Co. Ltd as a subsidiary.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	Production and marketing of textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton, hydropower	100.00	100.00	The Company and Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. hold more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Assembly, testing, model processing and research and development of various integrated circuits	65.68	65.68	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership (%)	<u> </u>
investor	subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2016 December 31, 2	Description
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Terylene greige cloth, coloured cloth and textured processing yarn	100.00 100.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	products Assembly, testing, model processing and research and development of various integrated circuits	100.00 100.	00 Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Nylon and Polyamine fabric	100.00 100.	00 Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Sale of hi-tech performance fabric of 3XDRY, Nanosphere, Keprotec, Dynatec, Spirit and Reflex	43.00 43.	00 Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. has substantial control and thus regards Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. as a subsidiary.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Import and export, entrepot trade, merchandise export processing, warehousing and design and drawing of black and white and colour graphs	100.00 100.	00 Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of nylon and polyester filament products		00 Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership (%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	December 31, 2016 December	31, 2015	Description
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Investment	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights.
Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing of processing fabric of nylon filament knitted cloth, weaving and dyeing as well as post processing of knitted fabric	100.00	100.00	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. holds more than 50% of voting rights through a 100% owned company - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None
- E. Significant restrictions: None
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$59,649,846 and \$50,247,015, respectively. The information of non-controlling interest and respective subsidiary is as follows:

			Non-controlling interest					
	Name of Principal place		December 31, 2016		December 31, 2015			
Name of				Ownership			Ownership	
subsidiary	of business		Amount	(%)		Amount	(%)	Description
Formosa								
Taffeta								
Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	\$	41,591,321	62.60	\$	33,188,742	62.60	-

Summarised financial information of the subsidiary:

#### Balance sheets

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.					
	Decemb	er 31, 2016	December 31, 2015			
Current assets	\$	23,210,986	\$	22,927,207		
Non-current assets		68,819,110		57,127,848		
Current liabilities		9,293,527		10,609,001		
Non-current liabilities		12,456,669		13,377,324		
Total net assets	\$	70,279,900	\$	56,068,730		

#### Statements of comprehensive income

	Year ended		Year ended		
	Dec	ember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Revenue	\$	39,848,986	\$	42,872,570	
Profit before income tax		4,474,799		3,761,297	
Income tax expense	(	634,299)	(	537,345)	
Profit for the year		3,840,500		3,223,952	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		16,298,058		6,446,514	
Total comprehensive income for the year	\$	20,138,558	\$	9,670,466	
Comprehensive income attributable to					
non-controlling interest	\$	473,896	\$	389,239	

Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.

#### Statements of cash flows

	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.					
	Ye	ar ended	Year ended			
	Decem	ber 31, 2016	December	31, 2015		
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$	4,903,770	\$	6,002,146		
Net cash provided by (used in)						
investing activities	(	2,551,350)	(	2,604,543)		
Net cash provided by (used in)						
financing activities	(	2,383,317)	(	1,285,207)		
Effect of exchange rates on cash						
and cash equivalents		44,154	(	268,667)		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		13,257		1,843,729		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		5,640,597	-	3,796,868		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,653,854	\$	5,640,597		

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or jointly controlled entity, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or jointly controlled entity after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former jointly controlled entity, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet

date.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading or financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial assets are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial assets held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial assets that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:
  - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
  - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
  - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value. Related transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in profit or loss. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

#### (8) Available-for-sale financial assets

A. Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories.

- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, available-for-sale financial assets are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. These financial assets are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income. Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured or derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are presented in 'financial assets measured at cost'.

#### (9) Loans and receivables

Accounts receivable are loans and receivables originated by the entity. They are created by the entity by selling goods or providing services to customers in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. However, short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) Impairment of financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.
- B. The criteria that the Group uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:
  - (a) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;
  - (b) A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
  - (c) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;
  - (d) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
  - (e) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (f) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;
  - (g) Information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technology, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, and

indicates that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered;

- (h) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.
- C. When the Group assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment and an impairment loss has occurred, accounting for impairment is made as follows according to the category of financial assets:
  - (a) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognized in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognized previously. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

#### (b) Financial assets measured at cost

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market return rate of similar financial asset, and is recognized in profit or loss. Impairment loss recognized for this category shall not be reversed subsequently. Impairment loss is recognized by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

#### (c) Available-for-sale financial assets

The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (less any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss, and is reclassified from 'other comprehensive income' to 'profit or loss'. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of an investment in a debt instrument increases, and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, then such impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss of an investment in an equity instrument recognized in profit or loss shall not be reversed through profit or loss. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

#### (11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

#### (12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (13) Investments accounted for using equity method /associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 per cent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity are not recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously

- recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- H. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

#### (14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Land improvements 3 ~ 15 years

Buildings  $10 \sim 60 \text{ years}$ 

Machinery and equipment $5 \sim 15$  yearsTransportation equipment $3 \sim 15$  yearsOther equipment $2 \sim 15$  years

#### (15) Intangible assets

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

#### (16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

#### (17) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (18) Notes and accounts payable

Notes and accounts payable are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. However, short-term accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (19) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are financial liabilities held for trading or financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorized as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition:

- (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
- (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.

#### (20) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (21) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (22) Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Any changes in the fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

#### (23) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit net obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
- ii.Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as other equity.
- iii.Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted

for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (24) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### (25) Treasury shares

Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (26) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (27) Revenue recognition

- A. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account corporate tax, returns, rebates and discounts for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied.
- B. The Group offers customers price discounts. The Group estimates such discounts based on historical experience. Provisions for such liabilities are recorded when the sales are recognized. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

### (28) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

# 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF

### **ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY**

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. The information is addressed below:

## (1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Financial assets—impairment of equity investments

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 39 to determine whether a financial asset-equity investment is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an equity investment is less than its cost and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

#### A. Impairment assessment of tangible assets

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgement and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilised and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of the Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

#### B. Realisability of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Assessment of the realisability of deferred tax assets involves critical accounting judgements and estimates of the management, including the assumptions of expected future sales revenue growth rate and profit rate, available tax credits, tax planning, etc. Any variations in global economic environment, industrial environment, and laws and regulations might cause material adjustments to deferred tax assets.

#### C. Calculation of net defined benefit liabilities

When calculating the present value of defined pension obligations, the Group must apply judgements and estimates to determine the actuarial assumptions on balance sheet date, including discount rates and future salary growth rate. Any changes in these assumptions could significantly

impact the carrying amount of defined pension obligations.

### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

## (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	ember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	104,883	\$	67,624	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		8,374,036		7,306,317	
Cash equivalents					
Time deposits		14,186,540		20,408,861	
Bonds repurchased and commercial paper		7,726,452		6,961,337	
	\$	30,391,911	\$	34,744,139	

- A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk at balance sheet date is the carrying amount of all cash and cash equivalents.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

#### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Decen	nber 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Current items:					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Beneficiary certificate	\$	619,504	\$	649,854	
Non-hedging derivatives		66		12	
		619,570		649,866	
Valuation adjustments of financial assets					
at fair value through profit or loss		8,051		5,945	
	\$	627,621	\$	655,811	

- A. The Group recognized gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounting to \$2,160 and \$4,240 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transaction and contract information are as follows:

	December	r 31, 2016	December 31, 2015			
	Contract Amount		Contract Amount			
	(Notional		(Notional			
Derivative	Principal)		Principal)			
Instruments	(in thousands)	Contract Period	(in thousands)	Contract Period		
Current items:						
Forward exchange						
contracts:						
CHB	USD 1,000	2016.12~2017.02	USD 2,000	2015.12~2016.02		

The Group entered into forward exchange contracts to buy USD and JPY to hedge exchange rate risk of Ninth naphtha cracker project from syndicated long-term borrowings. However, these forward exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

## (3) Available-for-sale financial assets

	Dece	mber 31, 2016	Decemb	ber 31, 2015
Current items:				
Listed (TSE and OTC)				
stocks	\$	25,658,353	\$	25,866,696
Unlisted stocks		825,839		825,839
Fund		4,903,800		-
Valuation adjustments of				
available-for-sale financial				
assets		71,681,703		59,028,119
		103,069,695		85,720,654
Less: Accumulated impairment	(	2,291,703)	(	2,291,703)
	\$	100,777,992	\$	83,428,951
Non-current items:				
Listed (TSE and OTC)				
stocks	\$	9,418,267	\$	8,859,919
Valuation adjustments of				
available-for-sale financial				
assets		35,576,112		23,229,293
		44,994,379		32,089,212
Less: Accumulated impairment	(	2,613,085)	(	2,613,085)
	\$	42,381,294	\$	29,476,127

- A. The Company has sold Nan Ya Technology Corporation's shares of 1,069 thousand shares in open market in January 2015 for use of operating capital. Accordingly, the Company has recognised gain on disposal of investments of \$62,357 (recorded as other gains and losses).
- B. The Company participated in private placement of Nan Ya Technology Corp. in November 2011 and December 2012. As of December 31, 2015, the lock-up period of the equity investment in the private placement has expired. The Company has reclassified financial assets non-current amounting to \$2,250,000 as current in accordance with the Company's intention.
- C. The Group purchased the Mega Private US Dollar Money Market Funds in January, March and May 2016. The trading unit was 2,500,000 units, 4,994,157 units and 7,483,835 units and the trading amount was USD 25 million and, USD 50 million and USD 75 million, respectively.
- D. The Group recognized \$5,897,644 and \$3,020,671 as dividend income from available-for-sale financial assets for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- E. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, no financial assets measured at cost held by the Group were pledged to others.

# (4) Notes receivable, net

	Dece	December 31, 2015		
Notes receivable	\$	7,037,751	\$	6,581,909
Less: allowance for bad debts				<u>-</u>
	\$	7,037,751	\$	6,581,909
(5) Accounts receivable, net				
	Dece	mber 31, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015
Accounts receivable	\$	18,303,379	\$	14,962,656
Less: allowance for bad debts	(	274,404)	(	280,352)
	\$	18,028,975	\$	14,682,304

- A. The credit quality of the Group's accounts receivable that are neither past due nor impaired qualify the industrial characteristics, operating scale and profit situation of the counterparty.
- B. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	December 31, 2016			December 31, 2015		
Up to 30 days	\$	332,950	\$	470,200		
31 to 90 days		72,739		66,622		
91 to 180 days		26,408		16,494		
Over 181 days		4,816		5,781		
	\$	436,913	\$	559,097		

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

C. Movement analysis of financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

	Individual provision		Group provision		Total	
At January 1	\$	156,022	\$	124,330	\$	280,352
Write-off		-	(	3,279)	(	3,279)
Effect of exchange rate			(	2,669)	(	2,669)
At December 31	\$	156,022	\$	118,382	\$	274,404

# Year ended December 31, 2015

	Individual provision		Gro	oup provision	Total		
At January 1	\$	156,022	\$	145,290	\$	301,312	
Reversal of impairment		-	(	20,407)	(	20,407)	
Effect of exchange rate			(	553)	(	553)	
At December 31	\$	156,022	\$	124,330	\$	280,352	

D. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

# (6) Inventories

h				·	-4	ner	cem	1 10	
· U	, 1	v	 •	, ,	J	$\omega_{\mathbf{U}}$	CUIII	$\mathcal{L}$	
	, 1	v	 ٠,	J	J		cem	$\mathcal{L}$	

	Allowance for Valuation loss					Book value	
Raw materials	\$	17,685,864	<u> </u>	143,306)	•	17,542,558	
Raw materials	Ф	17,005,004	(D	143,300)	Ф	17,342,336	
Materials		5,660,605	(	517,325)		5,143,280	
Work in process		6,371,263	(	18,564)		6,352,699	
Finished goods		13,750,552	(	675,146)		13,075,406	
Other inventory		102,503	(	1,166)		101,337	
	\$	43,570,787	(\$	1,355,507)	\$	42,215,280	
	<u> </u>						

### December 31, 2015

			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 12,541,924	(\$	263,384)	\$ 12,278,540
Materials	6,205,173	(	3,151)	6,202,022
Work in process	6,708,556	(	46,129)	6,662,427
Finished goods	15,220,829	(	547,849)	14,672,980
Other inventory	 186,068			 186,068
	\$ 40,862,550	(\$	860,513)	\$ 40,002,037

A. Expense and loss incurred on inventories for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,								
		2016	2015						
Cost of inventories sold	\$	270,249,925	\$	295,981,188					
Loss (Gain) on inventory valuation (Note)		498,306	(	1,329,388)					
Idle capacity		1,317,736		1,026,534					
Others	(	412,894)	(	41,923)					
	\$	271,653,073	\$	295,636,411					

Note: The gain from price recovery for the year ended December 31, 2015 resulted from the disposal of inventory which were previously provided with allowance. As the market value of petroleum related products decreased for the year ended December 31, 2016, the Group recognized related allowance for inventory valuation losses after assessment.

B. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, inventories pledged are described in Note 8.

# (7) Financial assets measured at cost

Items	Dece	ember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Non-current items:					
Mai Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	\$	539,260	\$ 539,260		
Formosa Plastic Corp. U.S.A		818,316	818,316		
Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.		1,800	1,800		
Taiwan Aerospace Corp.		10,702	10,702		
Yi-Jih Development Corp.		3,000	3,000		
Chinese Television System Corp.		38,419	38,419		
Formosa Automobile Corp.		1,750	1,750		
Formosa Development Corp.		90,010	90,010		
Formosa Technologies Corp.		15,848	16,058		
Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.		15,000	15,000		
Formosa Ocean Group Marine Investment Corp.		856,948	856,948		
Guangyuan Investment Corp.		50,000	50,000		
Taiwan Leader Biotech Corp.		21,033	21,033		
Toa Resin Corp., Ltd.		3,000	3,000		
Shin Yun Natural Gas Corp.		3,100	3,100		
Wk Technology Fund IV Ltd.		23,812	34,517		
Syntronix Corporation		4,417	4,417		
United Performance Materials Corp.		8,400	8,400		
Association of R.O.C. in Xiamen		141	156		
Nan Ya Photonics Inc.		294,583	294,583		
United Biopharma, Inc.		635,828	635,828		
Formosa Lithium Iron Oxide Corp.		53,000	53,000		
Mega Growth Venture Capital Co.,Ltd.		25,000	25,000		
Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited		20,449,290	-		
UBI Pharma Inc.		676,215			
		24,638,872	3,524,297		
Less: Accumulated impairment	(	207,066)	<del>_</del>		
	\$	24,431,806	\$ 3,524,297		

- A. According to the Group's intention, the investment in above stocks should be classified as available-for-sale financial assets. However, as these stocks are not traded in active market, and no sufficient industry information of companies similar to the Group's financial information can be obtained, the fair value of the investment in stocks cannot be measured reliably. Accordingly, the Group classified those stocks as 'financial assets measured at cost'.
- B. The Group recognized \$345,717 and \$265,144 as dividend income from investment in financial assets measured at cost for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- C. Value of the stocks mentioned above was impaired, accordingly, the Group recognised impairment loss of \$207,066 for the year ended December 31, 2016.
- D. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, no financial assets measured at cost held by the Group were pledged to others.

## (8) Investments accounted for using equity method

	Dec	cember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Formosa Heavy Industries Corp.	\$	7,644,268	\$ 8,353,099
Formosa Fairway Corp.		101,719	81,090
Formosa Plastics Transport Corp.		750,304	733,803
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.		74,173,344	64,138,149
Mai Liao Power Corp.		10,936,483	11,324,458
Hwa Ya Science Park Management Consulting Co., Ltd.		1,776	1,861
Chia-Nan Enterprise Corp.		261,922	261,493
Su Hua Transport Corp.		251,008	219,427
Formosa Environmental Technology Corp.		255,716	261,178
Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Ltd.		-	5,400,384
Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp.		315,764	369,090
Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp. (Hong Kong)		1,212,400	549,701
Formosa Resourse Corp.		4,159,625	4,387,101
Formosa Group (Cayman) Corp.		549,598	154,121
Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp.		-	15,754,440
Formosa Construction Corp.		91,895	10,661
Beyoung International Corp.		94,389	91,844
Ubi Pharma Inc.		-	632,313
Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.		1,175,070	951,527
Changshu Yu Yuan Co., Ltd.		59,856	24,408
	\$	102,035,137	\$ 113,700,148

# A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associate that is material to the Group is as follows:

		Sharehole	ding ratio		
	Principal place	December	December	Nature of	Method of
Company name	of business	31, 2016	31, 2015	relationship	measurement
Formosa	Taiwan	24.15%	24.15%	Investments	Equity method
Petrochemical				accounted	
Corp.				for using	
				equity	
				method	

(b) The summarised financial information of the associate that is material to the Group is shown below:

# Balance sheets

		Formosa Petrochemical Corp.								
	Dec	ember 31, 2016	Dec	ember 31, 2015						
Current assets	\$	281,610,398	\$	233,472,422						
Non-current assets		168,006,910		188,444,138						
Current liabilities	(	67,458,120)	(	57,747,205)						
Non-current liabilities	(	73,094,405)	(	97,480,329)						
Total net assets	\$	309,064,783	\$	266,689,026						
Share in associate's net assets Unrealised profit from sale of upstream	\$	74,639,145	\$	64,405,400						
transations eliminations	(	355,082)	(	156,532)						
Net differences in share catiptal	(	110,719)	(	110,719)						
Carrying amount of the associate	\$	74,173,344	\$	64,138,149						
Statements of comprehensive income										

		Formosa Petro	ochemical Corp.			
		Year ended		Year ended		
	Dec	ember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015			
Revenue	\$	544,397,827	\$	627,992,308		
Profit for the year from						
continuing operations		75,764,102		47,301,922		
Other comprehensive income (loss),						
net of tax		4,766,840	(	12,256,743)		
Total comprehensive income	\$	80,530,942	\$	35,045,179		
Dividends received from associates	\$	9,203,199	\$	1,974,380		

(c) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$27,861,793 and \$49,561,999, respectively.

	•	Year ended	Year ended		
	Dece	mber 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Profit for the year from continuing operations	\$	5,668,226	\$	3,243,018	
Other comprehensive (loss) income-net of tax	()	677,157)		1,770,275	
Total comprehensive income	\$	4,991,069	\$	5,013,293	

(d) The fair value of the Group's associates which have quoted market price was as follows:

	Dec	cember 31, 2016	Dec	cember 31, 2015
Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	\$	257,689,578	\$	181,303,024

- B. The investments accounted for using equity method were based on the investees' audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.
- C. In response to Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation's planning of shareholding, the Group has signed an agreement for the transfer of capital contribution with Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited in September 2014, whereby the Group will transfer all its capital contribution of US\$689,955 thousand in Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation as investment in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. The Group has conducted restructuring in June, 2015, transferring 14.75% of equity in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited to Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Limited as capital contribution. After reorganization, the Group now indirectly holds 19.71% of voting rights of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation through direct ownership in Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. Although the shareholding ratio is less than 20%, as the Group still has significant influence over Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp., the Group accounts for Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp. using equity method. In August, 2015, Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited received cash from a capital increase. Since Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd., the Group's subsidiary, and Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp., the Group's associate, did not subscribe to the capital increase proportionately, the Group's overall ownership percentage decreased from 19.71% to 16.5%. Accordingly, capital surplus was recognized. In January 2016, the Group has transferred all its share capital of Formosa Group Investment (Cayman) Corp. as investment in FCFC International Limited (Cayman). After reorganisation, the Group's subsidiaries, FCFC International Limited (Cayman) and Formosa Biomedical Technology (SAMOA) Co., Ltd. collectively hold 15.28% of share capital of Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited. As the Group has no significant influence over the subsidiaries in management decisions, the Group discontinued accounting the subsidiary using the equity method when the Group lost significant influence and reclassified the investment as financial assets at cost.

- D. In order to improve technical value and integrate related resources of biomedical industry and further develop the Group toward the high-end medical domain, the Group acquired 150 million shares of UBI Pharma Inc. at NT\$4 per share and shareholding ratio is 21.99%. Since July 2016, the Group has lost significant influence in operational decision making over UBI Pharma Inc.. As a result, the Group discontinued accounting for this investment under equity method and reclassified the investment as financial assets at cost. As of December 31, 2016, the shareholding ratio was 19.05%.
- E. In order to effectively utilise Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.'s residential land of 9,206 square metres, the Group adjusted the investment structure in March 2015 by reducing capital of Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. and splitting the above land for establishing Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd., whose 100% share ownership is held by Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. The above capital reduction, land division and establishment of a new company were completed in the first quarter of 2015. Furthermore, Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. merged with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. in July 2015, with Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd. as the surviving company. Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. holds 40.78% equity interest in Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd.
- F. The Group recieved cash dividends of \$11,195,240 and \$3,521,508 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, from its investments accounted for using equity method. The cash dividends are recorded as a deduction from the Group's investments accounted for using equity method.
- G. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, parts of equity investments pledged to banks are described in Note 8.

# (9) Property, plant and equipment

									Co	nstruction in		
							progress and					
	Lan	d and land				Machinery	Tr	ansportation	ec	quipment to		
	im	provements		Buildings	an	d equipment	_ (	equipment	b	e inspected	_	Total
At January 1, 2010	<u>6</u>											
Cost	\$	8,776,614	\$	44,661,550	\$	288,265,584	\$	14,794,731	\$	21,798,947	\$	378,297,426
Accumulated												
depreciation and impairment	(	171,256)	(	21,484,545)	(	199,945,206)	(	12,332,660)		_	(	233,933,667)
and impairment			_		-		`		ф.	21 709 047	φ.	
2016	\$	8,605,358	\$	23,177,005	\$	88,320,378	\$	2,462,071	\$	21,798,947	\$	144,363,759
Opening net												
book amount	\$	8,605,358	\$	23,177,005	\$	88,320,378	\$	2,462,071	\$	21,798,947	\$	144,363,759
Additions		-		67,402		505,723		168,135		7,526,614		8,267,874
Disposals	(	6)	(	2,296)	(	38,191)	(	8,775)		-	(	49,268)
Reclassifications		4,758		1,365,457		12,931,220		242,886	(	14,593,891)	(	49,570)
Depreciation												
charge	(	313)	(	1,443,640)	(	14,052,099)	(	533,814)		-	(	16,029,866)
Impairment loss		_	(	77,231)	(	650,121)	(	10,361)	(	43,509)	(	781,222)
Net exchange		-	(	77,231)	(	030,121)	(	10,301)	(	43,309)	(	761,222)
difference	(	221)	(	881,385)	(	3,307,134)	(	39,497)	(	580,010)	(	4,808,247)
Closing net												
book amount	\$	8,609,576	\$	22,205,312	\$	83,709,776	\$	2,280,645	\$	14,108,151	\$	130,913,460
	•											
At December 31, 2	<u> 2016</u>											
Cost	\$	8,779,868	\$	44,776,889	\$	293,971,383	\$	14,692,225	\$	14,151,660	\$	376,372,025
Accumulated												
depreciation and impairment	(	170,292)	(	22,571,577)	(	210,261,607)	(	12,411,580)	(	43,509)	(	245,458,565)
and impairment					d.						ф	
	\$	8,609,576	\$	22,205,312	\$	83,709,776	\$	2,280,645	\$	14,108,151	\$	130,913,460

										nstruction in rogress and		
	Lan	d and land				Machinery	Tr	ansportation	ec	quipment to		
	imp	provements		Buildings		d equipment		equipment	b	e inspected		Total
At January 1, 201:	5											
Cost Accumulated	\$	8,799,458	\$	43,700,939	\$	272,058,606	\$	14,539,475	\$	26,847,662	\$	365,946,140
depreciation and impairment	(	171,186)	(	20,176,718)	(	188,508,070)	(	12,114,702)			(_	220,970,676)
	\$	8,628,272	\$	23,524,221	\$	83,550,536	\$	2,424,773	\$	26,847,662	\$	144,975,464
<u>2015</u>												
Opening net												
book amount	\$	8,628,272	\$	23,524,221	\$	83,550,536	\$	2,424,773	\$	26,847,662	\$	144,975,464
Additions		10,078		13,188		699,447		436,036		16,151,669		17,310,418
Disposals	(	32,877)	(	3,177)	(	292,079)	(	8,818)		-	(	336,951)
Reclassifications		267		1,241,053		19,415,726		192,655	(	20,932,200)	(	82,499)
Depreciation charge	(	330)	(	1,423,254)	(	14,494,185)	(	576,894)		-	(	16,494,663)
Net exchange difference	(	52)	(	175,026)	(	559,067)	(	5,681)	(	268,184)	(_	1,008,010)
Closing net book amount	\$	8,605,358	\$	23,177,005	\$	88,320,378	\$	2,462,071	\$	21,798,947	\$	144,363,759
At December 31, 2	2015											
Cost Accumulated	\$	8,776,614	\$	44,661,550	\$	288,265,584	\$	14,794,731	\$	21,798,947	\$	378,297,426
depreciation and impairment	(	171,256)	(_	21,484,545)	(_	199,945,206)	(	12,332,660)	_		(_	233,933,667)
	\$	8,605,358	\$	23,177,005	\$	88,320,378	\$	2,462,071	\$	21,798,947	\$	144,363,759

A. Amount of borrowing costs capitalised as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalisation are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,							
		2016	2015					
Amount capitalized	\$	167,447	\$	174,283				
Interest rate		1.01%~2.62%		0.77%~5.76%				

- B. Under regulations, land may only be owned by individuals. Thus, the Group has already obtained ownership of the agricultural land for future plant expansion which was acquired by the Group under the name of a third party, and has pledged the full amount to the Company. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the pledged amount was \$824,537 and \$624,637, respectively.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

D. The Group recognised impairment loss for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Details of such loss are as follows:

			For t	he years end	led	ed December 31,						
		2016				2015						
			Re	cognised				Recog	gnised			
	Re	Recognised in profit or loss		n other		Recognised		in o	ther			
	i			comprehensive		in profit		compre	hensive			
				ncome		or loss		income				
Impairment loss — Buildings	\$	77,231	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-			
Impairment loss —  Machinery and equipment		650,121		-			-		-			
Impairment loss — Transportation equipment		10,361		-			-		-			
Impairment loss — Construction in progress		43,509										
	\$	781,222	\$	_	\$		_	\$	_			

E. The impairment loss reported by operating segments is as follows:

	 	For the years en	nded December	31,		
	 20		2015			
		Recognised	-		Recognised	l
	ecognised in profit or loss	in other comprehensive income	Recognise in profit or loss		in other comprehensiv income	ve
3rd Petrochemical Div	\$ 314,437	\$	\$	_	\$	_
Other divisions	\$ 466,785 781,222	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	 

# (10) Short-term loans and short-term notes and bills payable

Type of loans	Dec	ember 31, 2016	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	\$	20,162	0.32%~1.95%	None
Secured loans		2,969,220	1.40%~2.33%	Note 8
Unsecured loans		23,157,368	0.87%~4.13%	None
Total short-term loans	\$	26,146,750		
Short-term notes and				
bills payable	\$	1,500,000	0.43%~0.69%	None
Short-term notes and				
bills payable discount	(	536)		
Net short-term notes and bills payable	\$	1,499,464		

Type of loans	Dec	ember 31, 2015	Interest rate range	Collateral
OA loans	\$	6,791	1.20%~1.45%	None
Secured loans		3,201,165	1.39%~2.24%	Note 8
Unsecured loans		23,464,692	0.62%~4.60%	None
Total short-term loans	\$	26,672,648		
Short-term notes and bills payable	\$	2,050,000	0.60%~0.85%	None
Short-term notes and bills payable discount	(	636)		
Net short-term notes and bills payable	\$	2,049,364		

# (11) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Decemb	er 31, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015
Current items:				
Non-hedging derivatives	\$	1,381	\$	819

- A. The Group recognized net (loss) gain on valuation of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss amounting to (\$562), and \$3,226 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transaction and contract information are as follows:

	D	December 31, 2016			December 3	31, 2015
	Contract A	mount		Contract Amount		
Derivative Financial	(Notional Pr	incipal)		(Notional	Principal)	
Liabilities	(In thousand	dollars)	Contract Period	(In thousan	nd dollars)	Contract Period
Current items:						
Forward foreign						
exchange						
contracts CHB Taipei Fubon	USD	5,000	2016.11~2017.02	USD JPY	5,000 270,180	2015.11~2016.02 2015.12~2016.03
=						

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to buy USD and JPY to hedge exchange rate risk of selling prices. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

# (12) Bonds payable

	Dece	ember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Bonds payable			
Domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	\$	46,500,000	\$ 56,000,000
Less: current portion	(	6,750,000) (	9,500,000)
	\$	39,750,000	\$ 46,500,000

# The terms of nonconvertible corporate bonds were as follows:

	Issuance	Maturity	Yield	Iss	ued principal			
Description	date	date	rate (%)		amount	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	Note
2011 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2011.6.10	2015.6.10~ 2016.6.10	1.44	\$	6,000,000	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2011.10.31	2015.10.31~ 2016.10.31	1.38		4,000,000	-	2,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
2012 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2012.7.26	2016.7.26~ 2017.7.26	1.29		6,000,000	3,000,000	6,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2012.7.26	2018.7.26~ 2019.7.26	1.40		3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2012.12.7	2016.12.7~ 2017.12.7	1.23		3,000,000	1,500,000	3,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2012.12.7	2018.12.7~ 2019.12.7	1.36		3,900,000	3,900,000	3,900,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - C	2012.12.7	2021.12.7~ 2022.12.7	1.51		4,100,000	4,100,000	4,100,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%

Description	Issuance date	Maturity date	Yield rate (%)	Issued principal amount	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	Note
2012 Third issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2013.1.22	2019.1.22~ 2020.1.22	1.34	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 2,800,000		Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Third issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2013.1.22	2022.1.22~ 2023.1.22	1.50	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
2013 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - A	2013.7.8	2017.7.8~ 2018.7.8	1.24	4,500,000	4,500,000	4,500,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - B	2013.7.8	2019.7.8~ 2020.7.8	1.38	2,700,000	2,700,000	2,700,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds - C	2013.7.8	2022.7.8~ 2023.7.8	1.52	2,800,000	2,800,000		Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
Second issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds	2014.1.17	2025.1.17 ~ 20261.17	2.03	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%
2014 First issued domestic unsecured nonconvertible corporate bonds-A	2014.7.4	2023.7.4 ~ 2024.7.4	1.81	1,400,000	1,400,000		Serial bonds, to be settled 50%, 50%

	Issuance	Maturity	Yield	Issu	ed principal				
Description	date	date	rate (%)		amount	Dece	mber 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	Note
<u>2014</u>									
First issued	2014.7.4	2028.7.4 ~	2.03	\$	4,600,000	\$	4,600,000	\$ 4,600,000	Serial bonds,
domestic		2029.7.4							to be settled
unsecured									50%, 50%
nonconvertible									
corporate									
bonds-B									
									-
							46,500,000	56,000,00	0
Less: Current port	ion of bonds 1	payable				(	6,750,000)	(9,500,000	)
						\$	39,750,000	\$ 46,500,000	

# (13) Long-term bank loans and notes payable

Tuna of loons	period/repayment	Interest	Callataral	Dagambar 21, 2016
Type of loans  Long-term bank loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2016
Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2019, payable at maturity date; interest payable	1.00%~1.13%	None	\$ 3,000,000
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	monthly Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semi- annually	1.05%~1.19%	n	114,286
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015~Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two-year extension	LIBOR+1.25% (if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower)	"	3,067,876
Taipei Fubon Bank	Aug. 2, 2016 ~ Aug. 2, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.14%~1.14%	"	600,000
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Aug. 2, 2016 ~ Aug. 2, 2018, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	0.82%~0.82%	"	1,100,000

	period/repayment	Interest			
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	Decembe	er 31, 2016
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014~Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred and ten million payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017 with a two-year extension	2.08%~2.18%	None	\$	6,135,751
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.80% 3 months	н		1,226,602
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 17, 2016 ~ Nov.17, 2021, principal payable semi-annually after 18 months	1 to 5 year (including 5 year) rate of CBC, 4.75%	n		991,124
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	The interest rate is 1.3% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the third year is 6.598%, and the interest accrual period is from December to March)	"		707,281
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.75% 3 months	n		1,781,801

	borrowing . 1/	T		
Type of loans	period/repayment term	Interest	Collateral	September 30, 2016
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semiannually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	Tate range  The interest rate is  1.75% plus the average of the 3- month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC  (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the second year is 6.0173%, and the interest accrual period is from October to January)	None	\$ 558,380
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014~Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semi-annually after three years; interest payable quarterly	LIBOR+1.4% 3 months	"	2,582,320
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan.1, 2016~Jan.1, 2019, principal payable quarterly after 27 months	LIBOR+1.1% 3 months	"	624,530
Hua Nan Bank	Mar. 15, 2016 ~ Mar. 15, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.11%	"	1,500,000
Sino Pac Bank	May. 16, 2016 ~ May. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.05%	"	300,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.07%	"	500,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2015 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	0.99%	n	1,500,000

Borrowing	
period/repayment	

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2016
First Commercial Bank	May. 16, 2016 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.04%	None	\$ 500,000
Mizuho Corporate Bank	Aug. 19, 2015 ~ Aug. 19, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.06%	"	900,000
E. Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.06%	"	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 23, 2015 ~ Sep. 23, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.05%	"	500,000
KGI Bank	Jun. 20, 2015 -Jun. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.04%	"	1,000,000
Гаіреі Fubon Bank	Jan. 11, 2016 -Jan. 11, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.04%	n .	1,500,000
Bangkok Bank	Dec. 2, 2015 ~ Dec. 1, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.05%	n .	200,000
Far Eastern International Bank	Dec. 2, 2016 ~ Aug. 10, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.05%	"	700,000
HSBC	Dec. 19, 2015 ~ Dec. 19, 2017, payable in full at	1.03%	"	1,500,000

Interest

	Borrowing				
	period/repayment	Interest			
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	Dece	ember 31, 2016
Secured loans					
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.63%~1.65%	Land	\$	12,100,000
Hua Nan Bank China Trust Bank ANZ	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.6%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co,. Ltd.		533,597
Non-financial					
sector borrowings					
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable	0.86%~1.01%	None		
	annually				57,574
					46,281,122
Less: Current porti	on of long-term loans			(	7,666,502)
				\$	38,614,620

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Long-term bank loans				
Unsecured loans				
Japanese Mitsubishi Bank	Mar. 29, 2013 ~ Mar. 29, 2016, payable at maturity date; interest payable monthly	1.11%~1.15%	None	\$ 4,000,000
China Trust Bank	Aug. 24, 2015~Aug. 24, 2020, payable in full after Aug. 24, 2018 or payable in full at maturity with a two-year extension	LIBOR+1.25% (if TAIFX is higher than LIBOR+0.35%, the difference between TAIFX and LIBOR+0.35% is payable by the borrower)	п	2,119,239
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	Oct. 16, 2014~Jul. 22, 2019, domestic: one hundred million, principal payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017; overseas: one hundred and ten million, payable semi-annually after Apr. 16, 2017 with a two-year extension	1.77%~2.08%	"	6,270,058
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 24, 2014~Oct. 21, 2017, principal payable semi-annually after three years; interest payable quarterly	LIBOR+1.4% 3 months	"	2,645,280

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Taiwan Business Bank	Jan.1, 2016~Jan.1, 2019, principal payable quarterly after 27 months	LIBOR+1.10% 3 months	None	\$ 639,757
Export-Import Bank of the ROC	Jul. 27, 2012 ~ Jul. 27, 2017, principal payable semiannually	1.18%~1.20%	"	228,571
Mega International Commercial Bank	Jan. 31, 2011 ~ Jan. 29, 2016, principal payable semiannually	0.85%~1.30%	"	509,217
Mega International Commercial Bank	Nov. 19, 2012 ~ Nov.17, 2017, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.80% 3 months	"	2,513,016
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	The interest rate is 1.3% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days		
		before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the third year is 6.598%, and the interest accrual period is from December to March)	"	967,497
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	Dec. 10, 2013 ~ Dec. 7, 2018, principal payable semi-annually	TAIFX+0.75% 3 months	"	2,281,554
Taiwan Bank	Oct. 22, 2014 ~ Oct. 21, 2019, principal payable semiannually after Oct. 22, 2017, interest payable quarterly	The interest rate is 1.75% plus the average of the 3-month RMB interbank lending rate of HSBC (HK) and that of China Bank (HK), 2 business days before the interest accrued (the interest rate for the second year is		
		6.0173%, and the interest accrual period is from October to January)	"	611,051

	period/repayment	Interest		
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2015
Hua Nan Bank	Jan. 15, 2015 ~ Jan. 15, 2016, payable in full at maturity	1.26%	None	\$ 1,500,000
Commercial Bank	Dec. 21, 2015 - Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.34%	"	1,500,000
First Commercial Bank	Sep. 16, 2015 ~ Sep. 16, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.13%		1,500,000
Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.13%	"	900,000
E. Sun Bank	Aug. 20, 2015 ~ Aug. 20, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.26%	"	500,000
China Trust Bank	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	"	500,000
	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jun. 22, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.12%	"	500,000
Taipei Fubon Bank	Jun. 22, 2015 -Jan. 11, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.18%	"	1,500,000
C	Dec. 2, 2015 ~ Dec. 1, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.27%	"	200,000
	Dec. 21, 2015 ~ Dec. 21, 2017, payable in full at maturity	1.20%	"	900,000
Industrial Bank of Taiwan	Sep. 25, 2015 ~ Sep. 25, 2018, payable in full at maturity	1.17%	n	500,000

	Dorrowing				
	period/repayment	Interest			
Type of loans	term	rate range	Collateral	Dece	ember 31, 2015
Secured loans	_				
Mega International Commercial Bank	Apr. 21, 2014 ~ Apr. 21, 2021, principal payable semiannually after Apr. 21, 2017; interest payable monthly	1.63%~1.65%	Land	\$	12,100,000
Hua Nan Bank China Trust Bank ANZ	Apr. 26, 2010 ~ Jun. 11, 2019, principal payable annually	SIBOR 6 months +1.6%	Endorsement and guarantees of Formosa Taffeta Co,. Ltd.		483,364
Non-financial sector borrowings					
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Jul. 2005 ~ Dec. 2018, interest payable monthly; principal payable	1.07%	None		
	annually				85,363
	2				45,453,967
Less: Current porti	on of long-term loans			(	6,679,230)
				\$	38,774,737

A. The collaterals for long-term bank loans are described in Note 8.

Borrowing

- B. In order to finance the construction of the Sixth Naphtha four expansion plan and the related factories, the Group obtained a syndicated loan with Bank of Communications as the lead bank. Due to the expansion of the six Naphtha Cracker project, the Group re-entered into the long-term loan agreement with the banks on May 15, 2006. The details were as follows:
  - (a) Total credit line: \$16,636,000
  - (b) Interest rate: 90-day secondary market in Taiwan issued commercial paper rate plus the average price of 0.60% interest per annum
  - (c) Period: 7~10 years
  - (d) Collateral: Property, plant and equipment acquired from the proceeds of the loan were pledged as collateral.

The Group is required to meet certain financial covenants, namely liability ratio (liabilities/net equity) of less than 150% and current ratio (current assets/current liabilities) of above 120% at the end of each year. In the event the Group fails to meet the required covenants, a capital increase has to be completed by June of the following year.

The Group repaid the loan on December 31, 2015.

- C. The Group has signed contracts for syndicated loans with Mega Bank and others on November 14, 2013 to finance plant construction for Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp. Information is as follows:
  - (a) Total credit line: \$12,100,000
  - (b) Interest rate: Based on the agreement with the banks
  - (c) Period: 7 years
  - (d) Collateral: Land in Six Naphtha Cracking Plant, Mailiao Township, Yunlin County
    The Group is required to meet certain financial covenants, namely liability ratio
    (liabilities/net equity) of less than 150% and current ratio (current assets/current liabilities)
    of above 100% at the end of each year. In the event the Group fails to meet the required
    covenants, a capital increase has to be completed by June of the following year.
- D. Formosa Industries Corp.'s long-term borrowing from banks is for the plant construction. The borrowing is guaranteed by Nan Ya Plastics Corp.'s drawn note of \$5,297,258.

### (14) Pensions

- A. (a)The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
  - (b) The amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

	December 31, 2016		ember 31, 2015
Present value of defined benefit			
obligations	\$	11,147,801 \$	11,766,593
Fair value of plan assets	(	4,463,607) (	685,635)
Net defined benefit liability	\$	6,684,194 \$	11,080,958

### (c)Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

	de	esent value of fined benefit obligations	F	Fair value of plan assets	_b	Net defined enefit liability
Year ended December 31, 2016						
Balance at January 1	\$	11,766,593	(\$	685,635)	\$	11,080,958
Current service cost		151,987		-		151,987
Interest expense (income)		174,753	(	10,185)		164,568
		12,093,333	(	695,820)		11,397,513
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets		-	(	7,000)	(	7,000)
Change in financial assumptions		225,099		-		225,099
Experience adjustments		146,603				146,603
		371,702	(	7,000)		364,702
Pension fund contribution		-	(	4,016,417)	(	4,016,417)
Paid pension	(	1,317,234)		255,630	(	1,061,604)
Balance at December 31	\$	11,147,801	(\$	4,463,607)	\$	6,684,194
	de	esent value of fined benefit	F	Fair value of plan	1.	Net defined
	de				_ <u>b</u>	Net defined benefit liability
Year ended December 31, 2015	de	fined benefit obligations		plan assets		enefit liability
Balance at January 1	de	fined benefit obligations  11,288,738	(\$	plan	<u>b</u>	enefit liability 10,990,434
Balance at January 1 Current service cost	de	fined benefit obligations 11,288,738 152,397		plan assets 298,304)		10,990,434 152,397
Balance at January 1	de	fined benefit obligations 11,288,738 152,397 223,848		plan assets 298,304) - 4,894)		10,990,434 152,397 218,954
Balance at January 1 Current service cost	de	fined benefit obligations 11,288,738 152,397		plan assets 298,304)		10,990,434 152,397
Balance at January 1 Current service cost	de	fined benefit obligations 11,288,738 152,397 223,848		plan assets 298,304) - 4,894)		10,990,434 152,397 218,954
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Interest expense (income)	de	fined benefit obligations 11,288,738 152,397 223,848 11,664,983		plan assets 298,304) - 4,894)	\$	10,990,434 152,397 218,954
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Interest expense (income) Remeasurements:	de	fined benefit bibligations 11,288,738 152,397 223,848 11,664,983	(\$ (	plan assets 298,304) - 4,894) 303,198)	\$	10,990,434 152,397 218,954 11,361,785
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Interest expense (income)  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets	de	fined benefit obligations 11,288,738 152,397 223,848 11,664,983	(\$ (	plan assets 298,304) - 4,894) 303,198)	\$	10,990,434 152,397 218,954 11,361,785
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Interest expense (income)  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets Change in financial assumptions	de	fined benefit bibligations 11,288,738 152,397 223,848 11,664,983	(\$ (	plan assets 298,304) - 4,894) 303,198)	\$	10,990,434 152,397 218,954 11,361,785 3,862) 481,497
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Interest expense (income)  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets Change in financial assumptions	de	11,288,738 152,397 223,848 11,664,983	(\$ (	plan assets 298,304) - 4,894) 303,198) 3,862)	\$ ( 	10,990,434 152,397 218,954 11,361,785 3,862) 481,497 319,048
Balance at January 1 Current service cost Interest expense (income)  Remeasurements: Return on plan assets Change in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	de	11,288,738 152,397 223,848 11,664,983	(\$ (	plan assets 298,304) - 4,894) 303,198) 3,862)	\$ ( 	10,990,434 152,397 218,954 11,361,785 3,862) 481,497 319,048 796,683

(d)The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilization plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilization for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic

or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and its domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan asset fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilization Report announced by the government.

(e)The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Discount rate	1.25%	1.5%
Future salary increases	1%~2.5%	0.5%~2.5%

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Discou	int rate	Discount rate		
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 0.35%	Decrease 0.35%	
December 31, 2016					
Effect on present value of					
defined benefit obligation	(\$ 218,769)	(\$ 228,442)	\$ 324,320	(\$ 301,919)	
	Discou	ınt rate	Discou	ınt rate	
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 1%	Decrease 1%	
December 31, 2015					
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(\$ 246,043)	\$ 257,224	\$ 1,108,369	(\$ 946,712)	

The sensitivity analysis above was arrived at based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The method and assumption of analysing sensitivity is the same with last year.

- (f)Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2017 are \$170,521.
- B. (a)From July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering

all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.

- (b)The Company's mainland subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage was 10~20% and 14% for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 were \$373,379 and \$328,459, respectively.

### (15) Capital stock

- A. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's authorized and paid-in capital was \$58,611,863, and total issued stocks was 5,861,186 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. Changes in the treasury stocks for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are set forth below:

		For the year ended December 31, 2016			
Reason for		Beginning			Ending
reacquisition	Subsidiary	shares	Additions	Disposal	shares
Parent company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified from long-term investment to treasury stock	Formosa Taffeta Co. Formosa Advanced Technologies	11,219,610	-	-	11,219,610
	Co.	7,037,000	279,000		7,316,000
		18,256,610	279,000		18,535,610

		For the year ended December 31, 2015							
Reason for		Beginning			Ending				
reacquisition	Subsidiary	shares	Additions	Disposal	shares				
Parent company shares held by subsidiaries reclassified from long-term investment to treasury stock	Formosa Taffeta Co. Formosa Advanced Technologies	11,219,610	-	-	11,219,610				
	Co.	5,582,000	1,455,000		7,037,000				
		16,801,610	1,455,000		18,256,610				

- C. The market value of treasury stocks was \$96.3 and \$74 (in dollars) per share at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- D. The above treasury stocks of the parent company were purchased by subsidiaries.

### (16) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Group has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

-	For the year ended December 31, 2016								
Share	Conversion premium of corporate bonds		share	asso	stockholding of ociates recognised	sto	ock price and book		Others
\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$	138,407	\$		\$	9,447	\$	204,224
-	-		20,975	(	237 335)		-		-
\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$	159,382	\$	61,003	\$	9,447	\$	204,224
	premium \$ 2,710,554	Share premium of corporate bonds  \$ 2,710,554 \$ 5,514,032	Conversion premium of Share corporate bonds tra \$ 2,710,554 \$ 5,514,032 \$	Conversion   Treasury     Share   corporate   share     premium   bonds   transactions     \$ 2,710,554   \$ 5,514,032   \$ 138,407     -   -   20,975     -   -   -   -	Conversion   Premium of   Treasury   Share   Corporate   Share   Assumption   Share   Corporate   Share   Assumption   Share   Corporate   Share   Assumption   Share   Assumption   Share   Assumption   Share   Assumption   Assumption   Share   Assumption   Assumption   Assumption   Share   Assumption   Assumption	Conversion premium of Treasury stockholding of associates recognised transactions using equity method  \$ 2,710,554 \$ 5,514,032 \$ 138,407 \$ 298,338  ( 237,335)	Conversion premium of Treasury stockholding of	Conversion premium of premium of premium of bonds transactions stockholding of subsidiaries  \$ 2,710,554 \$ 5,514,032 \$ 138,407 \$ 298,338 \$ 9,447  ( 237,335)	Conversion premium of premium of premium of bonds transactions using equity method subsidiaries  \$ 2,710,554 \$ 5,514,032 \$ 138,407 \$ 298,338 \$ 9,447 \$  ( 237,335)

For the year ended December 31, 2015

	Share premium	Conversion premium of corporate bonds	Freasury share ansactions	stock	ct from net sholding of tes recognised equity method	stock value	price and book for disposal of ubsidiaries	Others
At January 1, 2015	\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 131,706	\$	98,598	\$	9,447	\$ 204,224
Dividends allocated to subsidiaries Effect from net stockholding of associates recognised under the equity method	- -	- -	 6,701		199,740		- -	- -
At December 31, 2015	\$ 2,710,554	\$ 5,514,032	\$ 138,407	\$	298,338	\$	9,447	\$ 204,224

### (17) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The remaining balance is to be set aside as special reserve if necessary; and distributed to shareholders as interest on capital. The remaining balance for current year, after allocating for interest on capital, shall be accumulated with remaining balance of previous year. Bonus distributed shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders.

The special reserve includes:

- (a)Reserve for a special purpose;
- (b)Investment income recognized under equity method and deferred income tax assets arising from unused investment tax credits which are deemed unrealized and transferred to special reserve. Such investment income and deferred income tax assets are reclassified to unappropriated earnings only when they are realized;
- (c)Net unrealized gains from financial instruments transactions. The special reserve for unrealized gains from financial instruments is reduced when the accumulated value of the unrealized gains also decreases; and
- (d)Other special reserves as stipulated by other laws.
  - The board of directors of the Company has approved the amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company on December 24, 2015, and the amended articles had been resolved in the shareholders' meeting in 2016.
- B. The Group is in the mature stage and the profit is stable. The Board of Directors shall establish the cash dividend or stock dividend percentage. At least 50% of the distributable earnings after deducting the legal reserve, directors' and supervisors' remuneration, employee bonus and special reserves shall be distributed to stockholders. The Group would prefer cash dividend. If the Group requires funds for significant investments or needs to improve its financial structure, part of the

- dividend will be in the form of stocks which shall not exceed 50% of the total dividends.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Group's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Group shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- E. The appropriations of 2015 and 2014 earnings had been resolved at the stockholders' meeting on June 7, 2016 and June 16, 2015, respectively. Details are as follows:

	 For the years ended December 31,								
	 201	5		2014					
		Div	ridends			Div	vidends		
		per	share			pe	r share		
	 Amount	(in dollars)			Amount	(in dollars)			
Legal reserve	\$ 2,757,819			\$	1,053,029				
Cash dividends	 20,514,153	\$	3.50		7,033,423	\$	1.20		
	\$ 23,271,972			\$	8,086,452				

Information about the appropriation of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Group as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

F. The resolution of the appropriations of the 2016 net income was approved by the Board of Directors during its meeting on March 17, 2017 as follows:

	For the year end	For the year ended December 31, 2016					
			Dividends per share				
	Amount		(in dollars)				
Legal reserve	\$ 4,383,30	15					
Special reserve	4,639,53	9					
Cash dividends	32,822,6	\$	5.60				
	<u>\$ 41,845,48</u>	<u>.7</u>					

G. Information relating to employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration is summarized in Note 6(24).

# (18) Other equity items

	Hedg	ing reserve		lable-for-sale nvestment		Currency translation		Total
At January 1, 2016	\$	69,573	\$	72,615,548	\$	4,649,520	\$	77,334,641
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:								
-Group		-		16,824,750		-		16,824,750
-Associates		-		1,493,349		-		1,493,349
Cash flow hedges:								
-Associates	(	26,399)		-		-	(	26,399)
Currency translation differences:								
-Group		-		-	(	3,866,787)	(	3,866,787)
-Tax of parent Group		-		-		591,147		591,147
-Associates				_	(	385,256)	(	385,256)
At December 31, 2016	\$	43,174	\$	90,933,647	\$	988,624	\$	91,965,445
	Hedgi	ng reserve		able-for-sale		Currency translation		Total
At January 1, 2015	<u>Hedgi</u> (\$		iı		\$	•	\$	Total 91,813,226
At January 1, 2015 Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:		ng reserve	iı	nvestment		translation	\$	
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale		ng reserve	<u>in</u> \$	nvestment		translation		
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	87,580,223		4,235,625		91,813,226
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments: -Group		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	87,580,223 11,581,365)		4,235,625	(	91,813,226
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:  -Group  -Associates  Cash flow hedges:  -Associates		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	87,580,223 11,581,365)		4,235,625	(	91,813,226
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments: -Group -Associates Cash flow hedges:		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	87,580,223 11,581,365)		4,235,625	(	91,813,226 11,581,365) 3,383,310)
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:  -Group  -Associates  Cash flow hedges:  -Associates  Currency translation		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	11,581,365) 3,383,310)		4,235,625	(	91,813,226 11,581,365) 3,383,310)
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:  -Group  -Associates  Cash flow hedges:  -Associates  Currency translation differences:		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	11,581,365) 3,383,310)	\$	4,235,625	(	91,813,226 11,581,365) 3,383,310) 72,195
Unrealised gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments:  -Group  -Associates  Cash flow hedges:  -Associates  Currency translation differences:  -Group		2,622)	<u>in</u> \$	11,581,365) 3,383,310)	\$	4,235,625	(	91,813,226 11,581,365) 3,383,310) 72,195 825,158)

# (19) Operating revenue

(19) Operating revenue					
	For the years ended December 31,				
	2016			2015	
Sales revenue	\$	318,280,136	\$	328,491,576	
Service revenue		525,910		548,911	
Other operating revenue		398,581		308,820	
	\$	319,204,627	\$	329,349,307	
(20) Other income					
		For the years end	ded De	cember 31,	
		2016		2015	
Rental revenue	\$	138,368	\$	219,829	
Interest income:					
Interest income from bank deposits		211,589		196,753	
Interest from current account with others		188,467		232,953	
Other interest income		11,041		53,161	
		411,097		482,867	
Dividend income		6,243,361		3,285,815	
Other revenue		1,133,316		1,318,205	
	\$	7,926,142	\$	5,306,716	
(21) Other gains and losses					
		For the years en	ded De	ecember 31,	
	2016 2015				
Net gain on financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	\$	2,160	\$	4,240	
Net (loss) gain on financial liabilities at fair					
value through profit or loss	(	562)		3,226	
Net currency exchange (loss) gain	(	2,549,870)		668,741	
Gain on disposal of investments		181,168		1,158,104	
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		18,206	(	158,124)	
Impairment loss on financial assets	(	207,066)		-	
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	(	781,222)		-	
Other losses	(	377,510)	(	257,259)	
	(\$	3,714,696)	\$	1,418,928	

# (22) Finance costs

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2016	2015		
Interest expense:					
Bank loans	\$	1,223,010	\$	1,311,015	
Corporate bonds		824,600		951,787	
Current account with others		4,000		89,374	
Discount		59,770		49,900	
Other interest expenses		49,210		77,578	
		2,160,590		2,479,654	
Less: capitalisation of qualifying assets	(	167,447)	(	174,283)	
Finance costs	\$	1,993,143	\$	2,305,371	
(23) Expenses by nature					
		For the years en	ded Dec	ed December 31,	
		2016		2015	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and					
equipment	\$	16,029,866	\$	16,494,663	
Employee benefit expense		14,968,050		14,655,733	
Amortisation		4,311,872		3,455,355	
	\$	35,309,788	\$	34,605,751	
(24) Employee benefit expense					
		For the years en	ded Dec	cember 31,	
		2016		2015	
Wages and salaries	\$	12,738,180	\$	12,465,068	
Labor and health insurance fees		940,901		938,285	
Pension costs		689,934		699,810	
Other personnel expenses		599,035		552,570	
- <u>-</u>	\$	14,968,050	\$	14,655,733	

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, after distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees that accounts for 0.1%-1% of the total distributed amount.

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, when distributing earnings, the Company shall distribute bonus to the employees and pay remuneration to the directors and supervisors. However, in accordance with the Company Act amended on May 20, 2015, a company shall distribute employee remuneration, based on the current year's profit condition, in a fixed amount or a proportion of profits. If a company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be channeled to cover losses. Aforementioned employee remuneration could be paid by cash or stocks. Specifics of the compensation are to be determined in a board meeting that registers two-thirds of directors in attendance, and the resolution must receive support from half of

participating members. The resolution should be reported to the shareholders during the shareholders' meeting. Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific requirements, entitled to receive aforementioned stock or cash may be specified in the Articles of Incorporation.

The board of directors of the Company has approved the amended Articles of Incorporation of the Company on December 24, 2015. In accordance with the amended articles, a ratio of profit before income tax of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation. The ratio shall not be lower than 0.05% and shall not be higher than 0.5% for employees' compensation. The amended articles had been resolved in the shareholders' meeting in 2016.

B. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, employees' remuneration (bonuses) was accrued at \$47,608, and \$30,193, respectively. The aforementioned amount was recognized in salary expenses.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the employees' compensation was estimated and accrued based on approximately 0.1% of the retained earnings.

Employees' compensation for 2015 as resolved by the Board of Directors was in agreement with the amount of \$30,193 recognised in the profit or loss for 2015. Employees' compensation of 2015 has been distributed.

Information about the appropriations of employees' bonus and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the stockholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (25) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

#### (a)Components of income tax expense:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2016	_	2015		
Current tax:						
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	5,085,890	\$	3,613,640		
Additional tax on undistributed earnings		444,490		328,096		
Adjustments in respect of prior years		59,125		9,209		
Total current tax		5,589,505		3,950,945		
Deferred tax:						
Effect of exchange rate	(	11,717)	(	8,462)		
Origination and reversal of temporary						
differences		331,150		429,135		
Total deferred tax		319,433		420,673		
Income tax expense	\$	5,908,938	\$	4,371,618		

(b)The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2016	2015			
Currency translation differences	\$	591,147	\$	15,942		

B.Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2016	2015			
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and						
statutory tax rate	\$	10,620,257 \$	7,257,886			
Effect from items disallowed by tax regulation	(	4,963,604) (	2,526,676)			
Effect from investment tax credits	(	35,118) (	197,732)			
Effect from five-year exemption	(	26,077) (	277,160)			
Effect from net operating loss carryforward		39,607	290,595			
Effect from allowance for deferred tax assets		5,279 (	384,811)			
Effect from changes in tax regulation of						
overseas subsidiaries	(	246,556) (	127,890)			
Additional 10% tax on undistributed earnings		444,490	328,096			
Under provision of prior year's income tax		59,125	9,209			
Effect from Alternative Minimum Tax		11,535	101			
Income tax expense	\$	5,908,938 \$	4,371,618			

C.Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences, loss carryforward and investment tax credits are as follows:

	Foi	r the	year ended	Dece	ember 31, 2	016	
				Rec	cognised in		
					other		
		Rec	cognised in	con	nprehensive		
J	anuary 1	pre	ofit or loss		income	$\mathbf{D}$	ecember 31
\$	-	\$	82,938	\$	-	\$	82,938
	70,677		58,506		-		129,183
	1,757,774	(	729,665)		-		1,028,109
	57,746		123,435		-		181,181
	192,572		34		-		192,606
	8,921		110,016				118,937
	2,087,690	(	354,736)				1,732,954
(	677,640)		-		591,147	(	86,493)
(	583)		583		-		-
(	120,389)	(	36,212)		-	(	156,601)
(	13,297)		13,297		-		-
(	115,330)		45,918			(	69,412)
(	927,239)		23,586		591,147	(	312,506)
\$	1,160,451	(\$	331,150)	\$	591,147	\$	1,420,448
	\$ ( ( (	January 1  \$	\$ - \$ 70,677 1,757,774 ( 57,746 192,572 8,921 2,087,690 (  ( 677,640) ( 583) ( 120,389) (  13,297) ( 115,330) ( 927,239)	Recognised in profit or loss  \$ - \$ 82,938	Recognised in profit or loss  \$ - \$ 82,938 \$ 70,677 58,506 1,757,774 (729,665) 57,746 123,435 192,572 34 8,921 110,016 2,087,690 (354,736)  ( 677,640) - (583) 583  ( 120,389) ( 36,212)  ( 13,297) 13,297 (115,330) 45,918 (927,239) 23,586	Name	Namuary 1   Profit or loss   Comprehensive   Comprehensive

	For the year ended December 31, 2015						
					Recognised in other		
			Rec	cognised in	comprehensive		
	J	anuary 1	pro	ofit or loss	income	D	ecember 31
Deferred tax assets:							
Temporary differences							
Unrealized gain from							
downstream transactions	\$	6,135	(\$	6,135)	\$ -	\$	-
Loss on inventory		309,750	(	239,073)	-		70,677
Accrued pension liabilities		1,801,618	(	43,844)	-		1,757,774
Others		263,891	(	13,573)	-		250,318
Net operating loss carryforward		19,122	(	10,201)	-		8,921
Investment tax credits		96,238	(	96,238)			
		2,496,754	(	409,064)			2,087,690
Deferred tax liabilities:							
Temporary differences							
Currency translation differences	(	693,582)		-	15,942	(	677,640)
Unrealized gain on financial							
assets	(	792)		209	-	(	583)
Investment income accounted							
for using equity methed	(	83,182)	(	37,207)	-	(	120,389)
Unrealized gain from							
downstream transactions		-	(	13,297)	-	(	13,297)
Unrealized exchange gain	(	145,554)		30,224		(	115,330)
	(	923,110)	(	20,071)	15,942	(	927,239)
	\$	1,573,644	(\$	429,135)	\$ 15,942	\$	1,160,451

D. According to Act for Industrial Innovation and Statute for Upgrading Industries (before its abolishment), details of investment tax credits and unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2016: None.

			December 31, 2015				
Qualifying items	Unused tax credits		Unrecognised deferred tax assets		Final year tax credits are due		
Invest in barren areas	\$	71,412	\$	71,412	2016		
Invest in barren areas		86,339		86,339	2017		
Invest in barren areas		49,779		49,779	2018		
Investments in emerging							
important strategic industries		91,362		91,362	2017		
	\$	298,892	\$	298,892			

E. Expiration dates of unused net operating loss carryforward and amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Amount		December			
	filed/			U	nrecognised	
Year incurred	assessed	Un	used amount	defe	red tax assets	Usable until year
2007	Assessed	\$	3,118	\$	3,118	2016
2009	Assessed		26,790		26,790	2019
2010	Assessed		5,323		5,323	2020
2011	Assessed		18,315		18,315	2021
2012	Assessed		364,820		364,820	2022
2013	Assessed		810,773		810,773	2023
2014	Assessed		916,205		916,205	2024
2015	Amount filed		4,015,966		4,015,966	2025
2016	Amount filed		2,625,654		1,926,020	2026
		\$	8,786,964	\$	8,087,330	
	Amount	-	December	: 31, 20	)15	
	filed/			U	nrecognised	
Year incurred	assessed	Un	used amount	defe	red tax assets	Usable until year
2006	Assessed	\$	57,194	\$	4,715	2016
2009	Assessed		26,790		26,790	2019
2011	Assessed		7,069		7,069	2021
2012	Assessed		357,422		357,422	2022
2013	Assessed		1,012,868		1,012,868	2023
2014	Assessed		1,033,741		1,033,741	2024
2015	Amount filed		4,388,335		4,388,335	2025
		\$	6,883,419	\$	6,830,940	

F. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognised as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 3	December 31, 2015	
Deductible temporary differences	\$	223,000	\$ -

G. As of December 31, 2016, the status of the Group's income tax assessment is as follows:

	Income tax assessment
The Company	Assessed through 2014
Subsidiary-Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	"
Subsidiary-Formosa Carpet Corp.	"
Subsidiary-Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	"
Subsidiary-Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	"
Subsidiary-Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	"
Subsidiary-Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	"
Indirect subsidiary-Hong Jing Resources Corp.	"
Indirect Subsidiary-Formosa Advanced Technologies Co.,	Assessed through 2013
Indirect subsidiary-Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Assessed through 2014

# H. Unappropriated retained earnings:

	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2015		
Earnings generated in and before 1997	\$	6,198,462	\$	6,198,462	
Earnings generated in and after 1998		66,361,641		46,329,593	
	\$	72,560,103	\$	52,528,055	

# I. Information on the imputation credit account is as follows:

	Dece	mber 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Balance of the imputation credit account	\$	4,453,266	\$	2,397,550	
	201	16 (Estimate)	20	015 (Actual)	
Creditable tax rate		14.62%		12.67%	

# (26) Earnings per share

# A. Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the earnings per share is calculated as follows:

		For	the year ended Decembe	r 31, 20	)16		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares	l	Earnings	per shar	re
	Am	ount	outstanding		(in dollars)		
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Befo	re tax	After	tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 54,675,666	\$ 48,766,728		\$	9.36	\$	8.35
Net income of non- controlling interest	(7,114,893)	(4,933,683)		(	1.22)	(	0.85)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 47,560,773	\$ 43,833,045	5,842,651	\$	8.14	\$	7.50
	For the year ended December 31, 2015						
			Weighted average				

		For the year ended December 31, 2015						
			Weighted average					
			number of					
	ordinary shares Earnings pe						re	
	Amount		outstanding	(in dollars)				
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Befor	re tax	Afte	r tax	
Basic earnings per share								
Consolidated net income	\$ 35,989,165	\$ 31,617,547		\$	6.16	\$	5.41	
Net income of non- controlling interest	(5,826,750)	(4,039,354)		(	1.00)	(	0.69)	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 30,162,415	\$ 27,578,193	5,842,929	\$	5.16	\$	4.72	

B. Employees' bonus could be distributed in the form of stock. Since there is no significant impact when calculating diluted earnings per share, basic earnings per share equals diluted earnings per

share.

C. If stocks of the parent company held by subsidiaries are not treated as treasury stocks, the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

		For th	ne year ended December 3	31, 20	16		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per sha	are
	Am	ount	outstanding		(in do	llars)	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bei	fore tax	Afte	er tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 54,675,666	\$ 48,766,728		\$	9.33	\$	8.32
Net income of non- controlling interest	(7,114,893)	(4,933,683)		(	1.22)	(	0.84)
Profit attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$ 47,560,773	\$ 43,833,045	5,861,186	\$	8.11	\$	7.48
		For th	e year ended December 3	31, 20	15		
			Weighted average				
			number of				
			ordinary shares		Earnings	per sha	are
	Am	ount	outstanding		(in do	ollars)	
	Before tax	After tax	(shares in thousands)	Bet	fore tax	Afte	er tax
Basic earnings per share							
Consolidated net income	\$ 35,989,165	\$ 31,617,547		\$	6.14	\$	5.39
Net income of non- controlling interest	(5,826,750)	(4,039,354)		(	0.99)	(	0.68)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 30,162,415	\$ 27,578,193	5,861,186	\$	5.15	\$	4.71

# (27) Non-cash transaction

1. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the years ended December 3					
		2016	2015			
Purchase of fixed assets	\$	8,267,874 \$	17,310,421			
Add: opening balance of payable on						
equipment		1,485,927	1,262,381			
Less: ending balance of payable on						
equipment	(	789,871) (	1,485,927)			
Cash paid during the year	\$	8,963,930 \$	17,086,875			

# 2. Financing activities with partial cash payments:

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2016		2015		
Appropriation for cash dividends	\$	20,514,153	\$	7,033,423	
Increase in dividends payable		1,418,534	(	755,682)	
Cash dividends paid during the year	\$	21,932,687	\$	6,277,741	

# 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# (1) Significant related party transactions

A.Sales of goods:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2016		2015			
Sales of goods:						
- Associates	\$	19,204,061	\$	23,253,737		
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		45,311,897		45,541,874		
	\$	64,515,958	\$	68,795,611		

The Group sells goods to related parties. Except for terms to certain related parties which are longer, prices are the same with third parties.

# B.Purchases of goods:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2016		2015			
Purchases of goods:						
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	\$	116,876,247	\$	135,070,091		
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		17,273,004		21,177,437		
	\$	134,149,251	\$	156,247,528		

The payment terms for related parties are within 30~60 days of purchase. The purchase prices and terms for related parties are the same with non-related parties.

# C. Receivables from related parties:

	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
Receivables from related parties:				
- Associates	\$	2,456,042	\$	1,969,793
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		4,912,036		4,855,762
		7,368,078		6,825,555
Other receivables:				
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		440,981		2,140,695
	\$	7,809,059	\$	8,966,250

Receivables from related parties are mainly from sales of goods and receivables for payments on behalf of others for construction design services. Receivables for sales are due 30~120 days from the date of sale; receivables for payments on behalf of others for construction design services are

due 270 days from the services rendered. The receivables do not bear interest and no collaterals were pledged. No provision was accrued for receivables from related party.

# D. Payables to related parties:

	Dece	December 31, 2016		ember 31, 2015
Payables to related parties:				
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	\$	11,291,646	\$	10,101,907
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		2,093,864		2,185,688
	\$	13,385,510	\$	12,287,595

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due 30~60 days after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

# E. Expansion and repair project

# (a)Expansion and repair project:

	 For the years ended December 31,				
	2016		2015		
Expansion and repair works of factory sites					
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	\$ 399,534	\$	272,408		
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>	 58,267		64,777		
	\$ 457,801	\$	337,185		

# (b)Ending balance of payables for expansion and repair project:

	December 31, 2010		Decemb	per 31, 2015
Payables to related parties:				
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	\$	-	\$	923
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		3,738		306
	\$	3,738	\$	1,229

The Group contracted the expansion and repair works of the factory sites to related parties. The payment terms are in accordance with the industry practice with payment due within a month after inspection.

# F. Financing

# (a) Loans to related parties:

# (i) Ending balance of accounts receivable - related parties

	Dece	mber 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Associates	\$	14,620,137	\$	1,060,000	
Other related parties		5,220,923		8,793,312	
-	\$	19,841,060	\$	9,853,312	

#### (ii)Interest income

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2016			2015	
Associates	\$	74,217	\$	47,205	
Other related parties		116,916		163,653	
	\$	191,133	\$	210,858	

The loan terms to related parties are in accordance with the contract's repayment schedule after the loan is made; interest was collected at 1.41%~3.48% and 0.75%~1.63% per annum for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

# (b) Loans from related parties:

(i)Ending balance of payables to related parties

	Decem	iber 31, 2016	Decei	nber 31, 2015	
Associates	\$	15,600	\$	34,700	
Other related parties		41,878		2,311,809	
	\$	57,478	\$	2,346,509	
(ii)Interest expense					
	For the years ended December 31,				
		2016		2015	
Associates	\$	617	\$	1,586	
Other related parties		2,453		88,317	
	\$	3.070	\$	89 903	

December 21 2016

The loan terms from associates are in accordance with the contract's repayment schedule after the loan is made; interest is paid at a rate of 1.41%~3.92% and 1.53%~3.92% per annum for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

# G. Receivables for payment on behalf of others

	December 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
Other related parties	\$	164,332	\$	414,418

The amount for equipment for resale that the Company paid on behalf of associates is recorded as other current assets.

# H.Operating expenses

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2016			2015	
Transportation charges					
Other related parties	\$	1,584,794	\$	1,741,225	

#### I.Rental revenue

	For the years ended December 31,			
	2016		2015	
Associates	\$	33,108	\$	36,035
Other related parties		111,842		115,264
	\$	144,950	\$	151,299

The rental prices charged to related parties are determined considering the local rental prices and payments, and are collected monthly.

# J.Property transactions:

# (a) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2016			2015	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment					
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	\$	248,063	\$	174,870	
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>		34		8,004	
	\$	248,097	\$	182,874	

# (b) Acquisition of financial assets

				Year ended
				December 31, 2016
		Number of	Name of the	
	Items	shares	securities	Acquisition cost
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	Investments accounted	-	Shares of Formosa Synthetic Rubber	\$ 1,276,880
	for using equity method		Corp. (Hong Kong)	
- Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	8,500,000	Shares of Formosa Construction Corp.	85,000
— Other related parties	Financial assets measured at cost	508,236,725	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited (Note)	16,084,840
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>	Available-for-sale financial assets	15,297,204	Nan Ya Technology	
			Corp.	558,348
				\$ 18,005,068

					Year ended
				Dece	ember 31, 2015
		Number of	Name of the		Acquisition
	Items	shares	securities		cost
- Associates	Investments accounted for using equity method	508,236,725	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman)	\$	15,080,156
<ul> <li>Other related parties</li> </ul>	Investments accounted for using equity	150,000	UBI Asia		600,000
	method				000,000
				\$	15,680,156

# (c) Disposal of financial assets

				Year ended Dec	cember 31, 2016
	Items	Number of shares	Name of the securities	Disposal proceeds	Gain (loss) on disposal
<ul><li>Associates</li></ul>	Investments accounted for using equity	508,249,225	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman) (Note)		
	method			\$ 16,085,211	\$ -
				Year ended Dec	cember 31, 2015
		Number of	Name of the	Disposal	Gain (loss) on
	Items	shares	securities	proceeds	disposal
- Associates	Investments accounted for using equity	508,236,725	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited (Note)		
	method			\$ 15,080,156	\$ -

Note: Details of the Group's acquisition of financial assets are provided in Note 6(8) C.

K. Details of affiliates endorsed/guaranteed for the Group's borrowings are provided in Note 6(13).

# (2) Key management compensation

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2016		2015	
Salaries	\$	165,770	\$	134,384	
Post-employment benefits		1,797		1,614	
	\$	167,567	\$	135,998	

#### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value					
Pledged assets	Decei	mber 31, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015	Purpose	
Long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method	\$	-	\$	12,335,333	Collateral for bank loans	
Property, plant and equipment		6,594,298		8,136,794	Collateral for bank loans	
Inventory		21,264		26,798	Limited transfer for land tax reassessment and collateral	
	\$	6,615,562	\$	20,498,925		

# 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS</u>

The details of commitments and contingencies as of December 31, 2016 were as follows:

- (1)Capital expenditures of property, plant and equipment that were contracted but not yet paid amounted to \$4,425,117 thousand, RMB249,365 thousand and VND372,693,324 thousand.
- (2)The outstanding letters of credit for major raw materials and equipment purchases amounted to USD 72,743 thousand, JPY1,041,188 thousand, EUR1,584 thousand, AUD487 thousand and CHF502 thousand.
- (3)The Group's investee under the equity method—Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp. (Ningbo) signed a syndicated loan contract with a consortium including Taiwan Cooperative Bank, for USD130 million and RMB300 million for operational needs in 2013. According to the requirement of the consortium, the Group has to offer a promissory note in accordance with its ownership percentage of 33.33% and has to manage the necessary funds to fulfill the repayment obligations when needed.
- (4)Formosa Resource Australia Pty Ltd., an investee company of the Group's investee—Formosa Resource Corp. accounted for under the equity method, needs to sign a loan with ANZ Bank for US\$600 million for capital to invest in mineral resources. Under the loan agreement, the Group has to offer a promissory note in accordance with its ownership percentage of 25% and has to support the debtor to repay the above loan within necessary limits.
- (5)In response to capital expenditure and equipment needs in Son Duong Port & Integrated Steel Mill Complex of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation in Vietnam, the Group's investee—Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited plans to obtain credit lines for 1–5 years duration with various banks. Complying with the aforementioned borrowing needs, the Group plans to provide guarantee proportionately to shareholding ratio and the Group is liable for the borrowing company's 25% debt.
- (6) In response to capital expenditure and equipment needs in Son Duong Port & Integrated Steel Mill Complex of Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corporation in Vietnam, Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited issued 10-year overseas corporate bonds with the ceiling of issuing amount of USD1 billion on April 14, 2015. Complying with the aforementioned overseas corporate bonds, the Group plans to provide guarantee proportionately to shareholding ratio and the Group guarantees to pay for 25% of obligation

arising from the overseas corporate bonds; moreover, the Group cannot pledge additional assets in subsequent financing activities in the global capital market.

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

#### 11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

The Board of Directors has resolved the appropriation of 2016 earnings on March 17, 2017. Details are provided in Note 6(17) F.

#### 12. OTHERS

#### (1) Litigation

The Company's operating permit and bituminous coal usage permit for co-generation equipment, M16, M17 and M22, have expired on September 28, 2016. The Company has applied for permit extension in June, 2016, however, after months of investigation and review, the Changhua County Government stated that improvements were not satisfied and decided to revoke the extension application on September 29, 2016. The Company filed a suspension application with Taichung High Administrative Court on September 30, 2016 and asked for continued operations until judgment on the administrative lawsuit has been rendered. Meanwhile, the Company filed an administrative appeal with the Executive Yuan.

Under the Taichung High Administrative Court judgement, the suspension application filed regarding discontinued operations of M16, M17 and M22 had been denied. The loss or dangerous status of discontinued operation of co-generation equipment claimed by the Company was considered 'possible' but not 'certain' before November 1, 2016, and the discontinued operation has not resulted in plant shutdown and industry safety hazard.

The Company filed an appeal with the EPA on the case mentioned above on October 7, 2016. The EPA decided to revoke the original administrative action, ordered the original authority to make another action in accordance with appropriate regulations, and dismissed the administrative action for extension approval which was based on initial content of license. Accordingly, the Company reapplied for an extension of the three related licenses of Changhua plant with the Changhua City Government, and submitted the opinion on the review of the original administrative action. As of March 17, 2017, the Changhua City Government has not replied yet.

The Company's Changhua plant was forced to shut down and consequently, incurred losses due to the lack of vapor power. The Company will explore all available legal remedies in filing a claim for indemnity and protect stockholders' and the Company's interest.

Because of the Changhua plant shutdown, the Company assessed that part of idle production equipment may not be recoverable. Accordingly, the Company recognised impairment loss on property, plant and equipment amounting to \$466,785 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### (2) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital

structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt.

The gearing ratios at December 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	Dec	cember 31, 2016	December 31, 2015		
Total borrowings	\$	120,427,336	\$ 130,175,979		
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(	30,391,911) (	34,744,139)		
Net debt		90,035,425	95,431,840		
Total equity		379,640,412	333,077,533		
Total capital	\$	469,675,837	\$ 428,509,373		
Gearing ratio		19%	22%		

#### (3) Financial instruments

#### A. Fair value information of financial instruments

Except those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable (including related parties), accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties)), are approximate to their fair values. Because the interest rates of the long-term loans (including portion maturing within one year or one operating cycle, whichever is longer) are close to the market interest rate, thus the carrying amount is a reasonable basis for the estimation of fair value. The fair value information of financial instruments measured at fair value is provided in Note 12(4).

#### B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures (see Notes 6(2) and 6(11)).
- (b)Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Company treasury) under policies approved by the board of directors. Company treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of

excess liquidity.

C.Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

#### (a)Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii.Management has set up a policy to manage its foreign exchange risk against its functional currency. The Group hedges its entire foreign exchange risk exposure. To manage its foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities, the Group uses forward foreign exchange contracts.
- iii. The Group hedges recognized assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies or highly expectable transactions by utilising forward exchange contracts and trading forward exchanges and cross currency swap contracts amongst other derivative financial instruments in order to lower the risk from changes in fair value resulting from fluctuations in the exchange rate. The Group also monitors the changes in the exchange rate and sets stop loss points to lower the risk from exchange rate.
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, VND and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2016								
	Fo	reign Currency							
	Amou	nt (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book	Value (NTD)				
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	\$	486,040	32.28	\$	15,689,371				
JPY: NTD		574,020	0.28		160,726				
Non-monetary items									
RMB: NTD	\$	6,644,783	4.65	\$	30,898,241				
USD: NTD		518,328	32.28		16,731,628				
VND: NTD		7,791,363,252	0.0014		10,907,909				
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	\$	59,914	32.28	\$	1,934,024				
JPY: NTD		350,755	0.28		98,211				
USD: RMB		380,661	32.28		12,287,737				
USD: VND		285,000	32.28		9,199,800				
	December 31, 2015								
	For	reign Currency							
	Amou	nt (In Thousands)	Exchange Rate	Book	Value (NTD)				
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	\$	871,835	33.07	\$	28,831,583				
JPY: NTD		318,804	0.27		86,077				
Non-monetary items									
RMB: NTD	\$	6,306,613	5.09	\$	32,100,660				
USD: NTD		788,851	33.07		26,087,303				
VND: NTD		7,447,384,445	0.0015		11,171,077				
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	\$	45,662	33.07	\$	1,510,042				
JPY: NTD		421,337	0.27		113,761				
USD: RMB		626,237	33.07		20,709,658				
USD: VND		253,300	33.07		8,376,631				

v.Total exchange loss, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to (\$2,549,870) and \$668,741, respectively.

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange

# variation:

Vear	ended	December	31	1 20	116
i cai	enaea	December		. 20	ıυ

	Sensitivity analysis								
	Degree of variation	p	Effect on rofit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income					
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	1%	\$	156,894	\$	-				
JPY: NTD	1%		1,607		-				
Non-monetary items									
RMB: NTD	1%	\$	-	\$	308,982				
USD: NTD	1%		-		167,316				
VND: NTD	1%		-		109,079				
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	1%	\$	19,340	\$	-				
JPY: NTD	1%		982		-				
USD: RMB	1%		122,877		-				
USD: VND	1%		91,998		-				

Year ended December 31, 2015

	Sensitivity analysis								
	Degree of variation		Effect on ofit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income					
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	1%	\$	288,316	\$	-				
JPY: NTD	1%		861		-				
Non-monetary items									
RMB: NTD	1%	\$	-	\$	321,007				
USD: NTD	1%		-		260,873				
VND: NTD	1%		-		111,711				
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	1%	\$	15,100	\$	-				
JPY: NTD	1%		1,138		-				
USD: RMB	1%		207,097		-				
USD: VND	1%		83,766		-				

#### Price risk

- i. The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the consolidated balance sheet either as available-for-sale or at fair value through profit or loss. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise domestic listed and unlisted stocks. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, components of equity for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 would have increased/decreased by \$1,346,255 and \$1,103,335, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as available-for-sale.

#### Interest rate risk

i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in the NTD and USD.

ii.At December 31, 2016 and 2015, if interest rates on denominated borrowings had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 would have been \$384,133 and \$377,268 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

#### (b)Credit risk

- i.Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The Group utilises certain credit enhancement instruments (such as sales revenue or guarantees received in advance) at appropriate times to lower the credit risk from specific customers. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the board of directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties are accepted.
- ii.No credit limits were exceeded during the reporting periods, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

#### (c)Liquidity risk

- i.Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Company treasury. Company treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements, for example, currency restrictions.
- ii.Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, loans to related parties, time deposits and cash equivalents, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-

derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Non-derivative financial liabilities:

		Between 1	Between 3	
<u>December 31, 2016</u>	Less than 1 year	ar and 2 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 26,146,75	0 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Short-term notes and bills	1,499,46	4 -	-	-
payable				
Notes payable	196,87	0 -	-	-
(including related parties)				
Accounts payable	21,911,49	4 -	_	_
(including related	,- , -			
parties)		_		
Other payables	8,444,53	-	-	-
(including related parties)				
Bonds payable	6,750,00	5,700,000	8,950,000	25,100,000
Long-term borrowings	7,666,50		17,524,990	
Long term borrowings	,,000,00			
D 1 21 2017	T .1 1	Between 1	Between 3	~ ~
<u>December 31, 2015</u>	Less than 1 year	<u> </u>	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 26,672,648		\$ -	\$ -
Short-term notes and bills payable	2,049,364	-	-	-
Notes payable	200,12	7 -	-	-
(including related parties)				
Accounts payable	19,224,484	-	-	-
(including related parties)				
Other payables	12,656,763	-	-	-
(including related parties)				
Bonds payable	9,500,000	6,750,000	14,650,000	25,100,000
Long-term borrowings	6,679,230	16,401,433	13,984,007	8,389,297
Derivative financial liabilitie	es:			
		Between 1	Between 3	
<u>December 31, 2016</u>	Less than 1 year	ar and 2 years	and 5 years	Over 5 years
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 1,38		\$ -	\$ -

			Betwe	een 1	Betwee	en 3		
<u>December 31, 2015</u>	Less th	an 1 year	and 2	years	and 5 y	years	Over 5	5 years
Forward exchange	\$	819	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
contracts								

iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

#### (4) Fair value estimation

- A. Details of the fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value are provided in Note 12(3)A.
- B. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
  - Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.
- C. The following table presents the Group's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at December 31, 2016 and 2015:

December 31, 2016 Assets:	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurement				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$	- 66	\$ 66
Beneficiary certificate Available-for-sale financial assets	627,555		-	627,555
Equity securities Fund	135,122,609 	3,162,6 4,874,0	52 -	138,285,234 4,874,052
Liabilities:	\$ 135,750,164	\$ 8,036,7	<u>43</u>	\$ 143,786,907
Recurring fair value measurement Financial liabilities				
at fair value through profit or loss Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$ 1,3	<u>81</u> \$	\$ 1,381

December 31, 2015	Level 1		Level 2	 Level 3		Total	
Assets:							
Recurring fair value measurement							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	\$	12	\$ -	\$	12	
Beneficiary certificate Available-for-sale financial assets	655,799		-	-		655,799	
Equity securities	110,333,479		2,571,599	 _		112,905,078	
	\$ 110,989,278	\$	2,571,611	\$ _	\$	113,560,889	
Liabilities:				 _			
Recurring fair value							
<u>measurement</u>							
Financial liabilities							
at fair value through							
profit or loss							
Forward exchange contracts	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	819	\$ 	\$	819	

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - (a) The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	<u>Listed shares</u>	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- (b)Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- (c) When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- (d)The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted

by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate. Structured interest derivative instruments are measured by using appropriate option pricing models (i.e. Black-Scholes model) or other valuation methods, such as Monte Carlo simulation.

- (e) The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- (f) The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

#### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

- (1) Significant transactions information
  - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
  - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
  - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
  - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
  - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
  - F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
  - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
  - H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
  - I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Notes 6(2), and (11); 12(3) and (4).
  - J. Significant intragroup transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

#### (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

#### (3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

A.Basic information: Please refer to table 9.

B.Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

#### 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### (1) General information

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units and provide different products and services. Strategic business units are separately managed because each unit needs different techniques and marketing strategies. The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

1st Petrochemical Div: responsible for production of benzene, p-xylene and o-xylene.

2nd Petrochemical Div: responsible for production of styrene, synthetic phenolic and acetone.

3rd Petrochemical Div and Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Limited Co.: responsible for production of purified terephthalic acid.

Plastics Division, Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.: responsible for production of ABS resin, polypropylene and PS.

Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.: responsible for production of blended fabric, spun fabric, cross-woven fabric, polyamine and polyester fabric, epidemic fabric, designer sportswear fabric, high-tech and function fabric, tire cord fabric, pure cotton yarn, blended yarn, various functional yarn, fireproof fabric, anti-static cloth and industrial fabric, and operation of petrol stations to sell petroleum, diesel fuel, kerosene and small package of petroleum products and provide car wash services.

Formosa Advanced Technologies Co.: responsible for IC packaging, testing and production of memory module.

# (2) Measurement of segment information

The Group has not yet amortised tax expenses or non-recurring gains and losses to reportable segments. Furthermore, not all reportable segments' profit or loss include significant non-cash items besides depreciation and amortisation. Reporting amount and reports for operating decision-maker are the same.

The Group's operating segment profit or loss is measured based on operating income before tax for performance assessment basis. The Group considers the sale and transfer among segments as transactions with third parties and measured at market price.

# (3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

· /				For the year	ended Decembe	er 31, 2016			
			3rd Petrochemical	Plastics Division,					
			Div and	Formosa ABS		Formosa			
	1st	2nd	Formosa	Plastics	Formosa	Advanced			
	Petrochemical Div	Petrochemical Div	Chemical Industries	Co., Ltd. and Formosa PS	Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Technologies Co., Ltd.	Other divisions	Reconciliation and offset	Total
External revenue	\$ 40,180,471	\$ 42,806,793	\$ 53,969,625	\$ 92,348,091	\$ 24,027,506	\$ 8,491,396	\$ 57,380,745	-	\$ 319,204,627
Internal revenue	64,744,382	33,437,773	2,338,745	11,276,816	567,678		14,354,675 (	126,720,069)	
Total revenue	\$ 104,924,853	\$ 76,244,566	\$ 56,308,370	\$ 103,624,907	\$ 24,595,184	\$ 8,491,396	\$ 71,735,420 (	\$ 126,720,069)	\$ 319,204,627
Segment profit (loss)	\$ 7,748,436	\$ 8,501,038	(\$ 240,470)	\$ 8,320,387	\$ 3,767,985	\$ 1,259,505	\$ 29,472,115 (	\$ 4,153,330)	\$ 54,675,666
Segment income (loss): Total depreciation and amortisation	\$ 4,751,959	\$ 2,844,443	\$ 3,130,398	\$ 2,947,922	\$ 805,303	\$ 1,405,513	\$ 4,456,200		\$ 20,341,738
Interest expense	\$ 245,320	\$ 454,496	\$ 149,647	\$ 383,238	\$ 115,565	\$ -	\$ 769,768	\$ 124,891)	\$ 1,993,143
Investment income accounted for using equity method									\$ 19,021,711
Not included in segments' income measurement, but regularly provided to operating decision-maker: Income tax expense									\$ 5,908,938
Total assets of segments	\$ 39,068,361	\$ 34,150,772	\$ 31,664,828	\$ 47,601,722	\$ 83,017,562	\$11,357,367	\$ 401,458,118	\$ 103,882,140)	\$ 544,436,590

For the year	ended December	31, 2015
--------------	----------------	----------

						1 of the jea	r chaca Beccini	001 31, 2013						
				3rd										
			P	Petrochemical	Pla	stics Division,								
				Div and	F	Tormosa ABS		Formosa						
	1st	2nd		Formosa		Plastics	Formosa	Advanced						
	Petrochemical	Petrochemical		Chemical		Co., Ltd.	Taffeta	Technologies			F	Reconciliation		
	Div	Div		Industries	and Formosa PS		Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	C	ther divisions		and offset		Total
External revenue	\$ 45,849,846	\$ 38,749,545	\$	57,132,213	\$	94,996,605	\$ 26,996,734	\$ 8,760,789	\$	56,863,575	\$	-	\$	329,349,307
Internal revenue	69,882,113	32,308,695		2,097,516		11,393,774	765,154			16,340,606	(_	132,787,858)		
Total revenue	\$ 115,731,959	\$ 71,058,240	\$	59,229,729	\$	106,390,379	\$ 27,761,888	\$ 8,760,789	\$	73,204,181	<u>(\$</u>	132,787,858)	\$	329,349,307
Segment profit (loss)	\$ 1,803,314	\$ 2,159,013	(\$	2,164,786)	\$	5,856,798	\$ 3,038,967	\$ 1,372,824	\$	23,276,998	\$	646,037	\$	35,989,165
Segment income														
(loss):														
Total depreciation and														
amortisation	\$ 4,132,160	\$ 2,888,927	\$	3,370,507	\$	2,816,510	\$ 827,729	\$ 1,570,893	\$	4,343,292	\$		\$	19,950,018
Interest expense	\$ 317,968	\$ 392,719	\$	224,796	\$	380,333	\$ 132,507	\$ 1	\$	913,949	( <u>\$</u>	56,902)	\$	2,305,371
Investment income accounted for using equity														
method													\$	12,194,766
Not included in segments'														
income measurement, but														
regularly provided to														
operating decision-maker:														
Income tax expense													\$	4,371,618
Total assets of segments	\$ 35,664,445	\$ 34,609,786	\$	38,769,810	\$	45,849,257	\$ 70,923,007	\$10,916,244	\$	356,330,133	( <u>\$</u>	80,077,252)	\$	512,985,430

# (4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the income statement.

# (5) <u>Information on product and service</u>

	 For the years ended December 31,										
	 2016		2015								
Sales revenue	\$ 318,280,136	\$	328,491,576								
Sales of services	525,910		548,911								
Other operating revenue	 398,581		308,820								
	\$ 319,204,627	\$	329,349,307								

# (6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

	 For the years ended December 31,													
	 20	16		2015										
			Non-current				Non-current							
	 Revenue		assets		Revenue		assets							
Taiwan	\$ 125,372,809	\$	69,355,071	\$	136,505,161	\$	77,943,484							
China	137,736,290		40,590,760		138,291,942		47,892,010							
Others	 56,095,528		27,104,240		54,552,204		27,412,271							
	\$ 319,204,627	\$	137,050,071	\$	329,349,307	\$	153,247,765							

# (7) Major customer information

The information of customers with over 10% of sales revenue in the statement of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015: None.

#### Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries

#### Loans to others

#### For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

No.			General ledger account	Is a related	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2016	Balance at December 31, 2016	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful	Colla	nteral	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	(Note 2)	party	(Note 3)	(Note 8)	drawn down	rate	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ -	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 79,997,642	\$ 159,995,283	-
0	The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	800,000	800,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	79,997,642	159,995,283	-
0	The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	7,000,000	6,000,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	79,997,642	159,995,283	-
0	The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	600,000	600,000	-	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Formosa Heavy Industries Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	7,000,000	7,000,000	1,000,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.		Yes	5,409,564	4,620,924	3,680,924	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	79,997,642	159,995,283	-

Maximum outstanding

No.			General ledger account	Is a related	balance during the year ended December 31, 2016	Balance at December 31, 2016	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful	Coll	ateral	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	(Note 2)	party	(Note 3)	(Note 8)	drawn down	rate	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 9,200	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 63,998,113	\$ 127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	1,600,000	1,600,000	690,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	9,215,000	8,006,500	8,006,500	1.41~1.43	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	100,000	100,000	-	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	11,000,000	6,000,000	-	1.41~1.50	1	2	-	-	-	-	79,997,642	159,995,283	-
0	The Company	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Other receivables- related parties	Yes	14,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
0	The Company	Formosa Plastics Transport Corp.		Yes	720,000	460,000	460,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-

Maximum outstanding

			General		balance during the year ended	Balance at				Amount of transactions	Reason	Allowance			L	imit on loans	Ceiling on	
N			ledger	Is a	December 31,	December 31,			Nature of	with the	for short-term	for	Coll	ateral		granted to	total loans	
No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account (Note 2)	related	2016 (Note 3)	2016 (Note 8)	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	loan (Note 4)	borrower (Note 5)	financing (Note 6)	doubtful	Itam	Value		a single party (Note 7)	granted (Note 7)	Б
				party		·				· <del></del>			-					Footnote
0	The Company	Mai-Liao Harbor Administration	otner receivables-	Yes	\$ 780,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional operating capital	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$	63,998,113	\$ 127,996,226	-
	Company	Corp.	related								operating capital							
		corp.	parties															
0	The	Formosa Ha	Other	Yes	336,000	30,000	30,000	1.41~1.50	2	1	Additional	_	-			63,998,113	127,996,226	-
	Company	Tinh Steel	receivables-								operating capital							
		Corporation-TW	related															
			parties															
0	The	Formosa Ha	Other	Yes	7,080,345	7,080,345	3,960,345	1.41~1.47	2	1	Additional	-	-	-	-	63,998,113	127,996,226	-
	Company	Tinh (Cayman)	receivables-								operating capital							
		Limited	related															
1	Formosa	Hong Jing	parties Other	Yes	15,000	15,000	15,000	1.43~1.50	2	1	Additional		_			765,568	1,913,921	_
1			receivables-	103	13,000	13,000	13,000	1.45*1.50	2	1	operating capital	_	_			703,300	1,713,721	-
	Technology		related								operating exprain							
	Corp.		parties															
2	Formosa	Formosa ABS	Receivables	Yes	3,151,687	2,052,017	2,052,017	3.05~3.92	2	1	Additional	-	-	-		5,129,908	12,824,770	-
	Power	Plastics (Ningbo)	from related								operating capital							
	(Ningbo)	Co., Ltd.	party															
	Co., Ltd.																	
2	Formosa	Formosa Phenol	Receivables	Yes	820,144	763,108	763,108	3.05~3.92	2	1	Additional	-	-	-		5,129,908	12,824,770	-
	Power	(Ningbo)	from related								operating capital							
	(Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Limited Co.	party															
2	Formosa	Formosa	Receivables	Yes	1,163,275	1,163,275	1,163,275	3.05	2	1	Additional	_	_	_		5,129,908	12,824,770	_
2	Power	Synthetic Rubber		103	1,105,275	1,103,273	1,103,273	3.03	2	1	operating capital					3,127,700	12,024,770	
	(Ningbo)	(Ningbo)	party															
	Co., Ltd.	Limited Co.																

					Maximum															
					outstanding															
					balance during							Amount of								
			General		the year ended	]	Balance at					transactions	Reason	Allowance			Li	mit on loans	Ceiling on	
			ledger	Is a	December 31,	D	ecember 31,				Nature of	with the	for short-term	for	~			granted to	total loans	
No.			account	related	2016		2016	Act	ual amount	Interest	loan	borrower	financing	doubtful	Coll	lateral	a	single party	granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	(Note 2)	party	(Note 3)		(Note 8)	dra	awn down	rate	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	accounts	Item	Value		(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
2	Formosa	Formosa PS	Receivables	Yes	\$ 967,845	\$	851,517	\$	851,517	3.05-3.75	2	1	Additional	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$	5,129,908	\$ 12,824,770	-
	Power	(Ningbo) Co.,	from related										operating capital							
	(Ningbo)	Ltd.	party																	
	Co., Ltd.																			
2	Formosa	Formosa Phenol	Receivables	Yes	116,328		-		-	3.48	2	1	Additional	-	-	-		2,920,608	7,301,519	
	Chemicals	(Ningbo)	from related										operating capital							
	Industries	Limited Co.	party																	
	(Ningbo)																			
	Co., Ltd.																			

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Name of account in which the loans are recognised including but not limited to accounts receivables-related parties, other receivables-related parties and, current account with stockholders, prepayments, and temporary payments, etc.
- Note 3: Maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the year period ended December 31, 2016
- Note 4: The nature of loans:
  - (1) Related to business transactions is "1".
  - (2) Short-term financing is "2".
- Note 5: Amount of business transactions with the borrower:
  - (1) No business transactions is "1".
  - (2) Business transactions amount is provided in Note 13 (1) G.
- Note 6: Provided that loans to others are for necessary short-term financing by nature, shall specifically note necessary reasons for the loans and purposes of the borrowers, for example, repayment of loans, acquisition of equipment, and financing for operation, etc.
- Note 7: The calculation of line of credit:

The limit on loans granted by the Company to a single party, related party and party with business transactions shall not be more than 25% of the Company's net assets, and limit to others is 20% of the Company's net assets.

The ceiling on loans granted by the Company to others shall not be more than 50% of the Company's net assets, and ceiling on loans granted a short-term financing borrower with no business transactions shall not be more than 40% of the Company's net assets.

The limit on loans granted by a subsidiary to a single party, related party and party with business transactions shall not be more than 50% of the subsidiary's net assets, and limit to others is 40% of the subsidiary's net assets. The ceiling on loans granted by a subsidiary to others shall not be more than 100% of the Company's net assets, and ceiling on loans granted a short-term financing borrower with no business transactions shall not be more than 40% of the Company's net assets.

Note 8: The amount was resolved by the Board of Directors.

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party bein endorsed/guara	-	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee		Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ Amount of guarantee amount total amount endorsements/ to net asset value endorsemen					endorsements/ endorsements guarantees by guarantees to subsidiary to the party in		
Number			endorser/	provided for a single	amount as of	amount at		guarantees	of the endorser/	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland		
( Note	Endorser/		guarantor	party	December 31, 2016	December 31,	Actual amount	secured with	guarantor	provided	subsidiary	company	China		
1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 4)	2016	drawn down	collateral	company	(Note 3)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	Footnote	
0	The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	1	\$ 15,502,954	\$ 5,858,751	\$ 5,297,258	\$ 5,297,258	\$ -	1.66	415,987,736	Y	N	N	-	
0	The Company	Formosa Group (Cayman) Limited	6	207,993,868	43,450,563	33,247,370	33,247,370	-	10.39	415,987,736	N	N	N	-	
0	The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	6	207,993,868	13,055,916	12,472,657	12,472,657	-	3.90	415,987,736	N	N	N	-	
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	2	43,386,297	2,341,500	1,451,250	564,375	-	2.17	86,772,595	Y	N	Y	-	
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.	2	43,386,297	1,672,500	1,612,500	86,251	-	2.42	86,772,595	Y	N	N	-	
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	3	43,386,297	2,676,000	2,096,250	407,382	-	3.14	86,772,595	Y	N	Y	-	
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	2	43,386,297	4,505,715	4,344,075	2,405,391	-	6.51	86,772,595	Y	N	N	-	
1	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Co.,Ltd.	6	43,386,297	4,391,447	4,193,422	1,908,131	-	6.28	86,772,595	N	N	N	-	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1)The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following six categories:
  - (1)Having business relationship.
  - (2)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
  - (3)The endorser/guarantor parent company and its subsidiaries jointly own more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
  - (4) The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor subsidiary.
  - (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade as required by the construction contract.
  - (6)Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- Note 3: In accordance with Company's procedures of endorsements and guarantees, limit on the Company's total guarantee amount is 130% of the Company's net assets, the limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is 50% of the aforementioned total amount. For companies having business relationship with the Company and thus being provided endorsements/guarantees, the limit on endorsements to a single party is the higher value of purchasing or selling.
- Note 4: Year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.
- Note 5: 'Y' represents cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary, provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, or provision to the party in Mainland China.

#### Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

#### For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 3

	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General	As of December 31, 2016				
Securities held by	( Note 1 )	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	486,978,692	\$ 43,438,499	7.65 \$	43,438,499	-
The Company	Stocks_Asia Pacific Investment Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	63,621,500	3,162,625	14.97	3,162,625	-
The Company	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	413,327,750	29,428,936	5.21	29,428,936	-
The Company	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	364,815,409	17,620,585	13.27	17,620,585	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Union Chemical Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	14,936,190	253,168	3.41	253,168	-
The Company	Mega Private US Dollar Money Market Funds	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	14,977,992	4,874,052	-	4,874,052	-
The Company	Stocks_Mai-Liao Harbor Administration Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	39,562,740	539,260	17.98	539,260	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastic Corp. U.S.A	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	8,999	818,316	2.92	818,316	-
The Company	Stocks_Central Leasing Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	1,778,611	-	1.07	-	-
The Company	Stocks_Taiwan Stock Exchange Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	13,533,879	1,800	2.00	1,800	-
The Company	Stocks_Taiwan Aerospace Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	1,070,151	10,702	0.79	10,702	-
The Company	Stocks_Yi-Jih Development Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's chairman	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	300,000	3,000	1.51	3,000	-
The Company	Stocks_Chinese Television System Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,376,202	38,419	1.41	38,419	-

	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General		As of Decemb	er 31, 2016		
Securities held by	( Note 1 )	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Maritime Corp.	The Company is the issuer's corporate director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	355,880 \$	1,750	18.22 \$	1,750	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Development Corp.	The Company is the issuer's supervisor	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	14,672,636	90,010	18.00	90,010	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Network Technology Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,925,000	13,331	12.50	13,331	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Marine Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,428,500	15,000	15.00	15,000	-
The Company	Stocks_Formosa Ocean Group Marine Investment Corp.	The Company's chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,622	856,948	19.00	856,948	-
The Company	Stocks_Guangyuan Investment Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	5,000,000	50,000	3.91	50,000	-
The Company	Stocks_Mega Growth Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,500,000	25,000	1.25	25,000	-
FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Stocks_Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	The chairman of the FCFC International (Cayman)'s ultimate parent company is issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	508,236,725	15,132,580	11.43	15,132,580	-
Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	6,367	308	-	308	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Formosa Union Chemical Corp.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	877,879	14,880	0.20	14,880	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Changs Ascending Enterprise Corp., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	3,000	157	0.01	157	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Formosa Energy & Material Technology Corp.	Related party in substance	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	5,300,000	53,000	15.14	53,000	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Formosa Network Technology Corp.	Same as Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.'s chairman	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	458,120	2,518	2.45	2,518	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_Taiwan Leader Biotech Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	2,100,000	21,033	6.30	21,033	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_United Performance Materials Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp. is the director of the issuer's parent company	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	423,720	8,400	0.55	8,400	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_United Biopharma, Inc.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	22,999,750	635,828	18.31	635,828	-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Stocks_UBI Pharma Inc.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	26,940,922	676,215	19.05	676,215	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	11,219,610	1,080,449	0.19	1,080,449	-

	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General		As of Decemb	er 31, 2016		
Securities held by	( Note 1 )	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Pacific Electric Wire & Cable Corp., Ltd.	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	32 \$	-	- \$	-	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	640	57	-	57	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	482,194	34,332	0.01	34,332	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Asia Pacific Investment Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	10,000,000	497,100	2.35	497,100	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	15,421,010	744,835	0.56	744,835	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	365,267,576	40,909,968	3.83	40,909,968	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Syntronix Corporation	<del>-</del>	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	174,441	3,236	0.45	3,236	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Toa Resin Corp., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. is the issuer's corporate director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	14,400	3,000	10.00	3,000	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Shin Yun Natural Gas Corp.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	613,553	3,099	1.20	3,099	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Wk Technology Fund IV Ltd.	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	4,281,686	23,813	3.17	23,813	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Optical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman and the issuer's chairman are within second degree of kinship	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	19,066,860	58,345	9.53	58,345	-
Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Ha Tinh (Cayman) Limited	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	171,008,736	5,316,710	3.85	5,316,710	-
Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. is Formosa Development Co., Ltd. 's parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	2,473,228	72,960	0.15	72,960	-
Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Association of R.O.C. in Xiamen	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	-	141	0.11	141	-

	Marketable securities	Relationship with the	General		As of Decemb	er 31, 2016		
Securities held by	( Note 1 )	securities issuer (Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director		74,388	\$ 6,635	-	\$ 6,635	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director		312,512	22,251	-	22,251	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s ultimate parent company	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	7,316,000	704,531	0.12	704,531	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Technology Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the issuer's director	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	15,041,215	726,491	0.55	726,491	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Nan Ya Optical Corp.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.'s chairman and the issuer's chairman are within second degree of kinship	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	9,533,430	29,172	4.77	29,172	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Stocks_Syntronix Corporation	-	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	59,945	1,181	0.15	1,181	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates_Jih Sun Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	25,512,583	374,262	-	374,262	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Beneficiary certificates_Mega Diamond Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	20,396,748	253,293	-	253,293	-

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities, as defined in IAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

Note 2: The column is left blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: The Company's stocks held by the subsidiaries—Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. anf Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.—are deemed as treasury stocks. Details are provided in Note 6 (15).

Note 4: Not a limited liability company and thus, not applicable.

#### Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

#### For the year ended December 31, 2016

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD

	Marketable			Relationship with	Balance January 1		Addition (Note:			Disp ( Not			Balance as at Decer	mber 31, 2016
Investor	securities ( Note 1 )	General ledger account	Counterparty (Note 2)	the investor ( Note 2 )	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Book value	Gain (loss) on disposal	Number of shares	Amount
The Company	Mage International Private Money Market funds	Available-for- sale financial assets - current	-	-	- \$	S -	14,977,992 \$	4,903,800	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	14,977,992 \$	4,874,052
The Company	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	Investments accounted for under equity method	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	-	-	-	50,000	16,084,840	-	-	-	-	50,000	15,441,324
The Company	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Investments accounted for under equity method	Formosa Group Investment Corp. (Cayman)	-	508,249,225	16,085,211	-	-	508,249,225	16,085,211	16,085,211	-	-	-
The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	Formosa Ha Tinh(Cayman) Limited	-	-	-	508,236,725	16,084,840	-	-	-	-	508,236,725	15,132,580
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Limited	Investments accounted for under equity method	Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Limited		-	549,701	-	1,276,880	-	-	-	-	-	1,212,400
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology CorpStocks	Available-for- sale financial assets - noncurrent		-	1,214,557	55,505	13,826,658	504,673	-	-	-	-	15,041,215	726,491

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20% of paid-in capital level shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

### $Purchases \ or \ sales \ of \ goods \ from \ or \ to \ related \ parties \ reaching \ \$100 \ million \ or \ 20\% \ of \ paid-in \ capital \ or \ more$

For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

#### Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions

			Transaction				Notes/accounts receivable (payable)						
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)			Percentage of otal purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit tern	ı	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote ( Note 1 )
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(\$	2,088,671) (	1)	30 days	\$ -	-	\$	177,052	1	-
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(	25,878,406) (	12)	30 days	-	-		2,341,944	11	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(	1,754,464) (	1)	60 days	-	-		Notes receivable 129,706	28	-
											Accounts receivable 413,899	2	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	(	307,922)	-	60 days	-	-		53,910	-	-
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	(	17,254,605) (	8)	30 days	-	-		2,150,844	10	-
The Company	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	(	7,792,498) (	4)	90 days	-	-		2,117,449	10	-
The Company	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	(	16,701,832) (	8)	90 days	-	-		4,559,129	22	-
The Company	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	(	5,942,979) (	3)	90 days	-	-		1,262,754	6	-
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Subsidiary	Sales	(	3,057,342) (	1)	30 days	-	-		214,387	1	-
The Company	PFG Fiber Glass Corporation	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Sales	(	412,664)	-	30 days	-	-		34,715	-	-
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Subsidiary	Sales	(	9,738,754) (	4)	30 days	-	-		1,066,021	5	-
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company	Sales	(	188,960)	-	30 days	-	-		-	-	-
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		5,390,037	3	30 days	-	-	(	513,391)	( 3)	-

Notes/accounts receivable (payable)

		-			Transact							paye	/	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)			Percentage of otal purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit tern		Balance		Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote (Note 1)
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases	\$	5,954,439	4	30 days	\$ -	-	(\$	Bullinee	671,117) (	4)	-
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases		103,792,719	63	30 days	-	-	(		10,306,212) (	69)	-
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	The Company	Parent company	Sales	(	852,559) (	24)	30 days	-	-			102,589	16	-
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	BP Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	(	410,551) (	12)	90 days after delivery	-	-			134,862	20	-
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	(	176,282) (	5)	30 days	-	-			-	-	-
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.'s ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	(	376,549) (	11)	30 days	-	-			51,902	8	-
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.'s ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases		1,444,728	62	45 days	-	-	(		169,008) (	100)	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(	834,351) (	12)	30 days	-	-			81,816	11	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(	1,410,821) (	21)	30 days	-	-			149,983	20	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Same parent company	Sales	(	734,838) (	11)	30 days	-	-			83,143	11	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Same parent company	Sales	(	106,222) (	2)	30 days	-	-			10,202	1	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Acrylic Esters (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman, is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	(	692,272) (	10)	30 days	-	-			89,455	12	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Polypropylene (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman, is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	(	644,026) (	9)	30 days	-	-			69,249	9	-

Transaction

					Transact	ion		party trai	iisactions		Notes/accounts receivable (	pavable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)			Percentage of otal purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit tern		Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote ( Note 1 )
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Formosa Plastics Corp.)	Sales	(\$	620,407) (		30 days	\$ -	-	\$	63,88		-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Nan Ya Corp.)	Sales	(	496,977) (	7)	30 days	-	-		60,83	2 8	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Super Absorbent Polymer (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Affiliated company	Sales	(	149,170) (	2)	30 days	-	-		15,42	4 2	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Polyethylene (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Affiliated company	Sales	(	239,589) (	3)	30 days	-	-		30,34	3 4	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp.	Affiliated company	Sales	(	563,899) (	8)	30 days	-	-		68,07	5 9	-
Formosa chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the director of the counterparty's ultimate parent company (Nan Ya Corp.)	Sales	(	330,715) (	2)	90 days	-	-		43,83	8 7	-
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The ultimate parent company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Corp.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		1,966,851	11	90 days	-	-	(	457,60	2) ( 11)	-
Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp. is the ultimate parent company's investee accounted for using equity method	Purchases		694,097	4	90 days	-	-	(	181,94	4) ( 5)	-
Formosa Industries Corp.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Accounts Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam as an investee using equity method	Purchases		2,316,088	12	30 days	-	-	(	276,30	0) ( 16)	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	The Company	Parent company	Sales	(	854,848) (	6)	30 days	-	-		112,65	1 12	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Europe Plc	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(	247,239) (	2)	30 days after closing date	-	-		17,79	7 2	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals Taiwan Corp.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(	397,857) (	3)	30 days after closing date	-	-				-

			Transaction				Notes/accounts receivable (payable)							
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)			Percentage of otal purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	ivane (pay	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote ( Note 1 )
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(\$	940,617)		30 days after closing date		-	\$	Buildice	89,026	10	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals U.S.A Corp.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(	106,805) (	1)	30 days after closing date	-	-			14,175	2	-
Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Idemitsu Chemicals (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Accounts Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp. as an investee using equity method	Sales	(	635,013) (	5)	30 days after closing date	-	-			62,190	7	-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		1,674,799	19	90 days	-	-	(		194,766) (	32)	-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Nan Ya Electronic Materials (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the director of the counterparty's parent company	Sales	(	111,377) (	1)	30 days	-	-			16,926	3	-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent company's chairman is the director of the counterparty's parent company	Sales	(	4,323,506) (	38)	30 days	-	-			560,718	89	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s investee accounted for using equity method	Sales	(	324,818)	( 1)	60 days after monthly billings	-	-			40,685	2	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(	252,531)	( 1)	120 days	-	-			11,071	1	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Yugen Co., Ltd.	The chairman is the firstdegree relative of the Company's managing director	Sales	(	332,180)	( 1)	120 days	-	-			-	-	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales	(	150,904)	( 1)	120 days	-	-			26,874	1	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		9,257,907	49	15 days	-	-	(		437,545) (	20)	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		627,326	3	15 days	-	-	(		69,267) (	3)	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Plastics Corp.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director	Purchases		362,541	2	15 days	-	-	(		40,507) (	2)	-

Transaction Notes/accounts receivable (payable) Percentage of total Percentage of notes/accounts Purchases total purchases receivable Footnote Purchaser/seller Counterparty Relationship with the counterparty (sales) (sales) Unit price Credit term (payable) (Note 1) Amount Credit term Balance Formosa Advanced Nan Ya Technology Corp. Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., (\$ 5,654,012) ( 67) 60 days \$ \$ 992,417 61 Sales Technologies Co., Ltd. Ltd.'s chairman is the counterparty's director Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.'s 299,260) ( 19) 60 days 96,016 50 Sales Shan) Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. parent company is Affiliated company with Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd. Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam is 192,026 Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Formosa Industries Purchases 13 60 days 27,416) ( 22) Co., Ltd. Corp., Vietnam the parent company's investee accounted for using equity method Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd.'s 60,083 Sales 318,634) ( 10) 60 days 9 Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. parent company is Affiliated company with Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Formosa Industries Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam is Purchases 510,288 18 60 days 48,313) ( 11) Co., Ltd. Corp., Vietnam the parent company's investee accounted for using equity method Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd. Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.'s Sales 291,014) ( 9) 60 days 106,103 16 Co., Ltd. parent company Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Nan Ya Plastics Corp. Formosa Traffeta Co.,Ltd's chairman is Purchases 205,622 7 60 days Co., Ltd. designated to represent as the issuer's managing director

Note 1: The disclosing way is on revenue side and relative transactions are no longer disclosed.

#### Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

#### For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at Decem	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Turnover rate	Overo	lue rece	eivables Action taken	Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
The Company	Formosa Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	177,052	13.50		_	-	\$ 177,052	
The Company	Tormosa Fasties Corp.	the counterparty's director	Ψ	177,032	13.30	Ψ			ų 177,032	Ψ
The Company	Nan Ya Plastics Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director		2,341,944	11.22		-	-	2,341,944	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Notes receivable	129,706	3.59		_	-	129,706	-
			Accounts receivable	413,899					297,983	
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Investees accounted for using equity method		2,150,844	8.71		-	-	2,150,844	-
The Company	Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Accounts receivable Other receivables	2,117,499 499,275	4.79		-	-	1,396,979 1,746	-
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp.,	Subsidiary	Accounts receivable	214,387	8.93		-	-	214,387	-
The Company	Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Accounts receivable Other receivables	1,262,754 308,596	5.27		-	-	582,311	-
The Company	Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Accounts receivable Other receivables	4,559,129 262,725	4.24		-	-	2,714,519 34	-
The Company	Formosa Ha Tinh Steel Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director	Other receivables	440,981	-		-	-	297,541	-
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Subsidiary		1,066,021	9.62		-	-	1,066,021	-
Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	BP Chemicals (Malaysia) SDN Corp.	Affiliated company		134,862	1.88		-	-	25,296	-
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd	•	Same parent company		149,983	9.34		-	-	149,983	-
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	d Nan Ya Plastics (Ningbo) Corp.	The ultimate parent compnay's chairman is the director of the counterpary's parent company		560,718	9.22		-	-	560,718	-
Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Nan Ya Technology Corp.	The Company's Chairman is the counterparty's director		992,417	5.45		-	-	487,373	-
Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.'s parent company		106,103	3.48		-	-	32,884	-

Note 1: Fill in separately the balances of accounts receivable-related parties, notes receivable-related parties, other receivables-related parties....

#### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

#### For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Transaction							
Number			Relationship					Percentage of consolidated total operating			
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account		Amount	Transaction terms	revenues or total assets (Note 3)			
0	The Company	Formosa Chemicals	1	Sales revenue	(\$	16,701,832)	In regular terms	(5)			
		Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.									
0	The Company	Formosa Idemitsu	1	Sales revenue	(	9,738,754)	In regular terms	(3)			
		Petrochemical Corp.									

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1)Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1)Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2)Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3)Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: If the transaction amount in this sheet reaches 3% of consolidated operating income or total assets, it is considered material.

# Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries Information on investees (Excluding those in Mainland China) For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 8

				Initial inves	tment amount	Shares he	ld as at December	31, 2016		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee ( Note 1 )	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2016	recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016	Footnote
				·	·			-	·		
The Company	Tah Shin Spinning Corp.	Taiwan	Spinning	\$ 85,188	\$ 85,188	18,467,619	86.40	\$ 132,913	(\$ 19,510)	(\$ 18,847)	-
The Company	Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Spinning	719,003	719,003	630,022,431	37.40	24,474,108	3,481,285	1,280,975	-
The Company	Formosa Heavy Industries Corp.	Taiwan	Machinery	2,497,721	2,497,721	651,706,181	32.91	7,644,268	35,695	16,993	-
The Company	Formosa Fairway Corporation	Taiwan	Transportation	33,320	33,320	4,697,951	33.33	101,719	( 20,346)	( 6,781)	-
The Company	Formosa Plastics Transport Corp.	Taiwan	Transportation	17,255	17,255	4,546,463	33.33	750,304	87,642	29,211	-
The Company	Formosa Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	Chemistry	25,842,468	25,842,468	2,300,799,801	24.15	74,173,344	75,764,102	18,099,603	-
The Company	•	Taiwan	Electricity generation	5,985,531	5,985,531	498,842,000	24.94	10,936,483	4,294,373	1,071,140	-
The Company	FCFC Investment	Cayman Islands	Investments	19,534,946	18,443,886	84,000	100.00	30,374,641	297,191	297,191	-
The Company	1	Taiwan	Management	340	340	33,000	33.00	1,776	364	120	-
The Company	Chia-Nan Enterprise Corporation	Taiwan	Electricity generation	225,034	225,034	12,448,800	30.00	261,922	46,963	14,123	-
The Company	Formosa Idemitsu Petrochemical Corp.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of petrochemical and plastic raw materials	299,999	299,999	60,000,000	50.00	2,741,757	2,939,039	1,467,968	-
The Company	Su Hua Transport Corp.	Taiwan	Transportation	50,000	50,000	7,658,750	25.00	251,008	128,817	32,204	-
The Company	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Vietnam	Textile, polyester staple fibre, cotton	8,435,801	8,435,801	-	42.50	8,898,096	2,096,286	890,920	-

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares he		Investment income (loss)			
Investor	Investee ( Note 1 )	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2016	recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016	Footnote
The Company	Formosa BP Chemicals Corp.	Taiwan	Chemistry, international of petrochemistry	\$ 1,201,500	\$ 1,201,500	120,150,000	50.00	\$ 1,358,751	\$ 67,192	\$ 29,378	-
The Company	Formosa Environmental Technology Co.	Taiwan	Disposals of wastes and sewage	417,145	417,145	41,714,475	24.34	255,716	( 20,965)	( 5,103)	-
The Company	Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sale of cosmetics	1,566,879	1,566,879	147,556,136	88.59	1,692,877	86,353	76,500	-
The Company	Formosa Carpet Corp.	Taiwan	Yarn spinning mills, finishing of textiles and carpet manufacturing	300,000	300,000	22,037,185	100.00	211,562	433	427	-
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Rubber Corp.	Taiwan	Manufacturing of synthetic rubber	400,000	400,000	40,000,000	33.33	315,764	( 159,996)	( 53,327)	-
The Company	Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Limited Co.	Hong Kong	Manufacturing of synthetic rubber	2,151,560	874,680	-	33.33	1,212,400	( 1,842,344)	( 614,053)	-
The Company	Formosa Resources Corporation	Taiwan	Mining industry and its trading, wholesale of chemical material and international trading	4,162,500	4,162,500	416,250,000	25.00	4,159,625	( 500,633)	( 125,158)	-
The Company	Formosa Group Corp. (Cayman)	Cayman Islands	Investments	377	377	-	25.00	549,598	1,597,675	399,419	-
The Company	Formosa Construction Corp.	Taiwan	Development and sale of rebuilt housing, buildings and plants under urban redevelopment	100,000	15,000	10,000,000	33.33	91,895	( 11,351)	( 3,782)	-
The Company	FCFC International (Cayman) Limited	•	Investments	16,084,840	-	50,000	100.00	15,441,324	( 247)	( 247)	-
FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman)	Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.		Investments	15,482,159	14,391,099	-	100.00	18,094,493			-
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Beyoung International Corp.	Taiwan	International trading	90,000	90,000	467,400	30.00	94,389	8,667	2,545	-

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares he	ld as at December 3	31, 2016	Investment income (loss)					
									Net profit (loss)	recognised by the Company				
	Investee		Main business	Balance as at	alance as at Balance as at				of the investee for the year	for the year ended				
Investor	(Note 1)	Location	activities	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	ended December 31, 2016	December 31, 2016	Footnote			
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Hong Jing Resources Corp.	Taiwan	Recycle of spent catalyst	\$ 252,969	\$ 252,969	19,636,218	51.00	\$ 168,969	(\$ 221,459) (	\$ 112,944)	-			
Formosa Biomedical Technology Corp.	Formosa Biomedical Technology (Samoa) Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Investments	29,610	29,610	-	100.00	17,350	1,417	1,417	-			
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	1.Handling urban land consolidation 2.Development, rent and sale of industrial plants, residences and building	114,912	114,912	16,100,000	100.00	199,566	16,054	14,620	-			
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	l Taiwan	IC assembly, testing and modules	3,773,440	3,773,440	290,464,472	65.68	6,815,323	1,022,556	663,595	-			
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Sale of spun fabrics and filament textile	1,356,862	1,356,862	-	100.00	1,025,680	72,275	72,275	-			
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Vietnam) Co., Ltd	Vietnam	Production, processing, further processing various yam and cotton cloth, dyeing and finishing clothes, curtains, towels, bed covers and carpets	1,709,221	1,709,221	-	100.00	1,763,630	191,512	191,512	-			

				Initial inves	tment amount	Shares he	ld as at December 3	31, 2016		Investment income (loss)	
Investor	Investee ( Note 1 )	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2016	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2016	recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016	Footnote
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Kuang Yueh Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Processing and production of ready-to-wear, processing and trading of cotton cloth, and import and export of the aforementioned products	\$ 213,771	\$ 213,771	18,595,352	17.92	\$ 1,175,070	\$ 699,139	\$ 140,023	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Schoeller F.T.C. (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Trading of textiles	2,958	2,958	-	43.00	8,977	16,421	7,061	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Dong Nai) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Production, processing and sale of various dyeing and finishing textiles and yarn	2,590,434	2,590,434	-	100.00	2,342,320	120,502	120,502	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Industries Corp., Vietnam	Vietnam	Synthetic fiber, spinning, weaving, dyeing and finishing and electricity generation	1,987,122	1,987,122	-	10.00	2,193,337	2,096,286	205,950	-
Formosa Taffeta Co., Ltd.	Formosa Taffeta (Cayman) Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investments	5,090,180	5,090,180	171,028,736	100.00	5,316,911	( 144)	( 144)	-
Formosa Development Co., Ltd.	Formosa Advanced Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	IC assembly, testing and modules	21,119	21,119	469,500	0.11	22,761	1,022,556	1,073	-

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

## Formosa Chemicals and Fibre Corporation and subsidiaries Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 9

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method ( Note 1 )	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2016	Amount remitted Mainland Amount rem to Taiwan for t December  Remitted to Mainland China	d China/ nitted back he year ended 31, 2016	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2016	Net income of	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016	Mainland China	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2016	Footnote
Formosa ABS Plastics	Sale of	\$ 5,618,707	2 \ 4	\$ 4,682,741	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 699,442	100	\$ 699,442		\$ -	2
(Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)												
Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	) Cogeneration power generation business	4,834,511	2 \ 4	4,051,414	-	-	4,051,414	1,397,911	100	1,397,911	12,824,770	-	2
Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and market of PTA	9,066,960	2 \ 4	7,975,900	1,091,060	-	9,066,960	( 1,613,781)	100	( 1,613,781)	7,301,519	-	2
Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Sale of Polystyrene	1,732,458	2 • 4	1,732,458	-	-	1,732,458	( 154,283)	100	( 154,283)	1,225,559	-	2
Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co.	Production and sale of phenol-acetone and acetone	4,679,623	2 • 4	-	-	-	-	( 32,098)	100	( 32,098)	2,125,062	-	2
Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of synthetic rubber	6,743,008	2 \ 4	874,680	1,276,880	-	2,151,560	( 1,842,344)	33	( 614,053)	1,212,400	-	2

			Investment	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	to Taiwan for t	l China/ nitted back he year ended	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Net income of investee for the year ended	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company	Book value of investments in Mainland China	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland	Main business	D.11. 3.1	method	as of January 1,	Remitted to		as of December	December 31,	(direct or	for the year ended		December 31,	Б
China	activities	Paid-in capital	(Note 1)	2016	Mainland China	to Taiwan	\$1,2016	2016	indirect)	December 31, 2016	31, 2016	2016	Footnote
Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Investments	\$ 29,610	2 \ 4	\$ 29,610	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,610	\$ 1,417	100	\$ 1,417	\$ 17,351	\$ -	2
Formosa Taffeta (Zhong Shan) Co., Ltd.	Production and sale of polyester and polyamide fabrics	1,402,085	1	1,402,085	-	-	1,402,085	14,021	100	14,021	1,590,666	-	3
Xiamen Xiangyu Formosa Import & Export Trading Co., Ltd.	Import and export, entrepot trade, merchandise exhibition, export processing, warehousing and design and drawing of black and white and colour graphs	15,273	1	15,273	-	-	15,273	( 242)	100	( 242)	7,313	-	4
Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.	Weaving and dyeing as well as post dressing of high-grade loomage face fabric	1,302,019	2 · 4	1,334,739	-	-	1,334,739	33,082	100	33,082	906,269	-	5

						Amount remitted	from Taiwan to						Accumulated	
					Accumulated	Mainland		Accumulated				amount		
					amount of	Amount ren		amount		Ownership				
					remittance from	to Taiwan for t		of remittance	Net income of	held by	Investment income	Book value of	income	
					Taiwan to		•	from Taiwan to	investee for the	the	(loss) recognised	investments in	remitted back to	
				Investment	Mainland China	December	December 31, 2016		year ended Compa		by the Company	Mainland China	Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland	Main business			method	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	as of December	December 31,	(direct or	for the year ended	as of December	December 31,	
China	activities	Paid-in	n capital	(Note 1)	2016	Mainland China	to Taiwan	31, 2016	2016	indirect)	December 31, 2016	31, 2016	2016	Footnote
Changshu Yu Yuan Development Co., Ltd.	Building and selling real	\$	70,788	2 \ 4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,235	41	\$ 39,245	\$ 59,856	\$ -	6

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories.

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China..

estate

- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others
- (4) Formosa Power (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the Company's investee FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman).

Formosa Chemicals Industries (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., Formosa PS (Ningbo) Co., Ltd., Formosa ABS Plastics (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Formosa Phenol (Ningbo) Limited Co. were investee companies in Mainland China through the Company's investee - FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman). After share structure adjustment in 2008 and 2014, the parent company of the 4 investees became Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. Formosa Chemicals & Fibre (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. is a wholly-owned subsidiary through reinvestment of FCFC Investment Corp. (Cayman).

Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the investee - Formosa Synthetic Rubber (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.

Formosa Biomedical Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the investee - Formosa Biomedical (Samoa) Co., Ltd..

Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. is an investee company in Mainland China through the subsidiary - Formosa Taffeta (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd..

The Company is the surviving company after the consolidation of Changshu Yu Yuan Development, Co., Ltd. and Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. It's paid-in capital is RMB\$13,592,920.

- Note 2: Investment income recognized in current period is based on the financial reports audited by CPAs of the Taiwan parent company.
- Note 3: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$46,400,000. (The remittance of US\$46,388,800 and the capitalised value of machinery and equipment of US\$11,200)
- Note 4: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$570,000.
- Note 5: The Company's paid-in capital, accumulative remittance from Taiwan as of January 1, 2015 and that as of December 31, 2015 all amount to US\$42,000,000. In order to effectively utilise the residential land of the Company, Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co. split the residential land and established Changshu Fushun Enterprise Management Co., Ltd. by capitalizing the residential land in the first quarter, 2015.

Formosa Chemicals & Fibre Co. reduced the capital of Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd. by US\$900,000, so the Company's paid-in capital amounts to \$41,100,000.

Note 6: The Company is the surviving company after the merger with Changshu Yu Yuan Development.Co., Ltd. in the third quarter, 2015. The paid-in Capital of the Company is RMB\$13,592,920.

	Accumulated		
	amount of	Investment	Ceiling on
	remittance from	amount approved	investments in
	Taiwan to	by the Investment	Mainland China
	Mainland	Commission of	imposed by the
	China	the Ministry of	Investment
	as of December	Economic Affairs	Commission of
Company name	31, 2016	(MOEA)	MOEA
The Company	\$ 21.685.133	\$ 33,370,030	Note

Note: Corporations that are qualified with operations headquarters certification issued by the Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C.

#### Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

#### For the year ended December 31, 2016

#### Table 10

	Sale (purchase) Property transaction			Accounts receivable endorsements/gua (payable) or collateral				U	Financing													
Investee in Mainland China		Amount	%	Amount		%			calance at cember 31, 2016	%		Balance at ecember 31, 2016	Purpose		aximum balance during e year ended December 31, 2016		Balance at cember 31, 2016	Interest rate	ye	nterest during the ar ended Decemb 31, 2016		Others
Formosa Taffeta (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd.	\$	12,499	0.05	\$	-		-	\$	810	0.04	\$	1,451,250	For short-term loans from financial institutions	n \$	-	\$	-	-	\$		-	-
Formosa Taffeta (Changshu) Co., Ltd.		73,586	0.30		-		-		5,435	0.25		2,096,250	For short-term loans from financial institutions	n	-		-	-			-	-